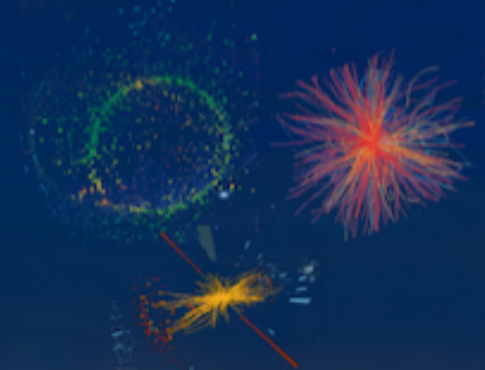




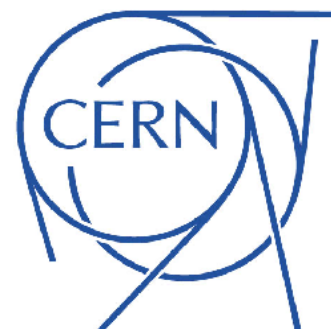
EPS Conference on High Energy Physics
Venice, Italy 5-12 July 2017



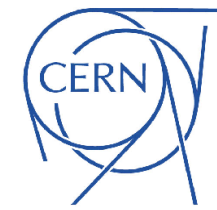
Measurements of the Higgs boson

P. Meridiani
(CERN & INFN Roma)

10/07/2017



ONLY 5 YEARS AGO...



CERN @CERN · 5h

Happy 5th anniversary, #HiggsBoson! It's been 5 years since we announced your discovery: cern.ch/go/gm97 #HiggsStories



12 428 566



CERN  @CERN · 5h

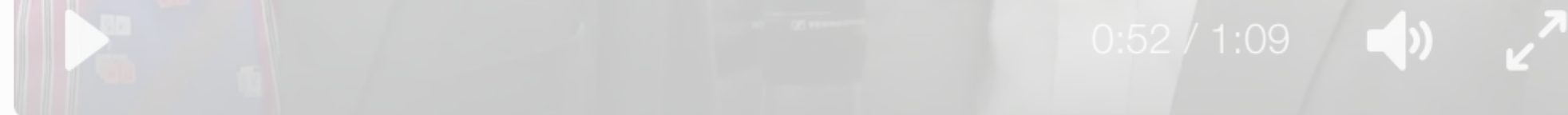
Happy 5th anniversary, #HiggsBoson! It's been 5 years since we announced your discovery: cern.ch/go/gm97 #HiggsStories

What we have we learned in 5 years since discovery:

Run1 legacy

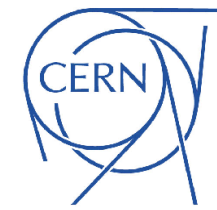
Run2 @ 13 TeV: a new regime for Higgs physics

Beyond Run2



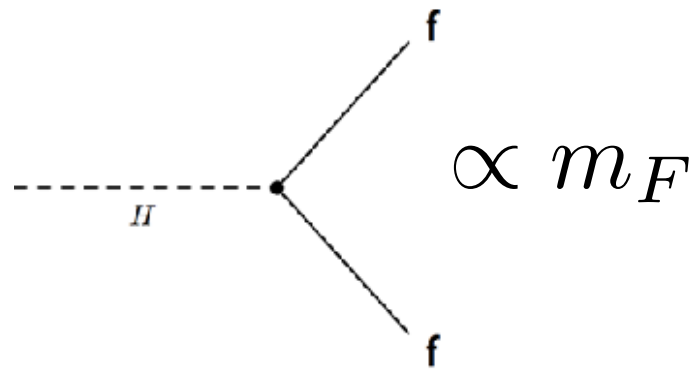
 12  428  566 

A FUNDAMENTAL SCALAR PARTICLE



Higgs in the Standard Model: "one scalar to rule them all"

Yukawa: coupling to fermions



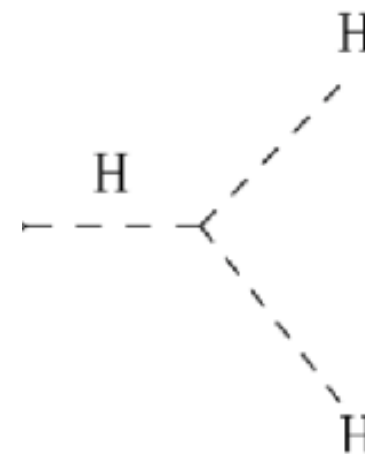
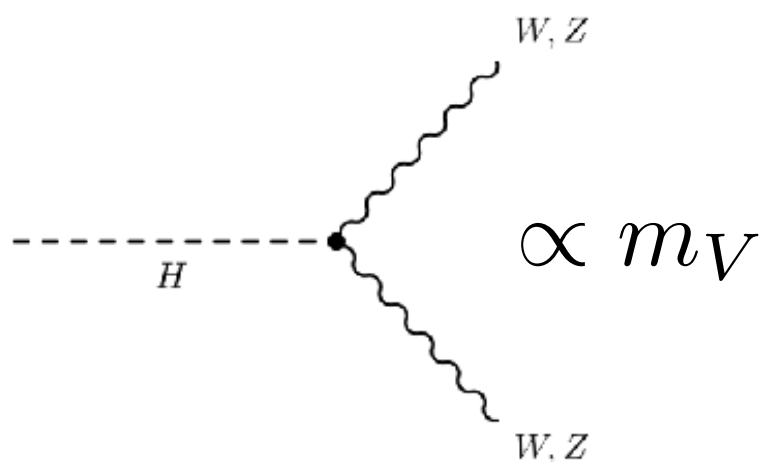
$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} + i \bar{\psi} \not{D} \psi + h.c. + \bar{\psi}_i y_{ij} \psi_j \phi + h.c. + |D_\mu \phi|^2 - V(\phi)$$

Higgs potential

$$V(\phi) = \mu^2 |\phi|^2 + \frac{1}{2} \lambda |\phi|^4$$

Higgs mass is a free parameter in the SM

Gauge: coupling to vector bosons



Self-coupling: Higgs is the only particle coupling to itself in the SM

WHY MEASURE HIGGS PROPERTIES?

Is it really a **fundamental scalar boson**?

Are there **additional scalar bosons**?

Is it **directly coupled to BSM particles**?

No direct sign of new physics @ LHC from searches
Higgs couplings can provide indirect BSM indication:

▣ SUSY ($\tan\beta=5$):

$$\frac{g_{hbb}}{g_{h_{SM}bb}} = \frac{g_{h\tau\tau}}{g_{h_{SM}\tau\tau}} \simeq 1 + 1.7\% \left(\frac{1 \text{ TeV}}{m_A} \right)^2$$

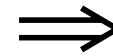
▣ Composite Higgs:

$$\frac{g_{hff}}{g_{h_{SM}ff}} \simeq \frac{g_{hVV}}{g_{h_{SM}VV}} \simeq 1 - 3\% \left(\frac{1 \text{ TeV}}{f} \right)^2$$

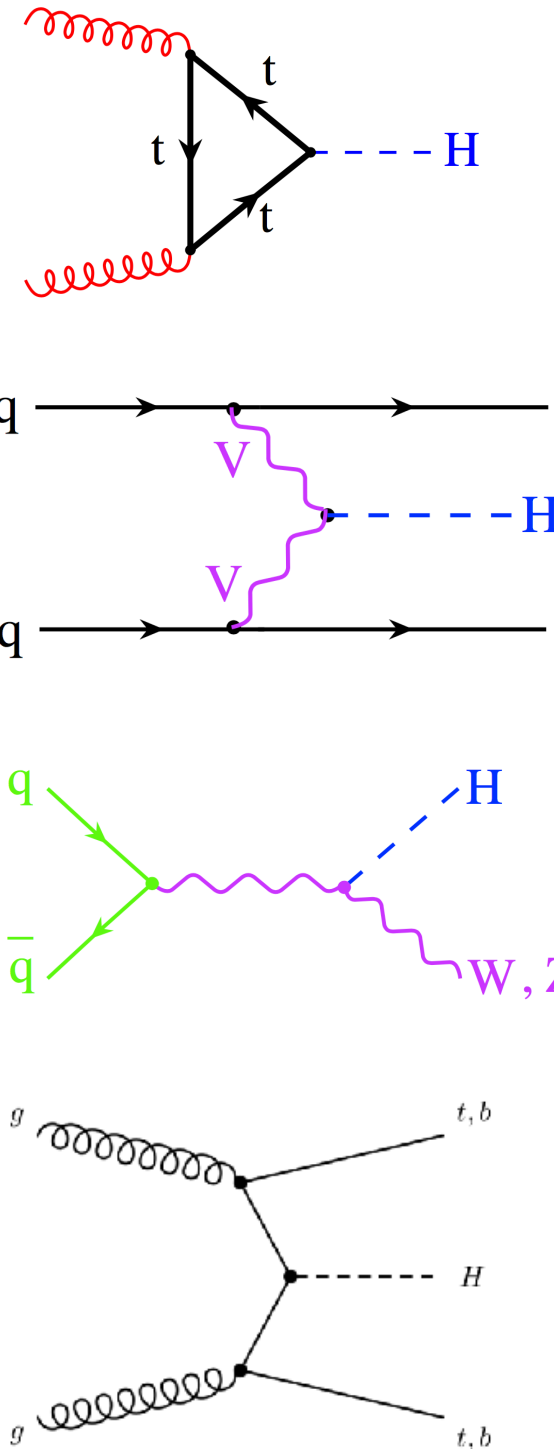
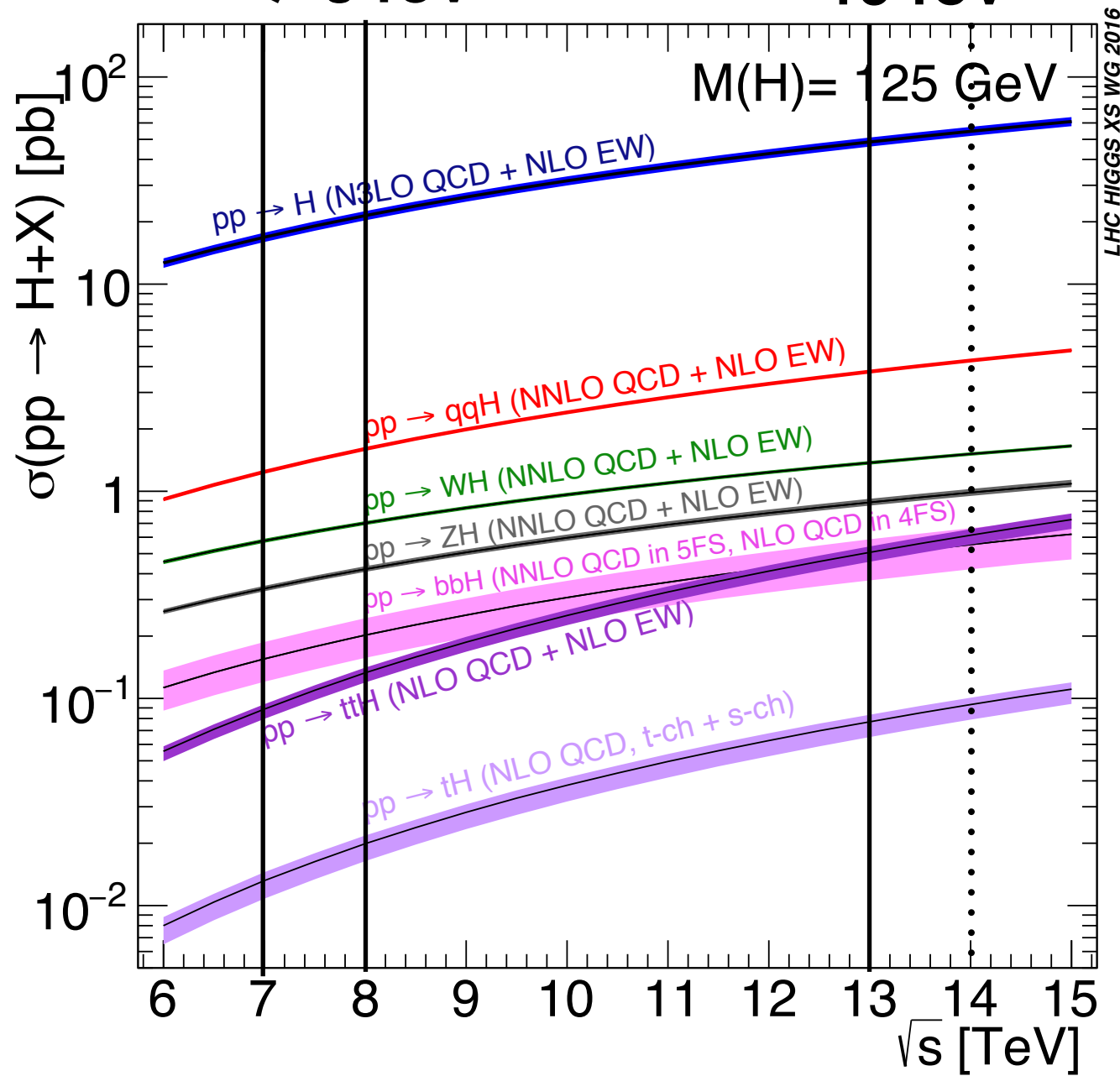
▣ Top partners: $\frac{g_{hgg}}{g_{h_{SM}gg}} \simeq 1 + 2.9\% \left(\frac{1 \text{ TeV}}{m_T} \right)^2$, $\frac{g_{h\gamma\gamma}}{g_{h_{SM}\gamma\gamma}} \simeq 1 - 0.8\% \left(\frac{1 \text{ TeV}}{m_T} \right)^2$

HIGGS PRODUCTION @ LHC

Run1
7-8 TeV



Run2
13 TeV



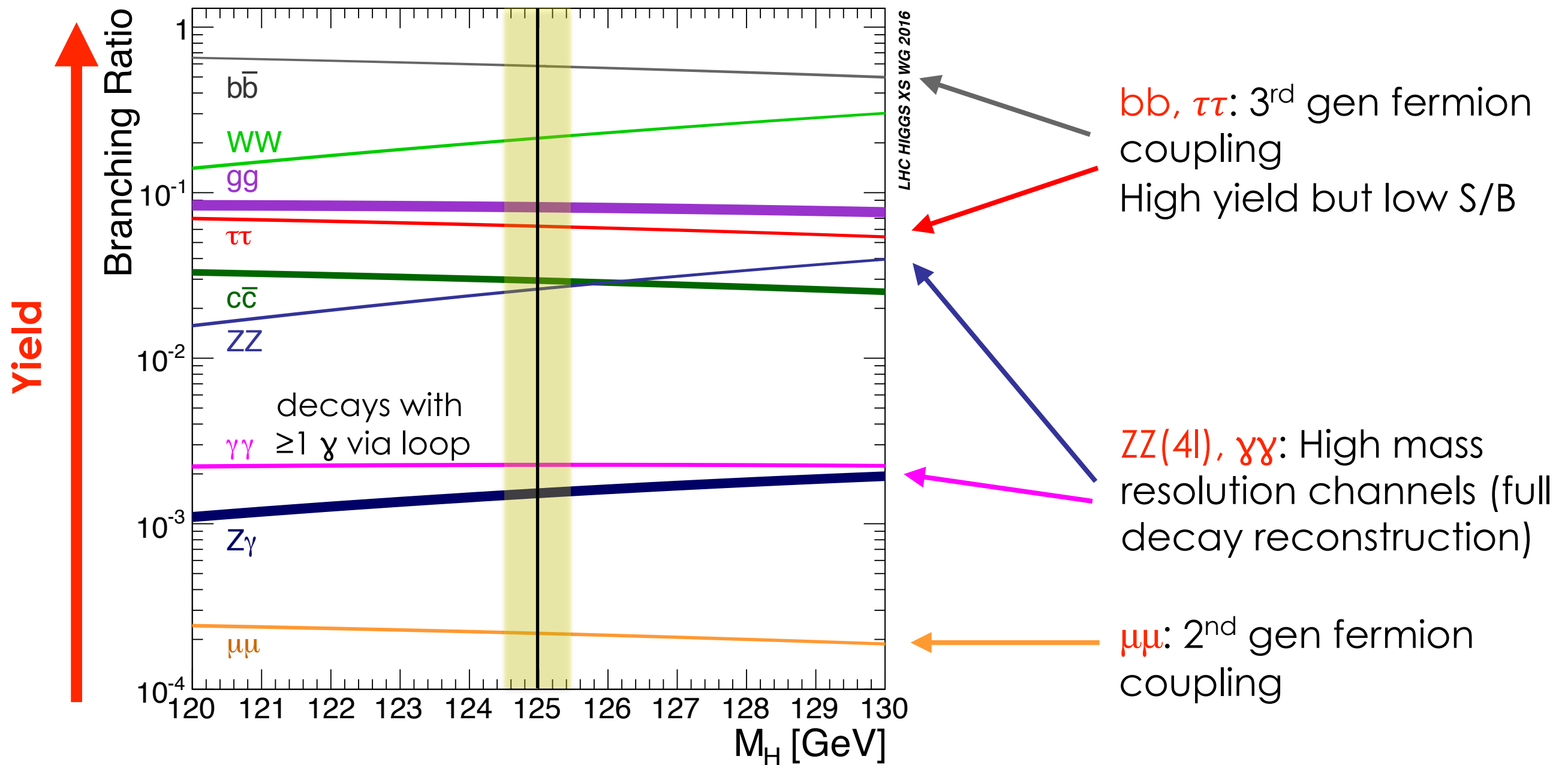
Gluon fusion
87%

VBF
7.1%

WH, ZH
4.9%

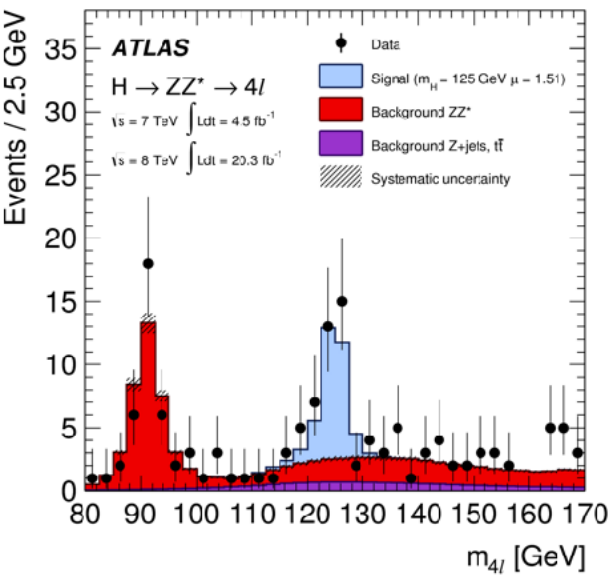
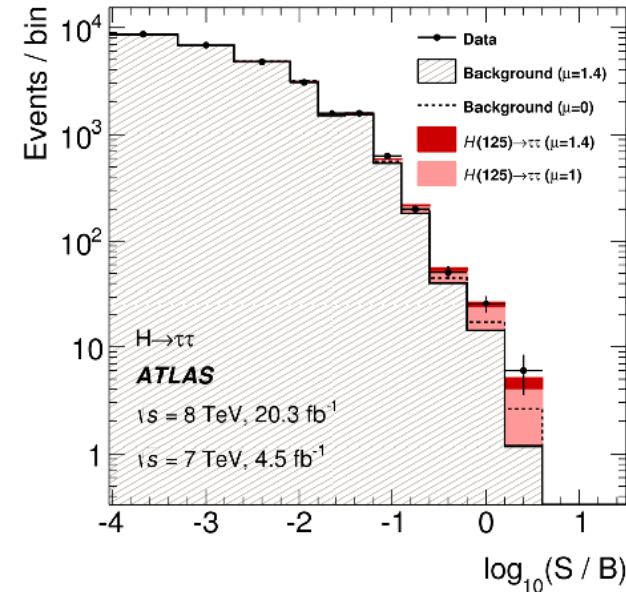
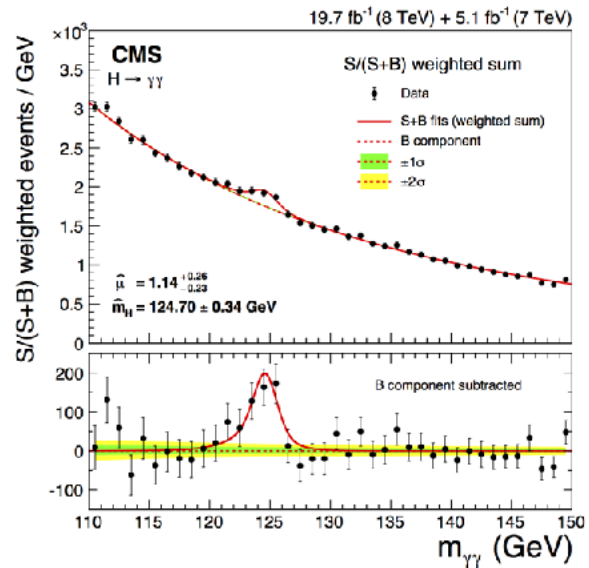
t \bar{t} H, b \bar{b} H
0.6%

HIGGS DECAY



Most of the H(125) decays accessible at the LHC

THE RUN-1 LEGACY



H⁰

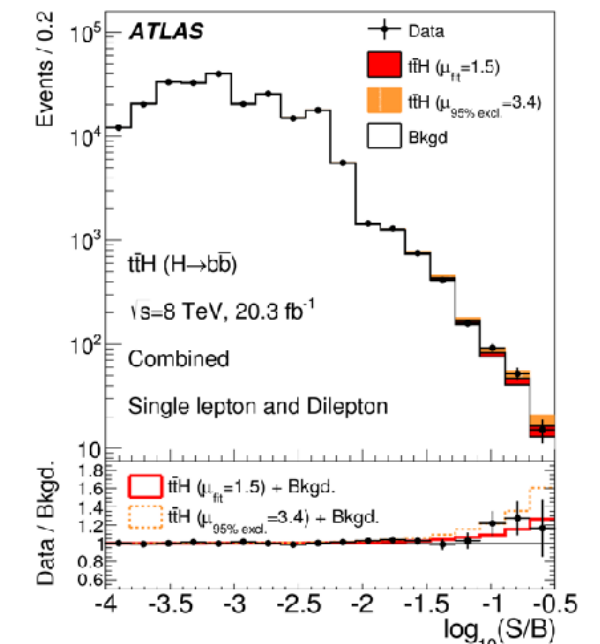
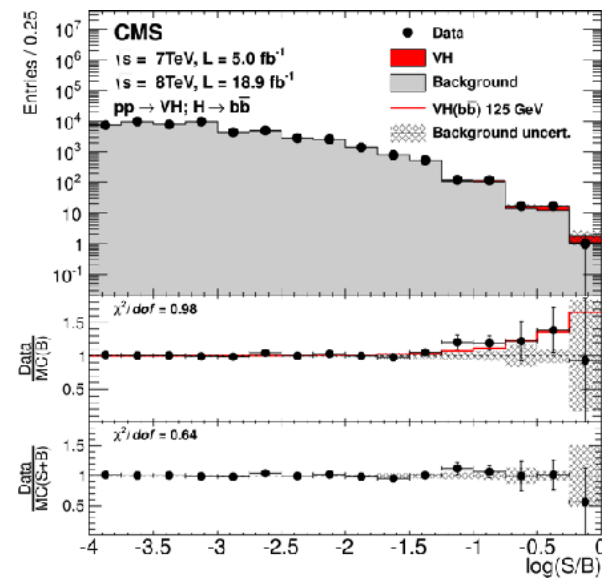
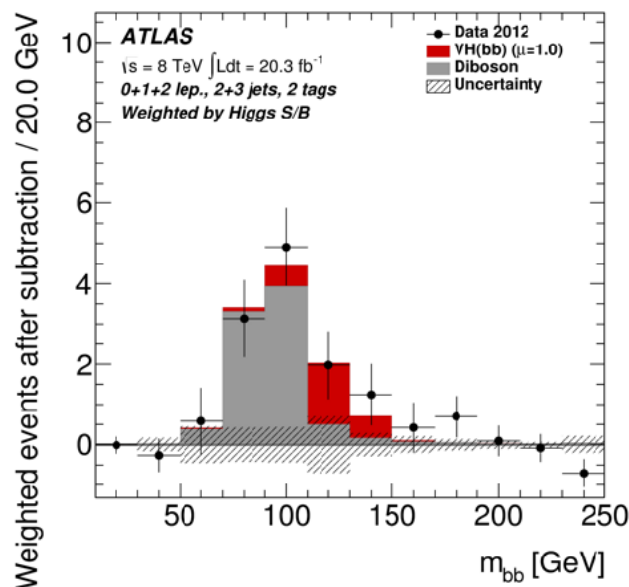
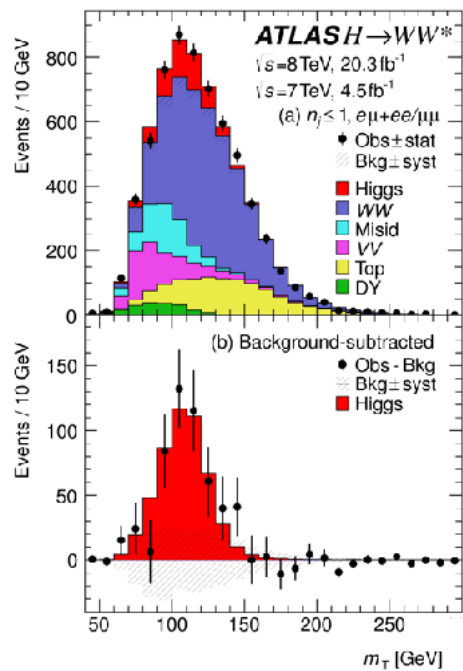
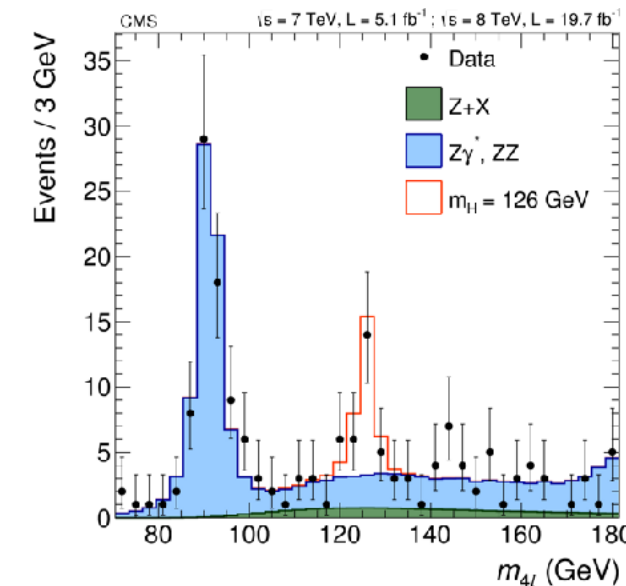
$J = 0$

Mass $m = 125.09 \pm 0.24$ GeV
 Full width $\Gamma < 1.7$ GeV, CL = 95%

H⁰ Signal Strengths in Different Channels

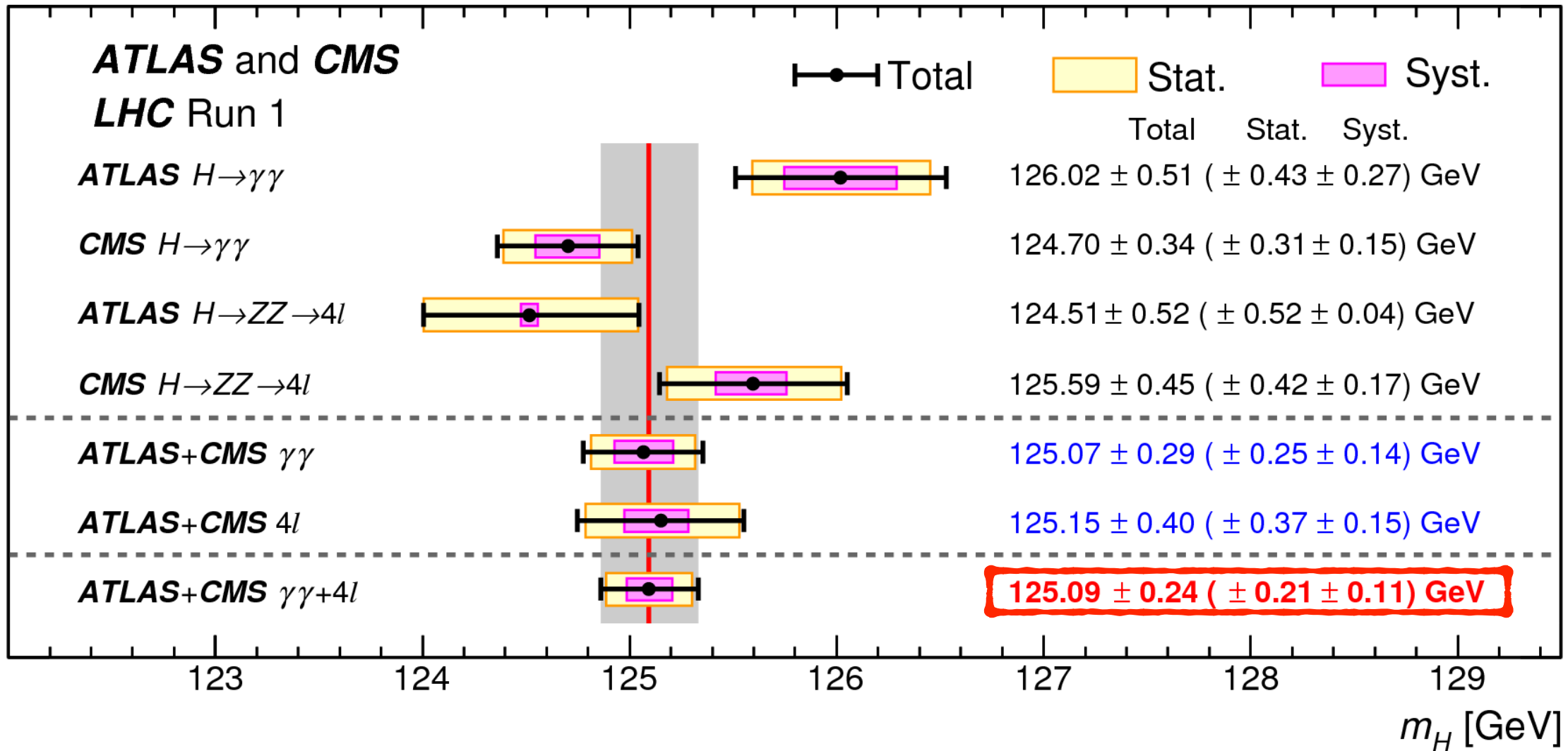
See Listings for the latest unpublished results.

Combined Final States = 1.10 ± 0.11
 $WW^* = 1.08^{+0.18}_{-0.16}$
 $ZZ^* = 1.29^{+0.26}_{-0.23}$
 $\gamma\gamma = 1.16 \pm 0.18$
 $b\bar{b} = 0.82 \pm 0.30$ (S = 1.1)
 $\mu^+\mu^- < 7.0$, CL = 95%
 $\tau^+\tau^- = 1.12 \pm 0.23$
 $Z\gamma < 9.5$, CL = 95%
 $t\bar{t}H^0$ Production = $2.3^{+0.7}_{-0.6}$



RUN1: MASS

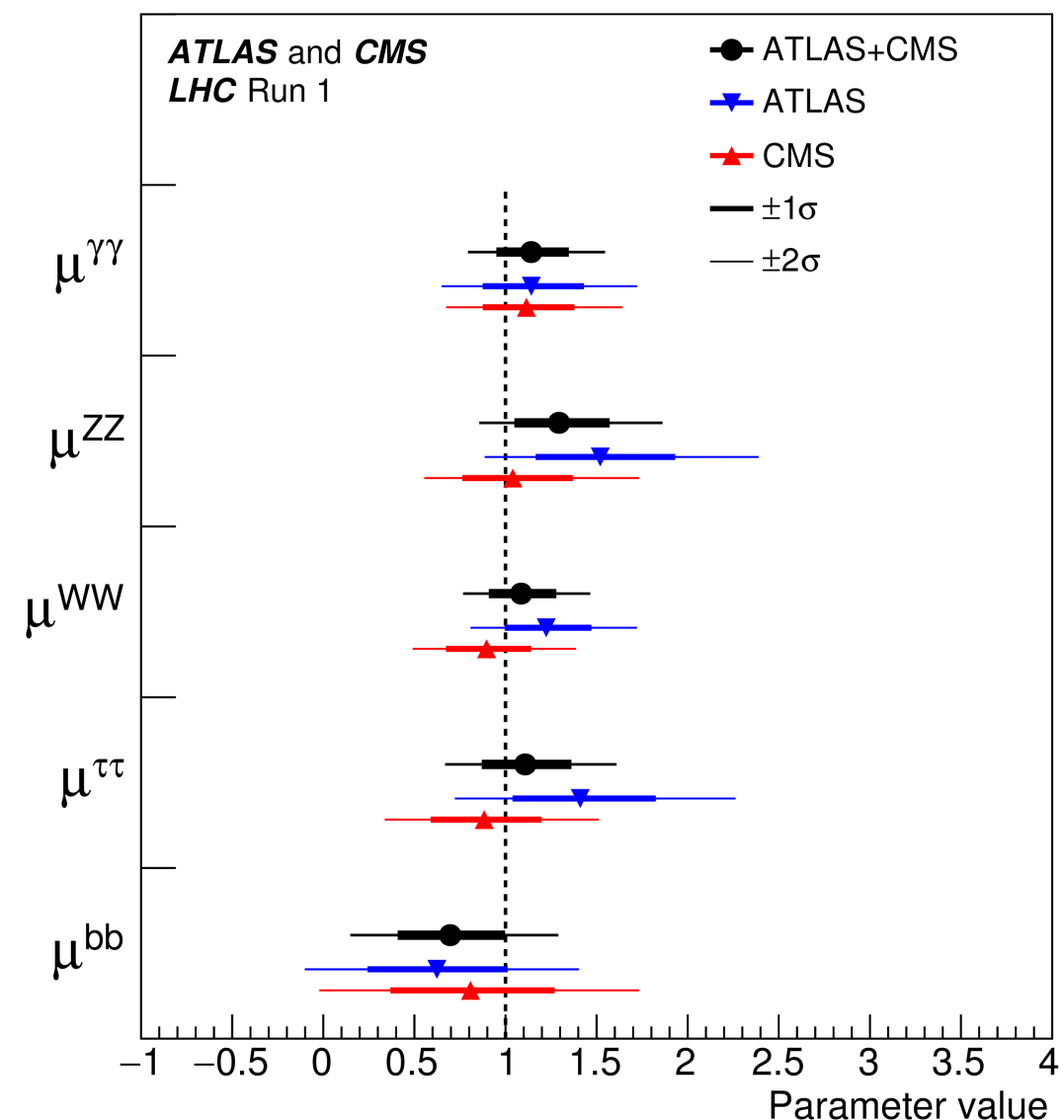
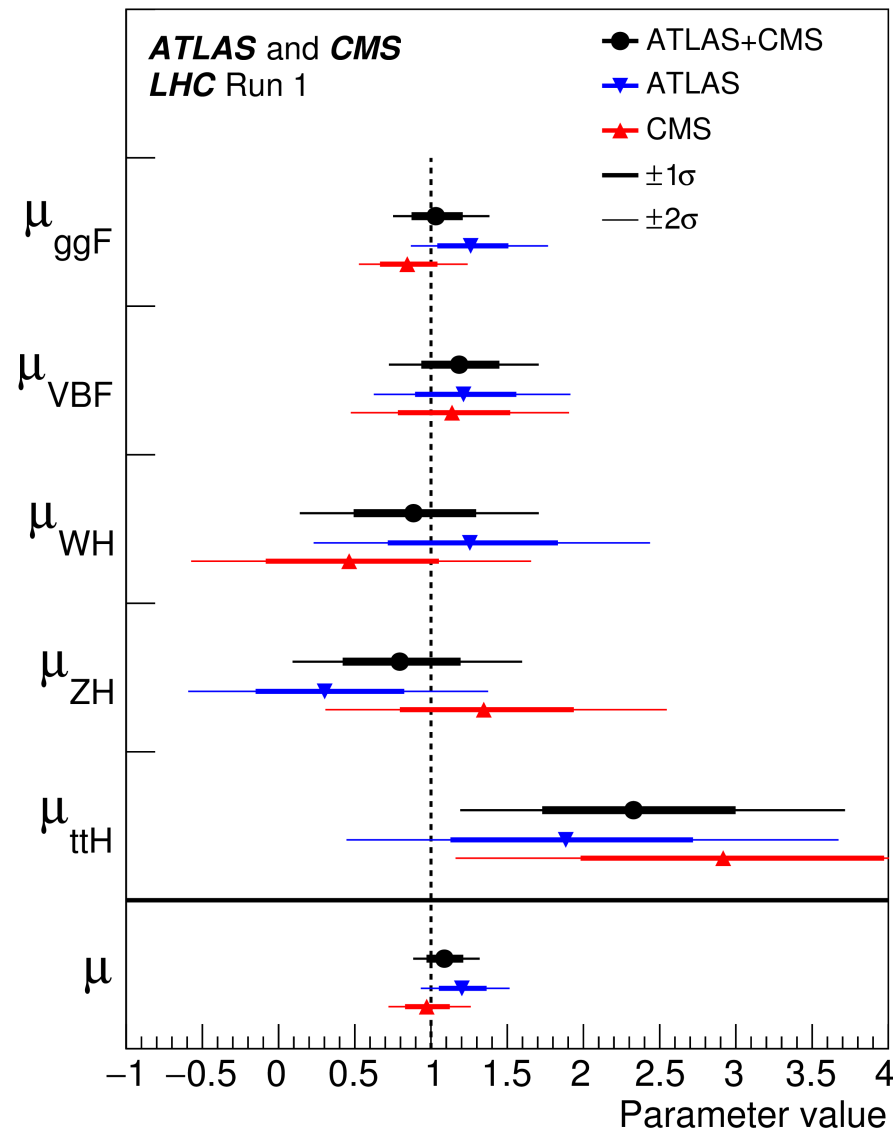
ATLAS+CMS PRL 114 (2015) 191803



~0.2% precision (statistically limited)

signal strength $\mu = \sigma / \sigma_{SM}$

ATLAS+CMS JHEP 08 (2016) 045



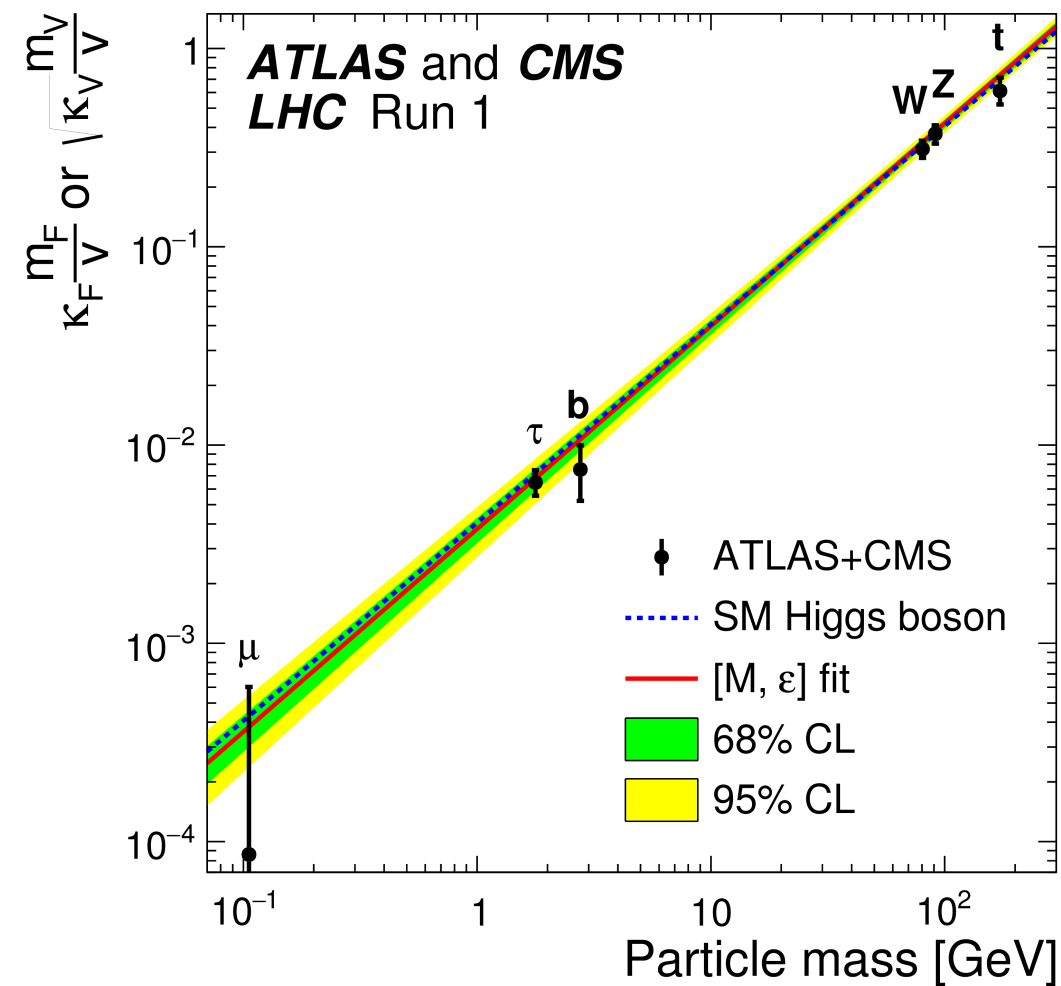
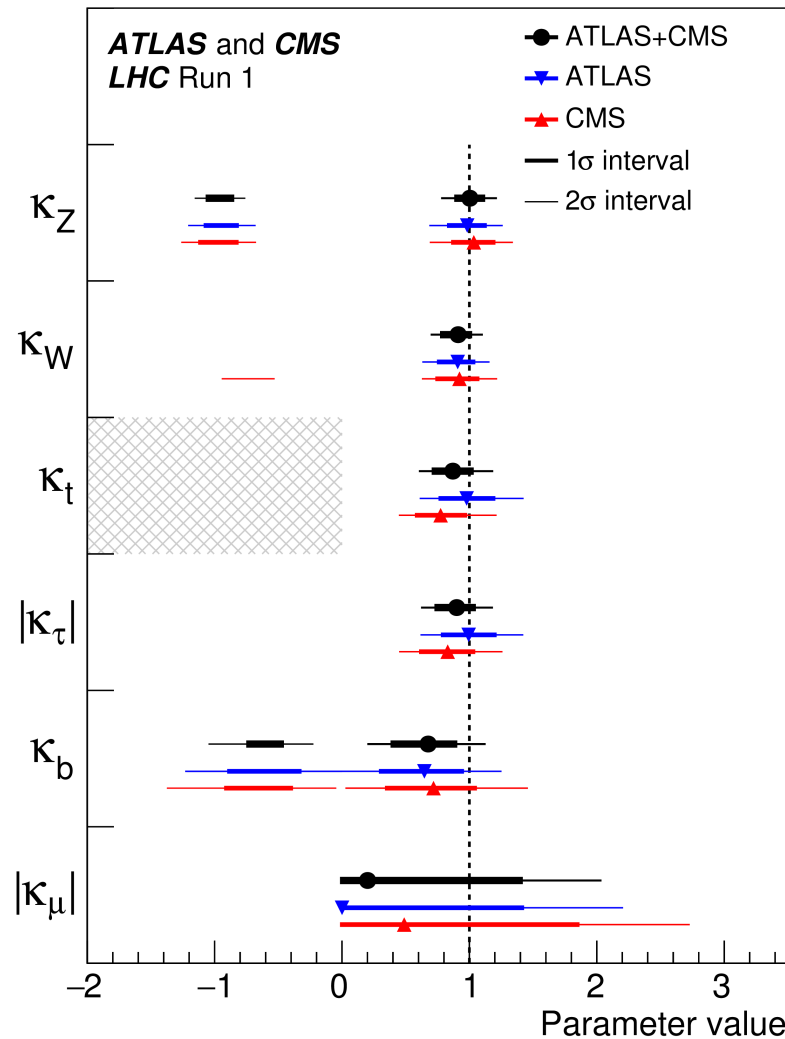
Production & decay measured to be compatible with SM Higgs

Observation of boson decay modes: $\gamma\gamma$, WW , ZZ

Direct coupling to fermions not fully established: $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ 5.5σ (exp 5σ), $H \rightarrow bb$ 2.6σ (exp 3.7σ)

RUN1: COUPLINGS

ATLAS+CMS JHEP 08 (2016) 045

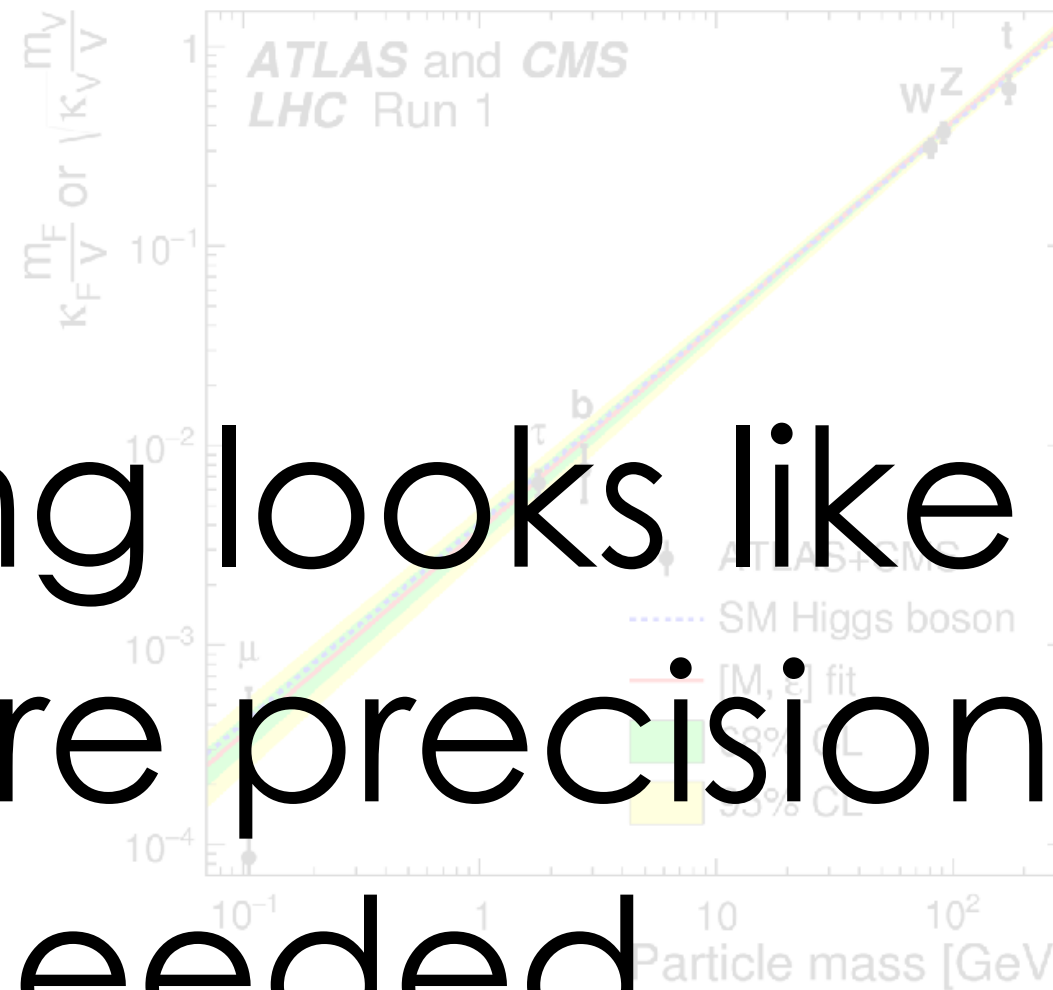
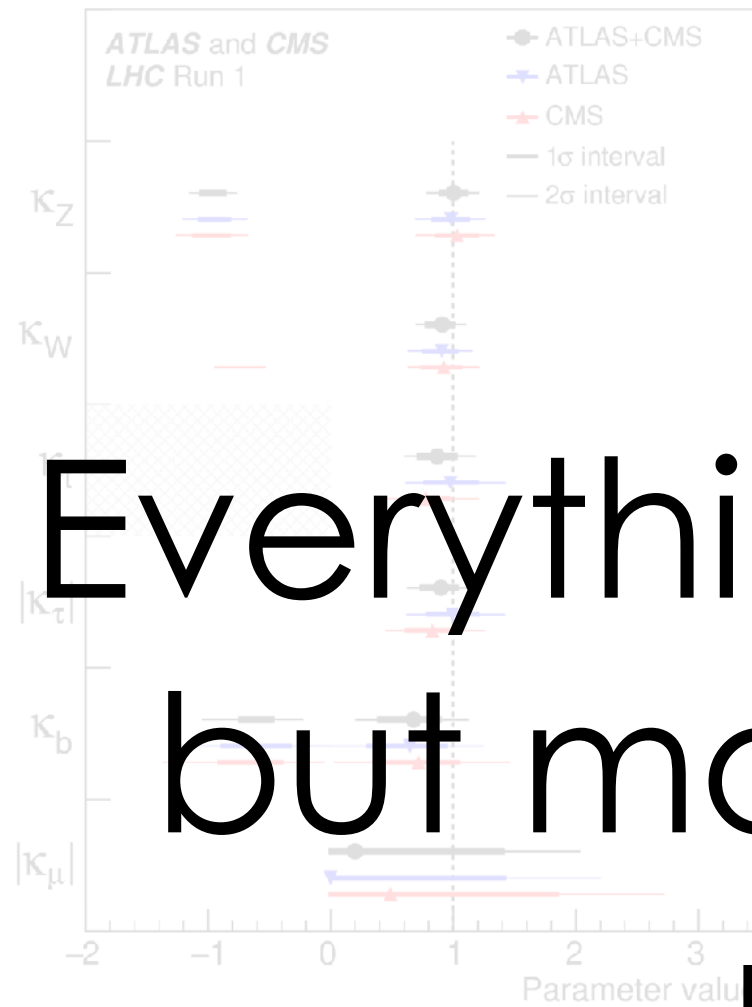


“k-framework” used for couplings in Run1:

express cross-sections and decay widths in terms of simple coupling modifiers \mathbf{k} ($k=1$ means SM)

Couplings compatible with SM $< 2\sigma$

No hints of BSM particles in loops (gluon-fusion, $\gamma\gamma$). $BR_{BSM} < 0.34$ @ 95% CL



Everything looks like SM
but more precision is
needed

“k-framework” used for couplings interpretation in Run1:

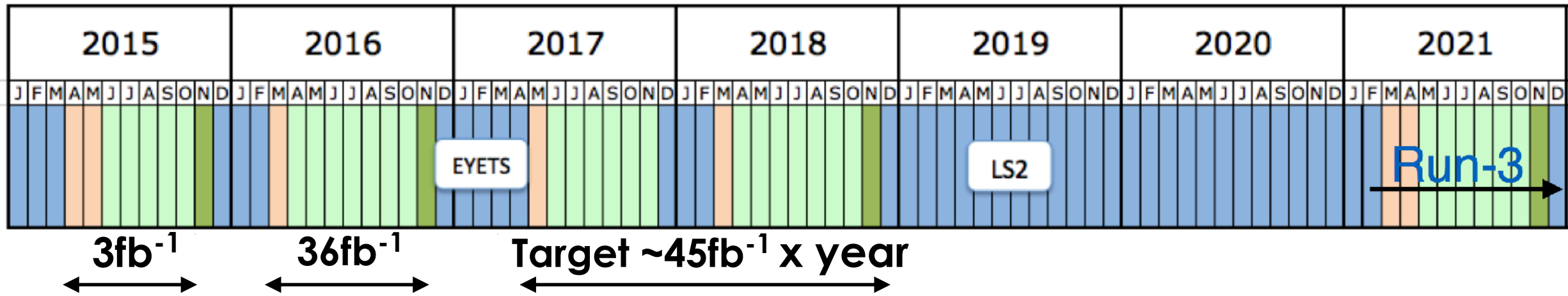
express cross-sections and decay widths in terms of simple coupling modifiers k
($k=1$ means SM)

Couplings compatible with SM $< 2\sigma$

No hints of BSM particles in loops (gluon-fusion, $\gamma\gamma$). $BR_{BSM} < 0.34$ @ 95% CL

**RUN 2: TOWARDS
THE HIGGS
PRECISION PHYSICS
ERA**

LHC RUN 2

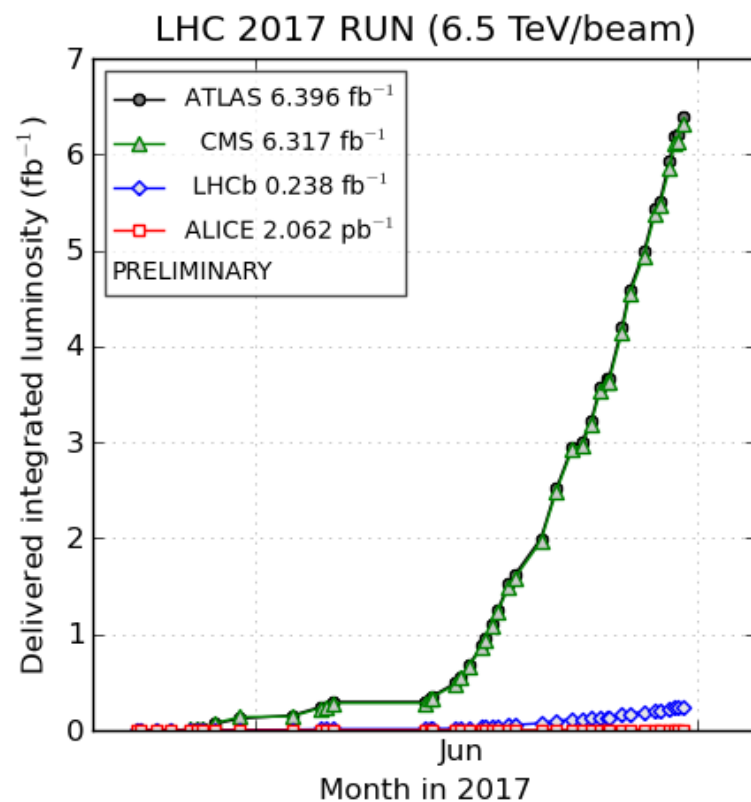


>100fb⁻¹ by the end of Run 2. 3000 fb⁻¹ expected by the end of HL-LHC

Most of the results presented today done with **full 2016 dataset:**

36 fb⁻¹ @ 13 TeV ⇒ #Higgs produced ~ x4 wrt Run1

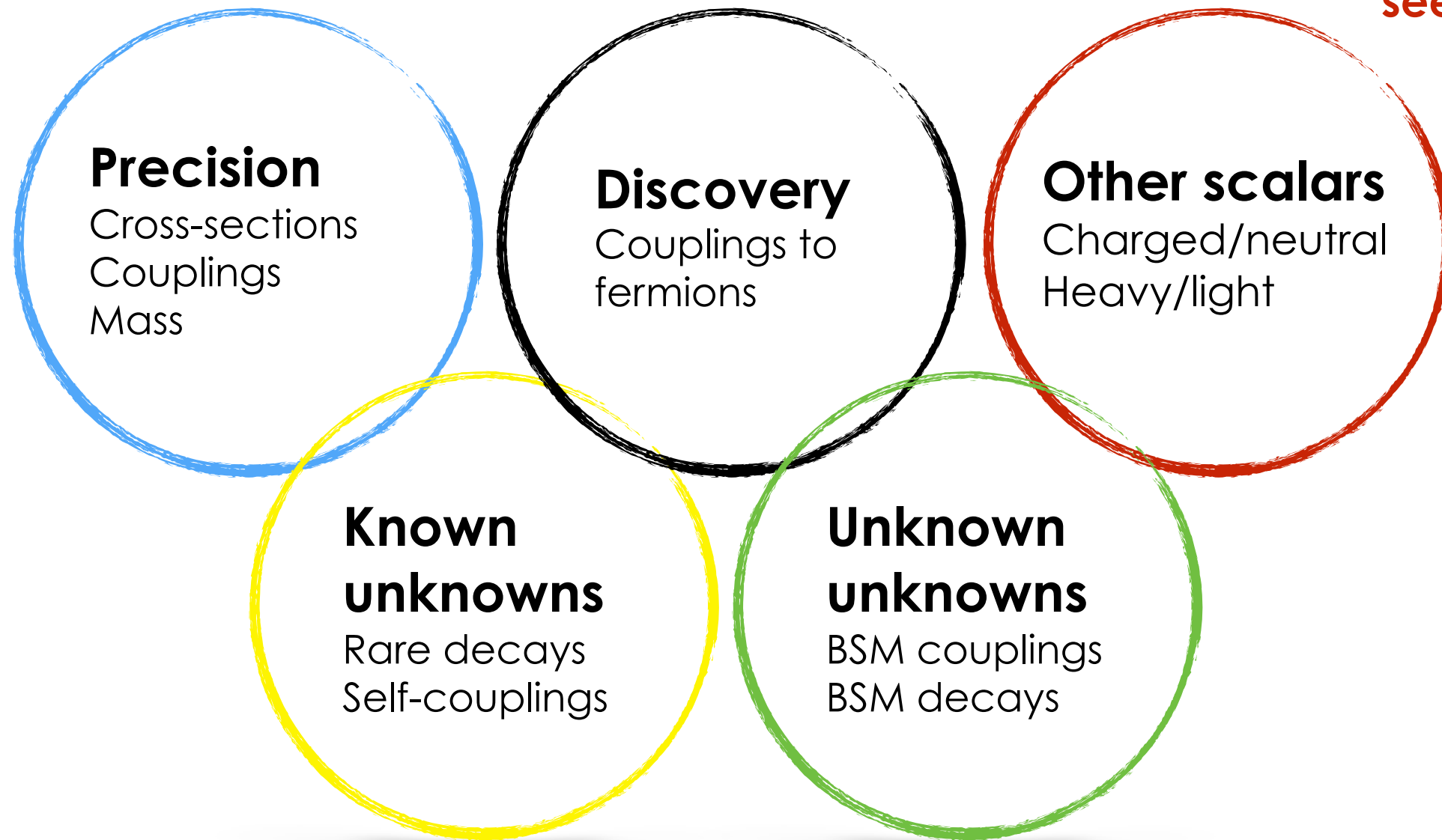
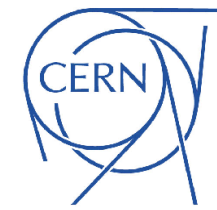
2017 run in full swing: already 6fb⁻¹ delivered. **Record peak lumi: 1.6E34 cm⁻²s⁻¹**



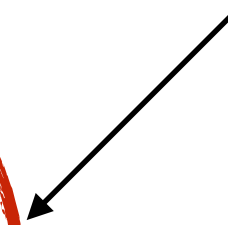
Challenge: precision physics with high pile-up

2017 >50 pile-up

ROADMAP FOR HIGGS IN RUN2



see M. D'Onofrio's talk



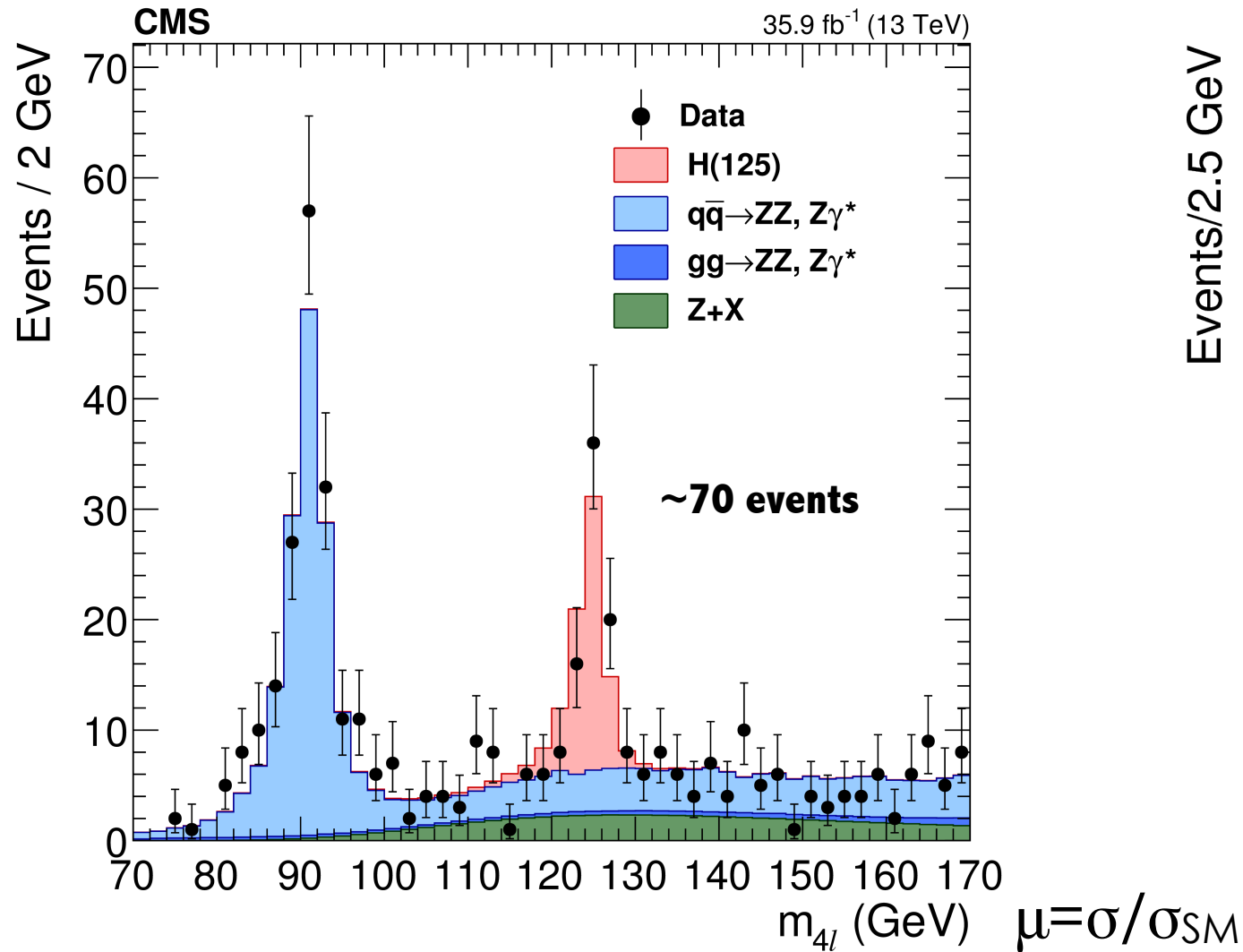
$H \rightarrow ZZ$ & $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

THE QUEST FOR
HIGH PRECISION

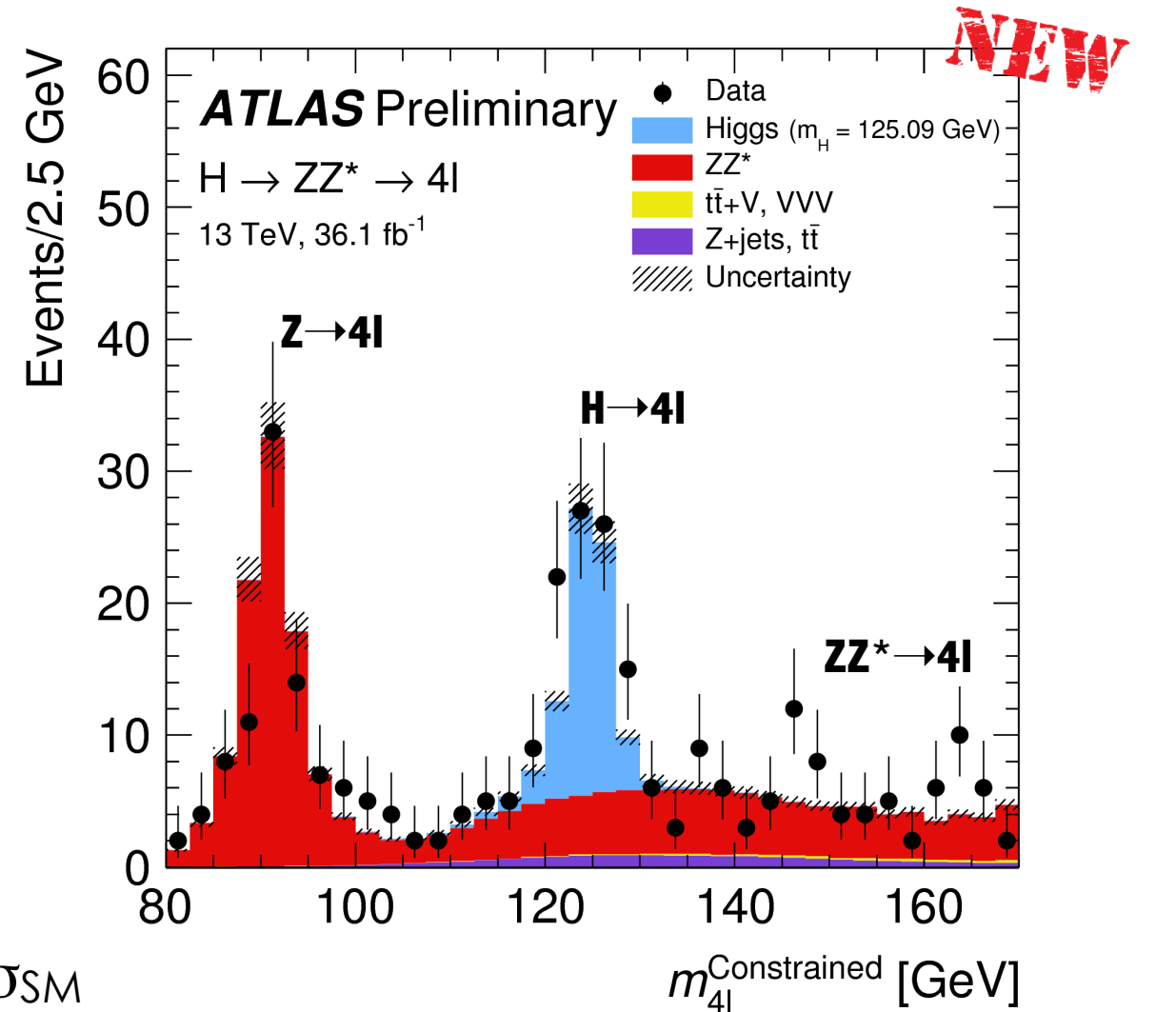
$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$ ($4\mu, 2e2\mu, 4e$)

CMS arXiv:1706.09936 Submitted to JHEP

ATLAS-CONF-2017-043



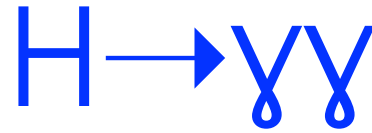
$$\mu = 1.05^{+0.15}_{-0.14}(\text{stat})^{+0.11}_{-0.09}(\text{syst})$$



$$\mu = 1.28^{+0.18}_{-0.17}(\text{stat})^{+0.08}_{-0.06}(\text{exp})^{+0.08}_{-0.06}(\text{theo})$$

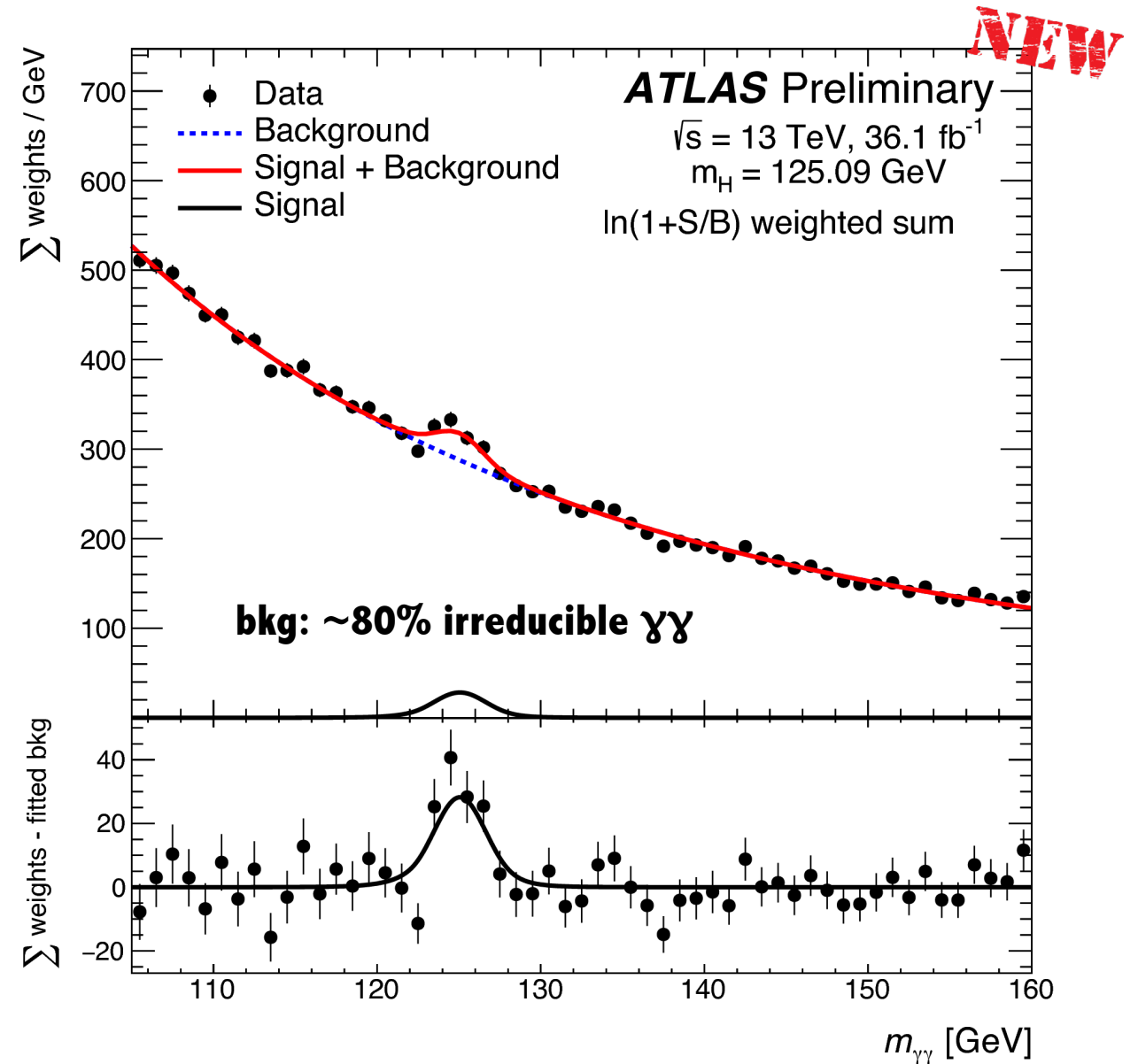
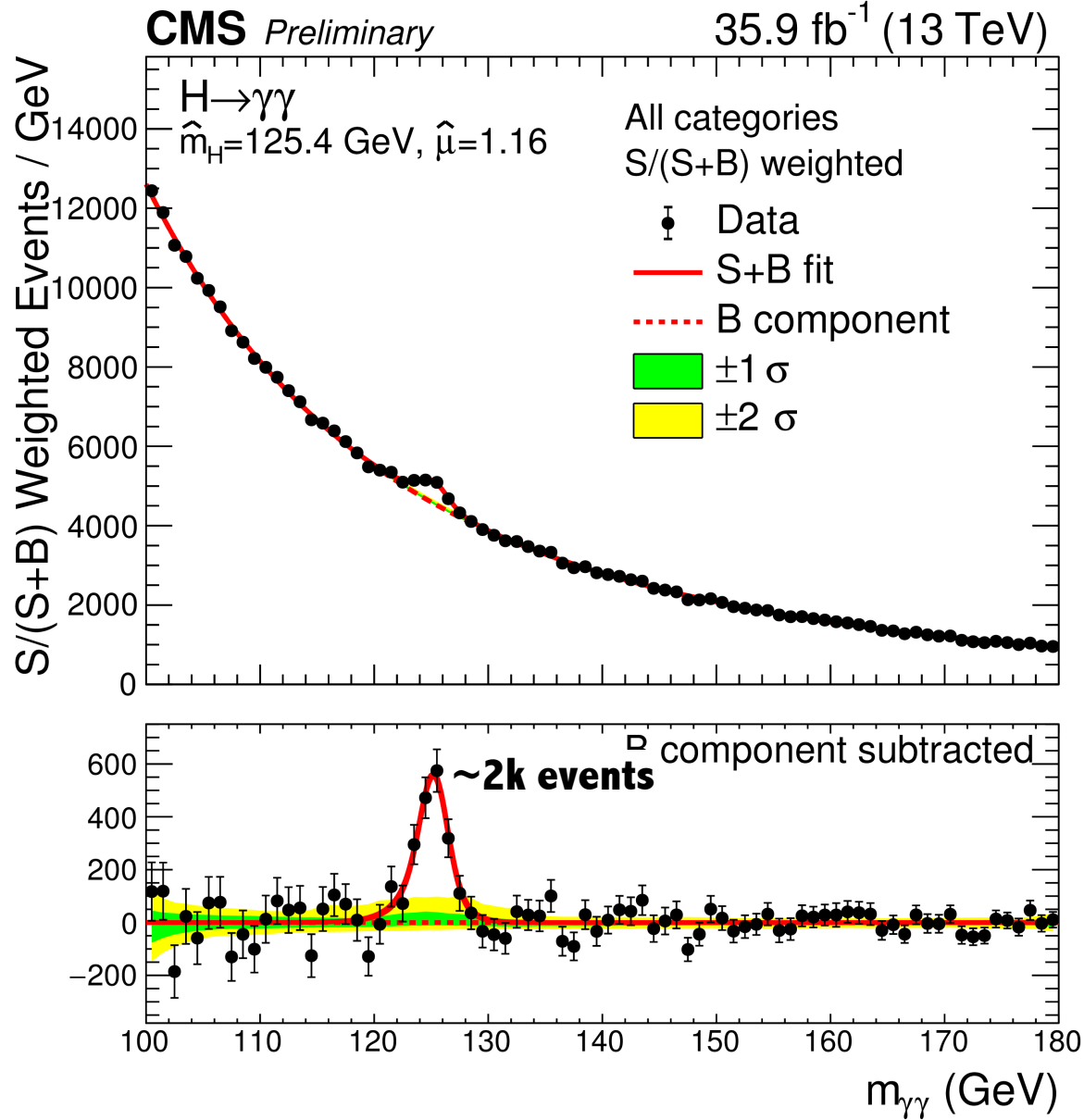
Improvements on overall precision ~ x2 wrt Run1

Starting to approach SM theory uncertainty



CMS HIG-16-040

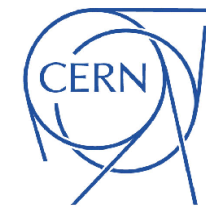
ATLAS-CONF-2017-045



$$\mu = 1.16^{+0.15}_{-0.14} = 1.16^{+0.11}_{-0.10}(\text{stat})^{+0.09}_{-0.08}(\text{exp})^{+0.06}_{-0.05}(\text{theo})$$

$$\mu = 0.99^{+0.14}_{-0.14} = 0.99^{+0.12}_{-0.11}(\text{stat.})^{+0.06}_{-0.05}(\text{exp.})^{+0.06}_{-0.05}(\text{theory})$$

MASS PEAKS: MASS MEASUREMENTS



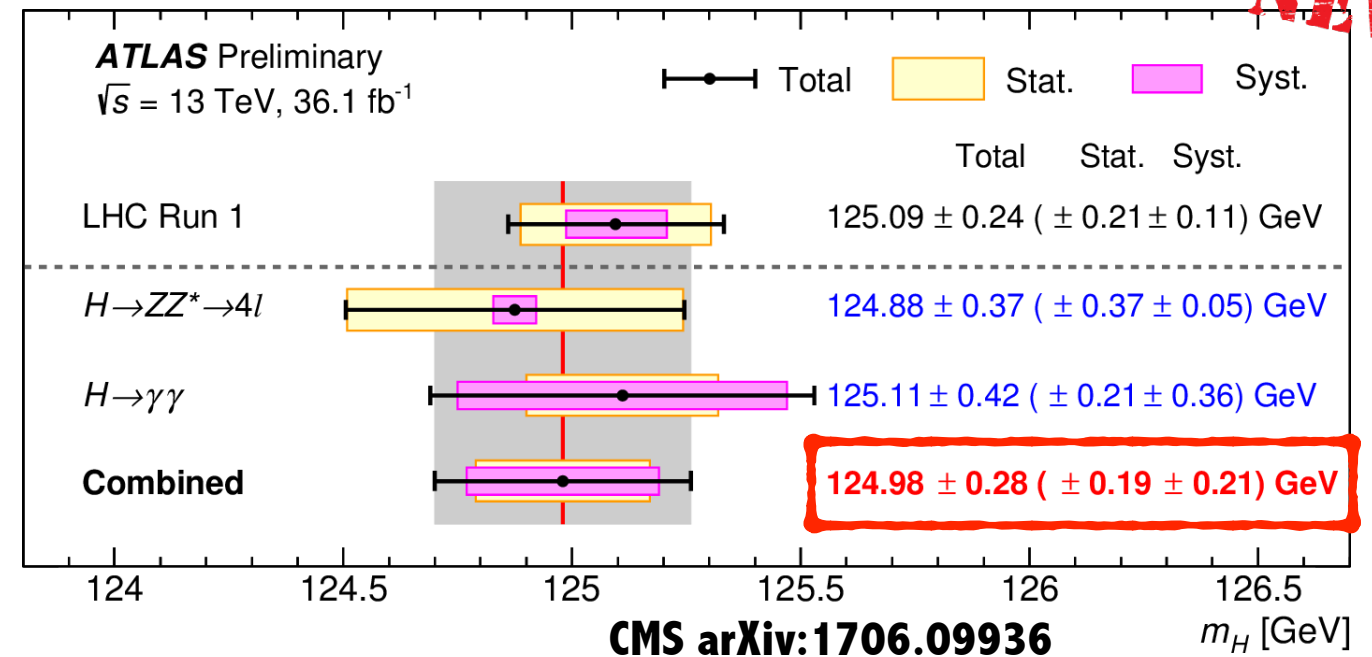
ATLAS

Combination of $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$ & $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$: stat limited

$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$: systematics dominated

ATLAS-CONF-2017-046



CMS

$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$:

3D likelihood fit: (m_{4l} , mass uncertainty, ZZ bkg discriminator)

Kinematic fit on higher mass lepton pair

21% better than 1D(m_{4l}) fit

$$m_H = 125.26 \pm 0.20(\text{stat}) \pm 0.08(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$$

INCLUSIVE CROSS SECTIONS

$H \rightarrow ZZ$	ATLAS	CMS
$\sigma_{fid} [fb]$	$3.62^{+0.53}_{-0.50}(\text{stat})^{+0.25}_{-0.20}(\text{syst})$	$2.92^{+0.48}_{-0.44}(\text{stat})^{+0.28}_{-0.24}(\text{syst})$
$\sigma_{fid}^{theory} [fb]$	2.91 ± 0.13	2.76 ± 0.14

$\Delta\sigma/\sigma$ [15-16]%

$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	ATLAS	CMS
$\sigma_{fid} [fb]$	$54.7 \pm 9.1(\text{stat}) \pm 4.5(\text{syst})$	$84 \pm 11(\text{stat}) \pm 7(\text{syst})$
$\sigma_{fid}^{theory} [fb]$	63.5 ± 2.4	75 ± 4

Different fiducial volumes definitions for ATLAS & CMS

Fiducial cross sections. Unfolding at particle level in fiducial volume

e.g. CMS $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

$p_T^{1(2)}/m_{\gamma\gamma} > 1/3$ (1/4)

$|\eta_{\gamma^{1(2)}}| < 2.5$

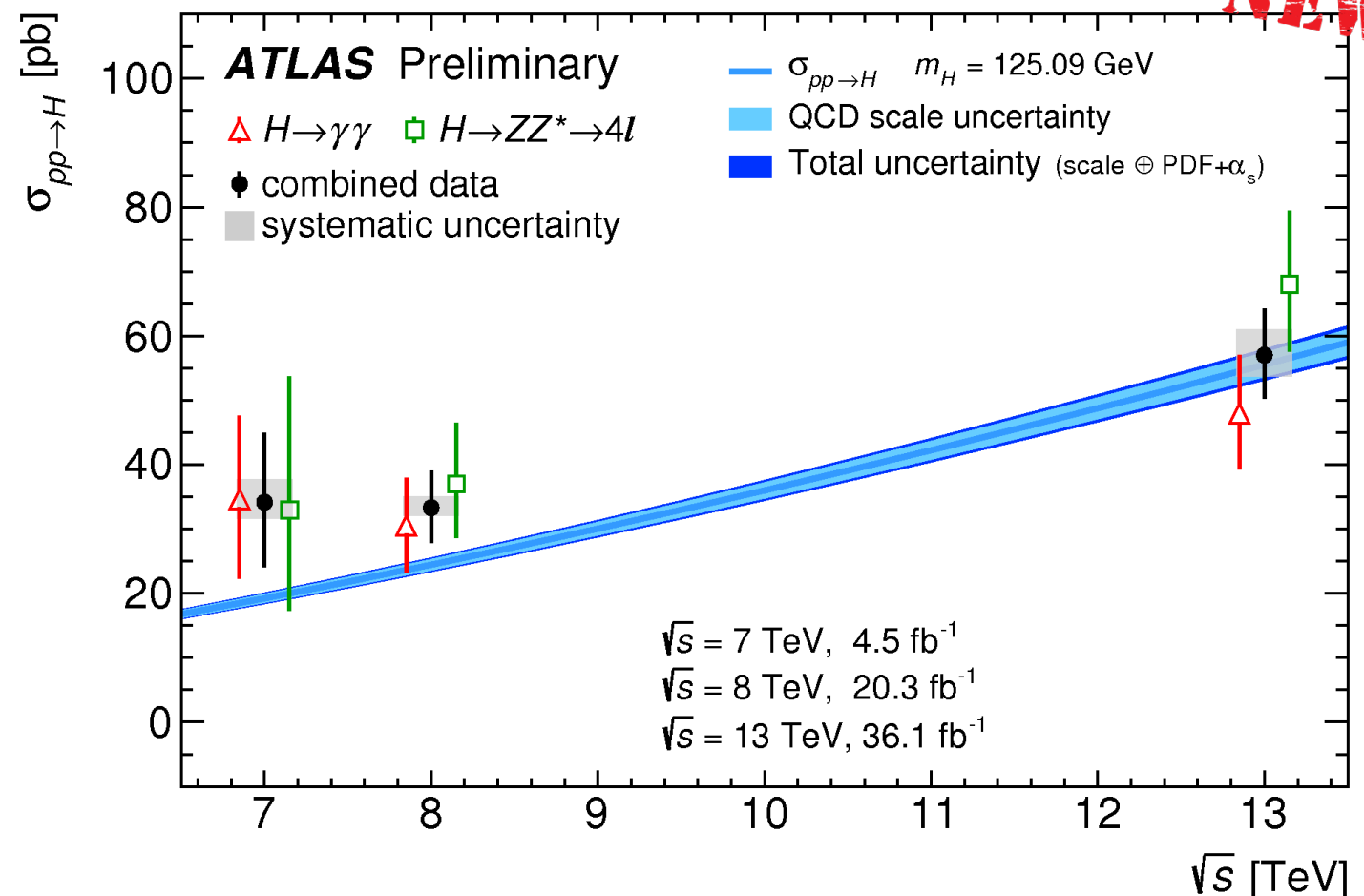
$E_{iso} < 10$ GeV $\Delta R = 0.3$

Good agreement with SM prediction

Run1 \Rightarrow Run2: theory precision improved x2

ggH @ N3LO QCD + PDF4LHC [arXiv:1610.07922]

ATLAS-CONF-2017-047



CROSS SECTIONS BY PRODUCTION MODES

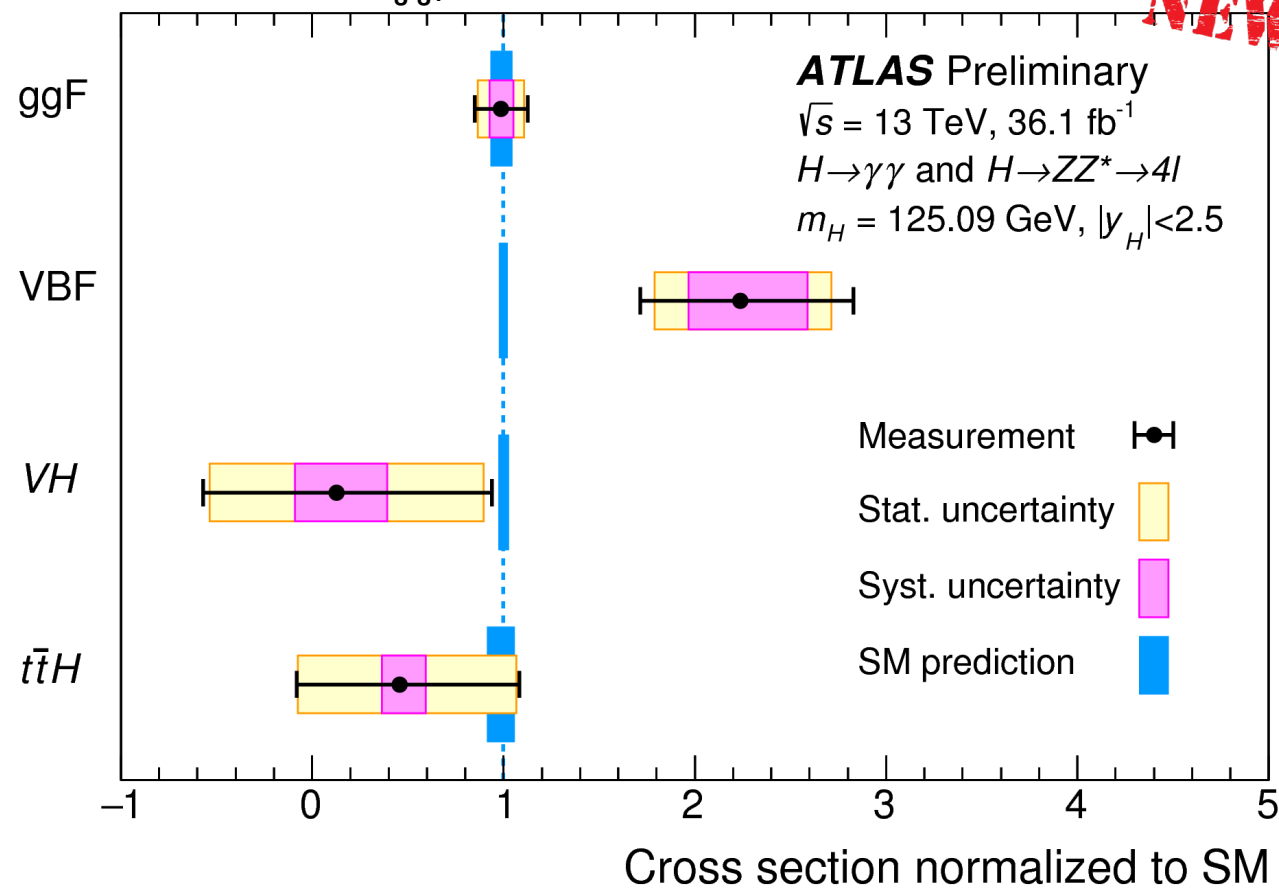
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$, $H \rightarrow ZZ$ split events into several categories

associated production modes (additional jets, leptons)
different kinematics region (vs $p_T(H)$, $p_T(\text{jet})$)

ATLAS-CONF-2017-047

$$\mu = 1.09 \pm 0.12 = 1.09 \pm 0.09 \text{ (stat.) } {}^{+0.06}_{-0.05} \text{ (syst.) } {}^{+0.06}_{-0.05} \text{ (th.)}$$

$BR_{\gamma\gamma}/BR_{ZZ}$ fixed @ SM value



Excess in VBF (both $H \rightarrow 4l$ & $\gamma\gamma$)

SM compatibility p-value 5%

$gg \rightarrow H$ (0-jet)

$gg \rightarrow H$ (1-jet, $p_T^H < 60 \text{ GeV}$)

$gg \rightarrow H$
(1-jet, $60 \leq p_T^H < 120 \text{ GeV}$)

$gg \rightarrow H$
(1-jet, $120 \leq p_T^H < 200 \text{ GeV}$)

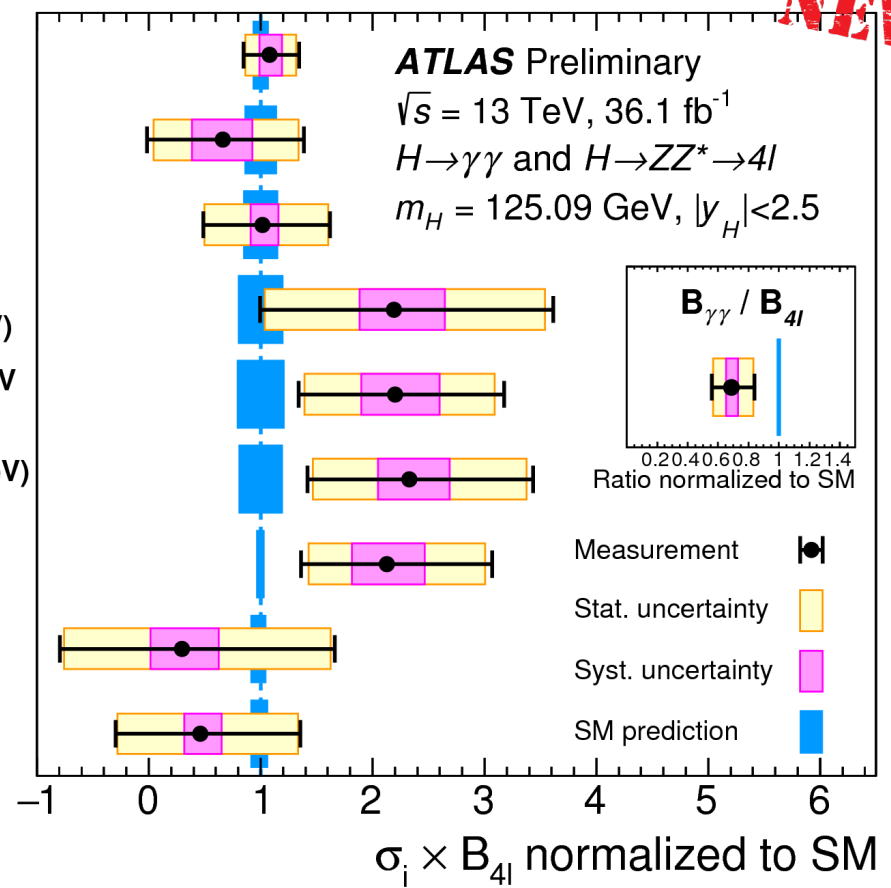
$gg \rightarrow H$ (≥ 2 -jet, $p_T^H < 200 \text{ GeV}$
or VBF-like)

$gg \rightarrow H$ (≥ 1 -jet, $p_T^H \geq 200 \text{ GeV}$)
+ $qq \rightarrow Hqq$ ($p_T^j \geq 200 \text{ GeV}$)

$qq \rightarrow Hqq$ ($p_T^j < 200 \text{ GeV}$)

$gg/qq \rightarrow Hll/Hl\nu$

$gg/qq \rightarrow ttH$



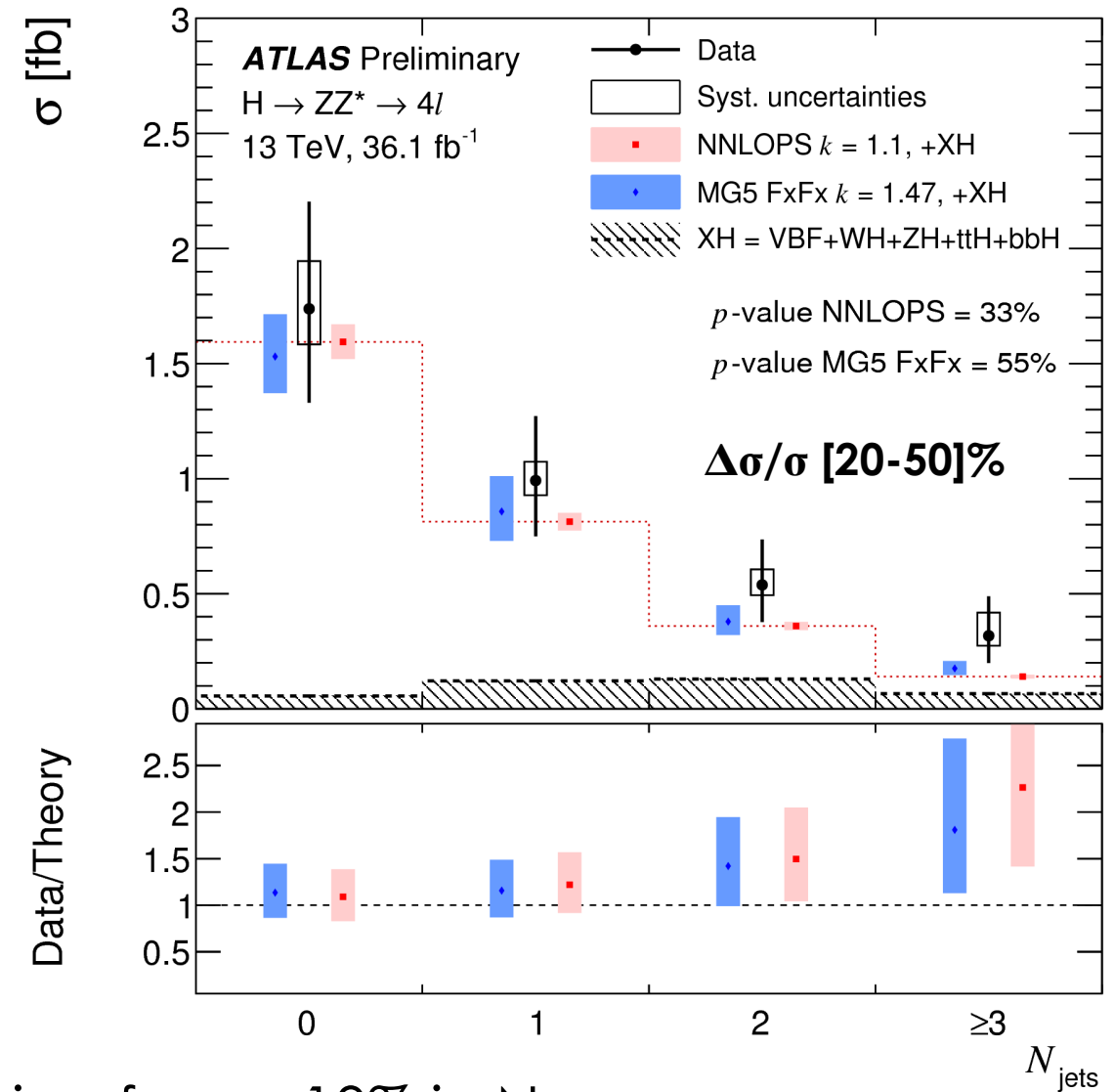
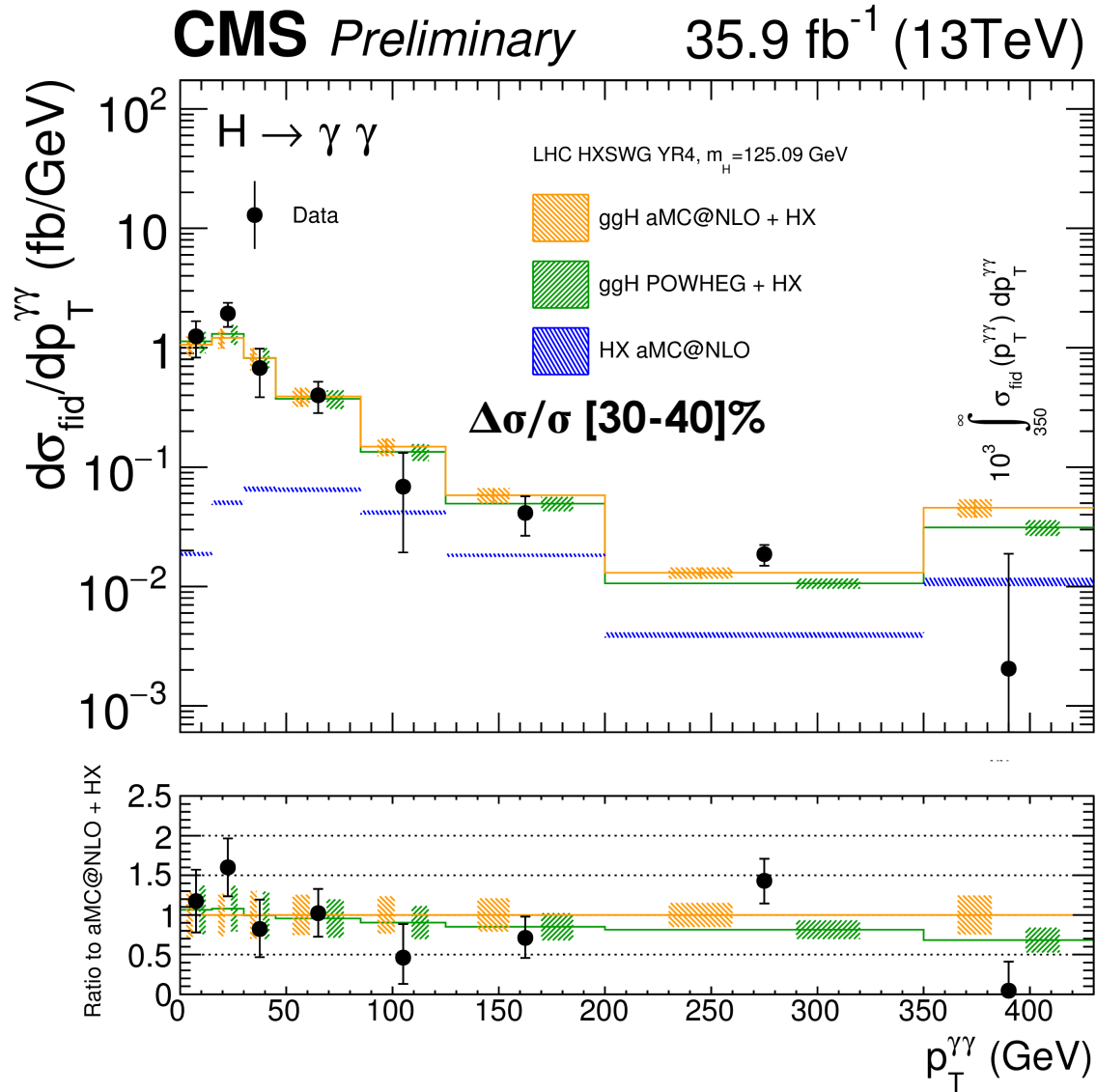
Production modes binned in kinematic regions

SM compatibility p-value 9%

DIFFERENTIAL CROSS SECTIONS

CMS HIG-17-015

ATLAS-CONF-2017-032



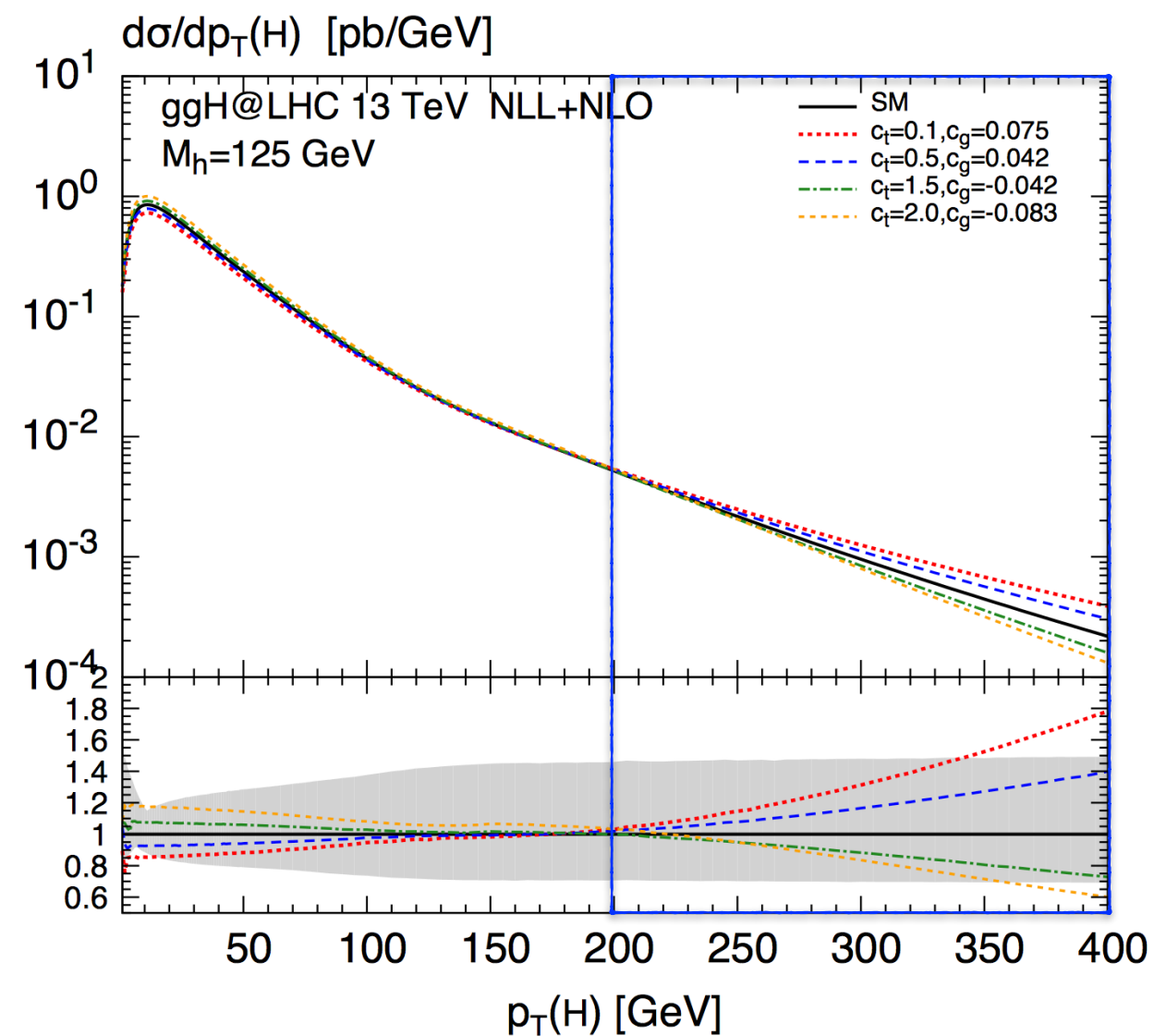
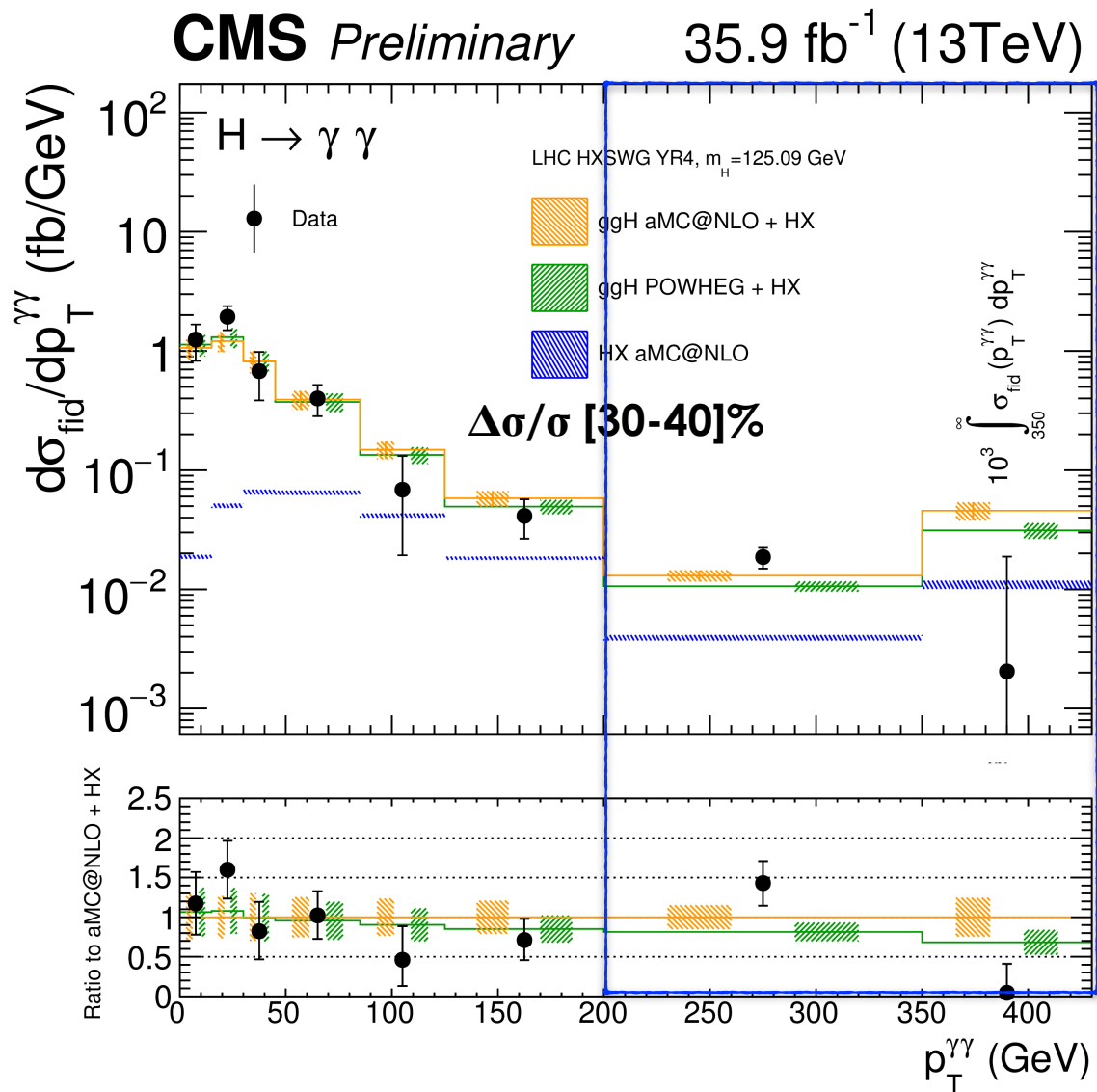
Unfolding: ~ no smearing for p_T , 10% in N_{jet}

Measurements ↔ Theory

DIFFERENTIAL CROSS SECTIONS

CMS HIG-17-015

JHEP(2017) 2017:115



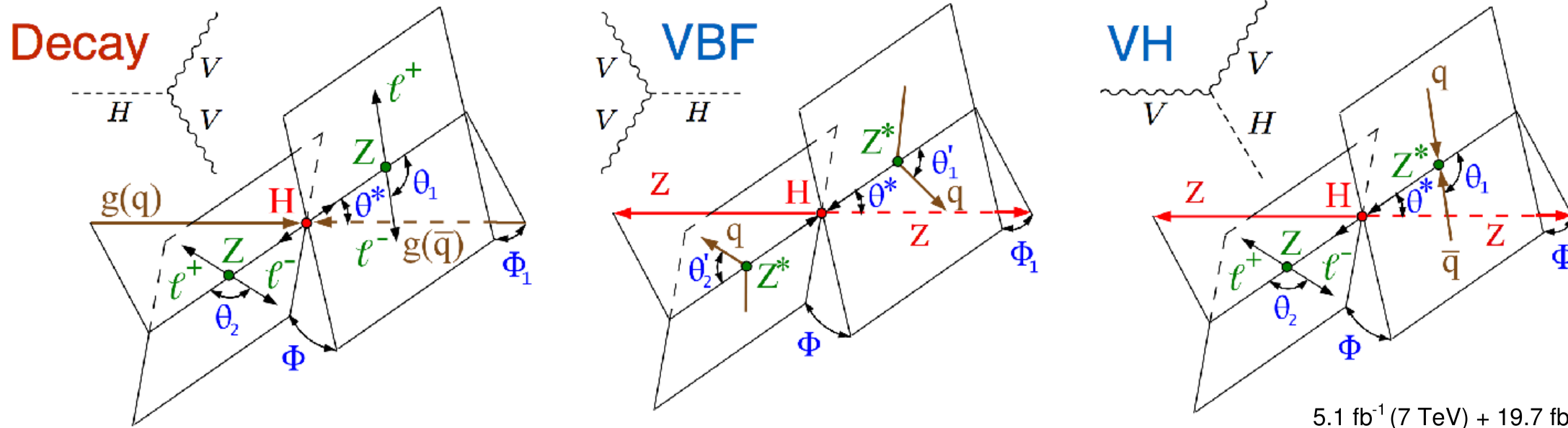
Model independent way to probe BSM effects

HVV: ANOMALOUS COUPLINGS

CMS arXiv:1707.00541 Submitted to PLB

Anomalous HVV couplings from angular information in $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$

NEW: production (VBF and VH tagged events) used together with **decay** informations



HVV amplitude parametrisation

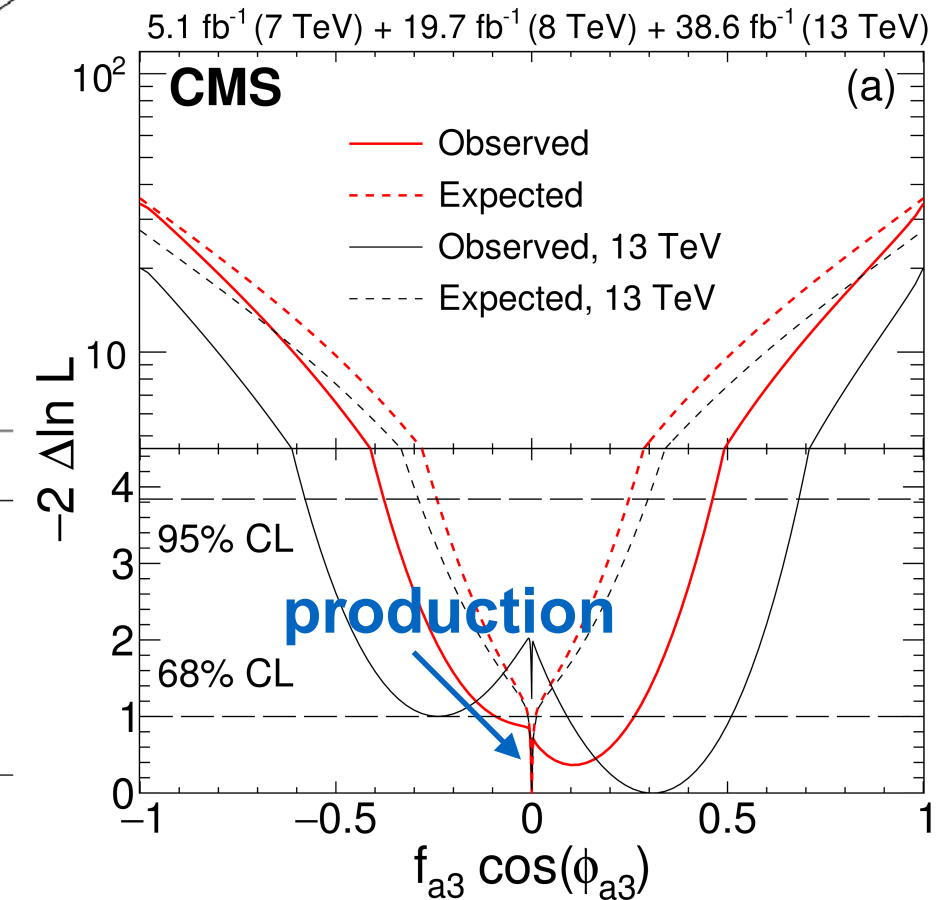
$$A(\text{HVV}) \sim \left[\boxed{a_1^{\text{VV}}} + \frac{\kappa_1^{\text{VV}} q_1^2 + \kappa_2^{\text{VV}} q_2^2}{(\Lambda_1^{\text{VV}})^2} \right] m_{V1}^2 \epsilon_{V1}^* \epsilon_{V2}^* + \boxed{a_2^{\text{VV}}} f_{\mu\nu}^{*(1)} f^{*(2),\mu\nu} + \boxed{a_3^{\text{VV}}} f_{\mu\nu}^{*(1)} \tilde{f}^{*(2),\mu\nu}$$

SM BSM CP-even BSM CP-odd

$f_{ai} = |a_i|^2 \sigma_i / \sum |a_j|^2 \sigma_j$
effective fractions of anomalous cross-sections

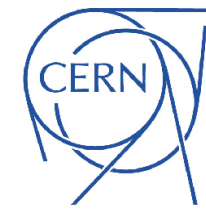
Parameter	Observed	Expected
$f_{a3} \cos(\phi_{a3})$	$0.00^{+0.26}_{-0.09}$ $[-0.38, 0.46]$	$0.000^{+0.010}_{-0.010}$ $[-0.25, 0.25]$
$f_{a2} \cos(\phi_{a2})$	$0.01^{+0.12}_{-0.02}$ $[-0.04, 0.43]$	$0.000^{+0.009}_{-0.008}$ $[-0.06, 0.19]$
$f_{\Lambda 1} \cos(\phi_{\Lambda 1})$	$0.02^{+0.08}_{-0.06}$ $[-0.49, 0.18]$	$0.000^{+0.003}_{-0.002}$ $[-0.60, 0.12]$
$f_{\Lambda 1}^{Z\gamma} \cos(\phi_{\Lambda 1}^{Z\gamma})$	$0.26^{+0.30}_{-0.35}$ $[-0.40, 0.79]$	$0.000^{+0.019}_{-0.022}$ $[-0.37, 0.71]$

[95% CL intervals]



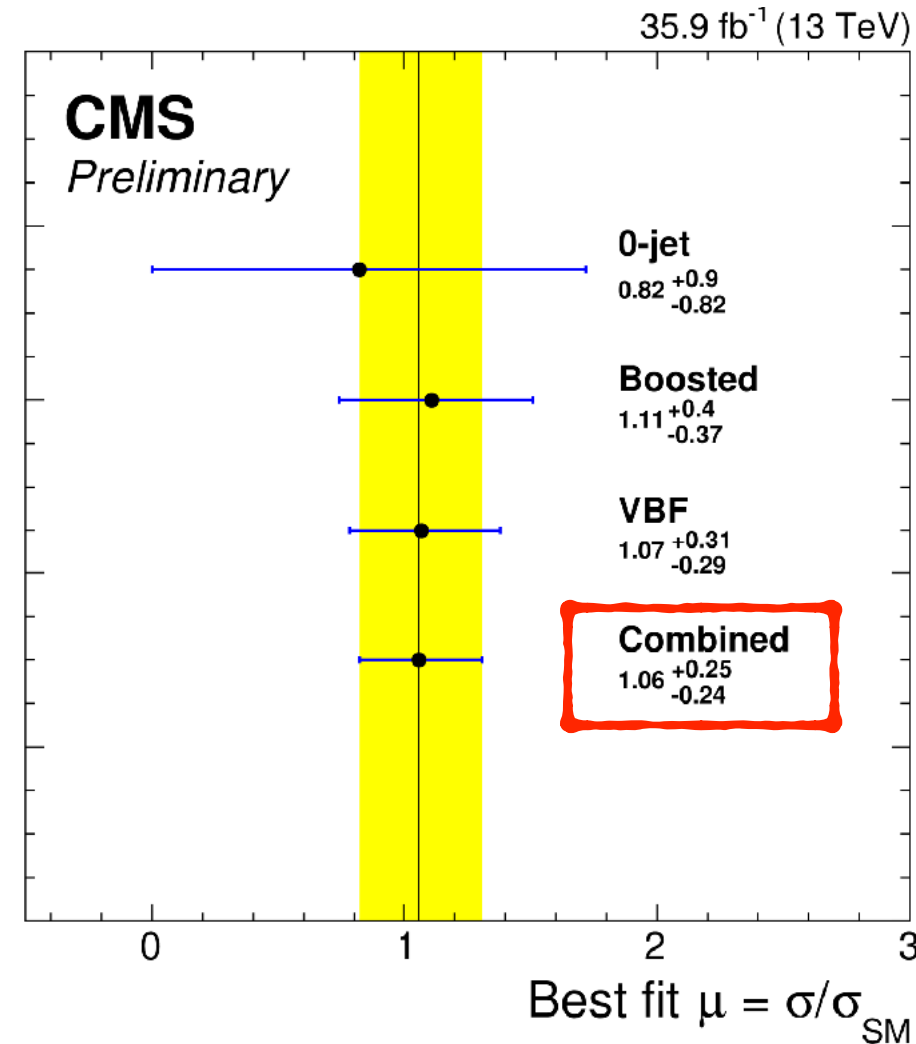
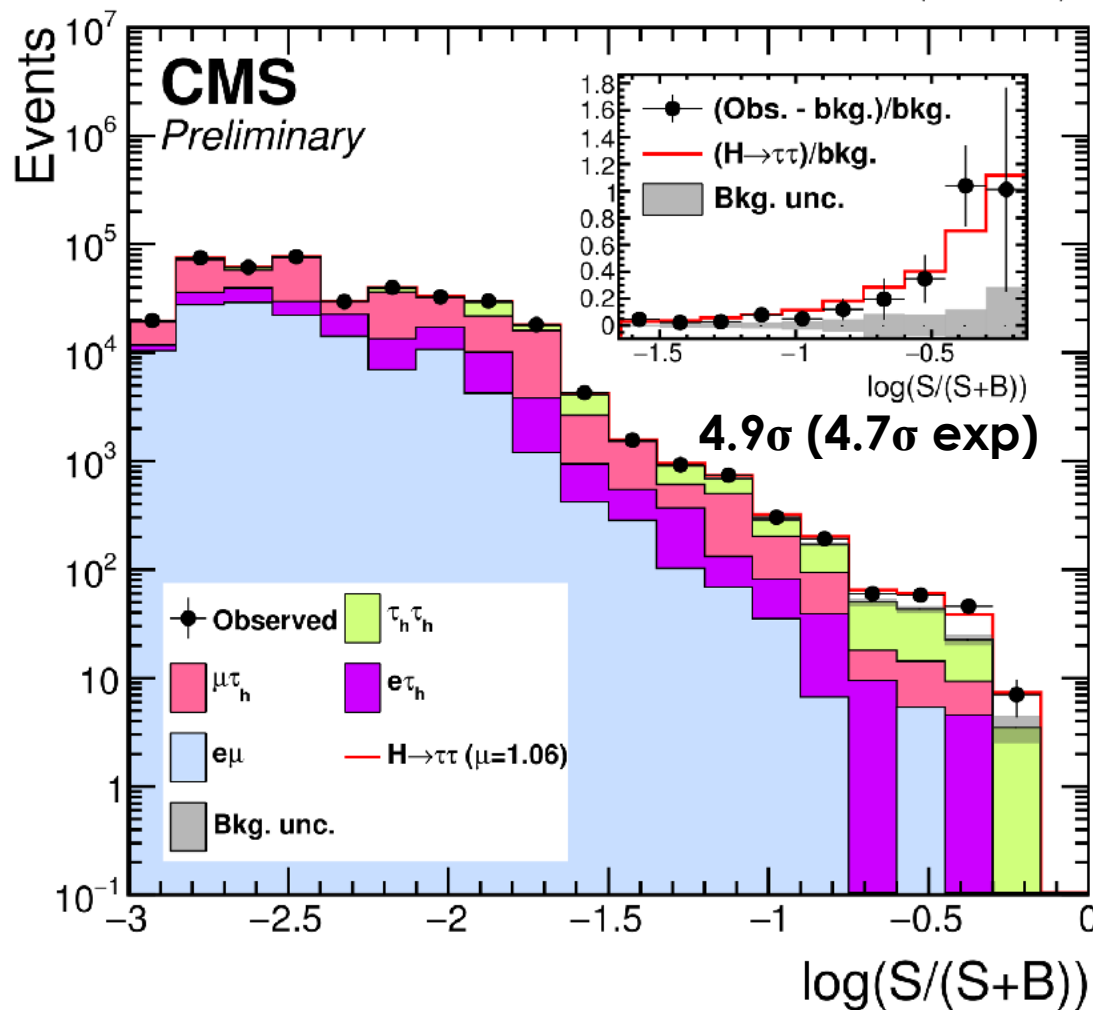
COUPLING TO FERMIONS

OBSERVATION OF $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$



CMS HIG-16-043

35.9 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)



sensitivity driven by VBF & boosted category

4 τ decay channels ($\tau_h\tau_h$, $e\tau_h$, $\mu\tau_h$, $e\mu$) x 3 categories (0-jet, boosted, VBF)

2D fit signal extraction: $m_{\tau\tau}$ vs (τ decay mode, p_T , di-jet mass)

Observation of $\tau\tau$ decay mode from a single experiment: 4.9 σ (4.7 σ exp), 5.9 σ when combined with CMS Run1

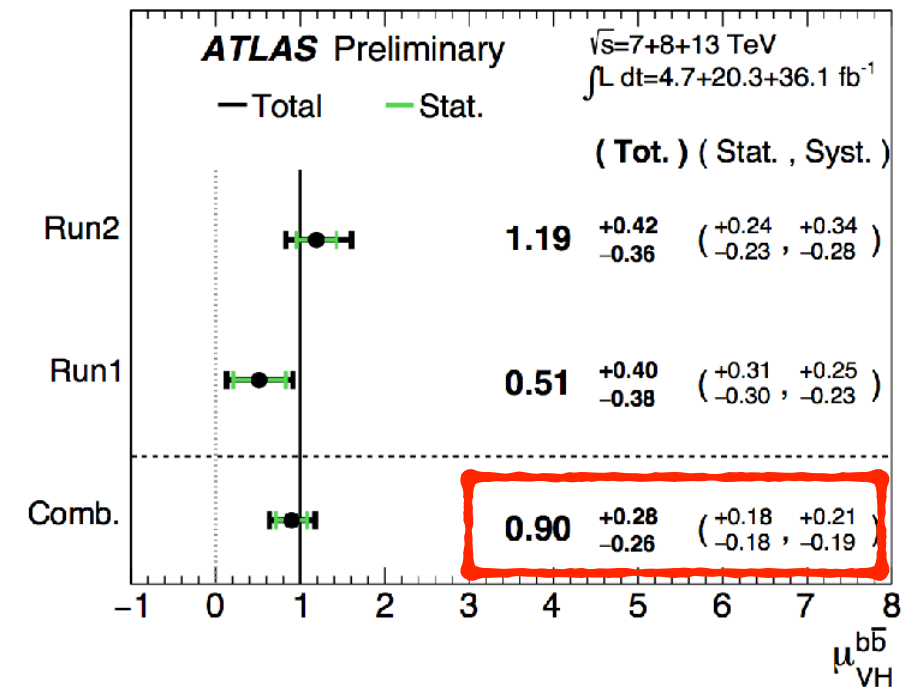
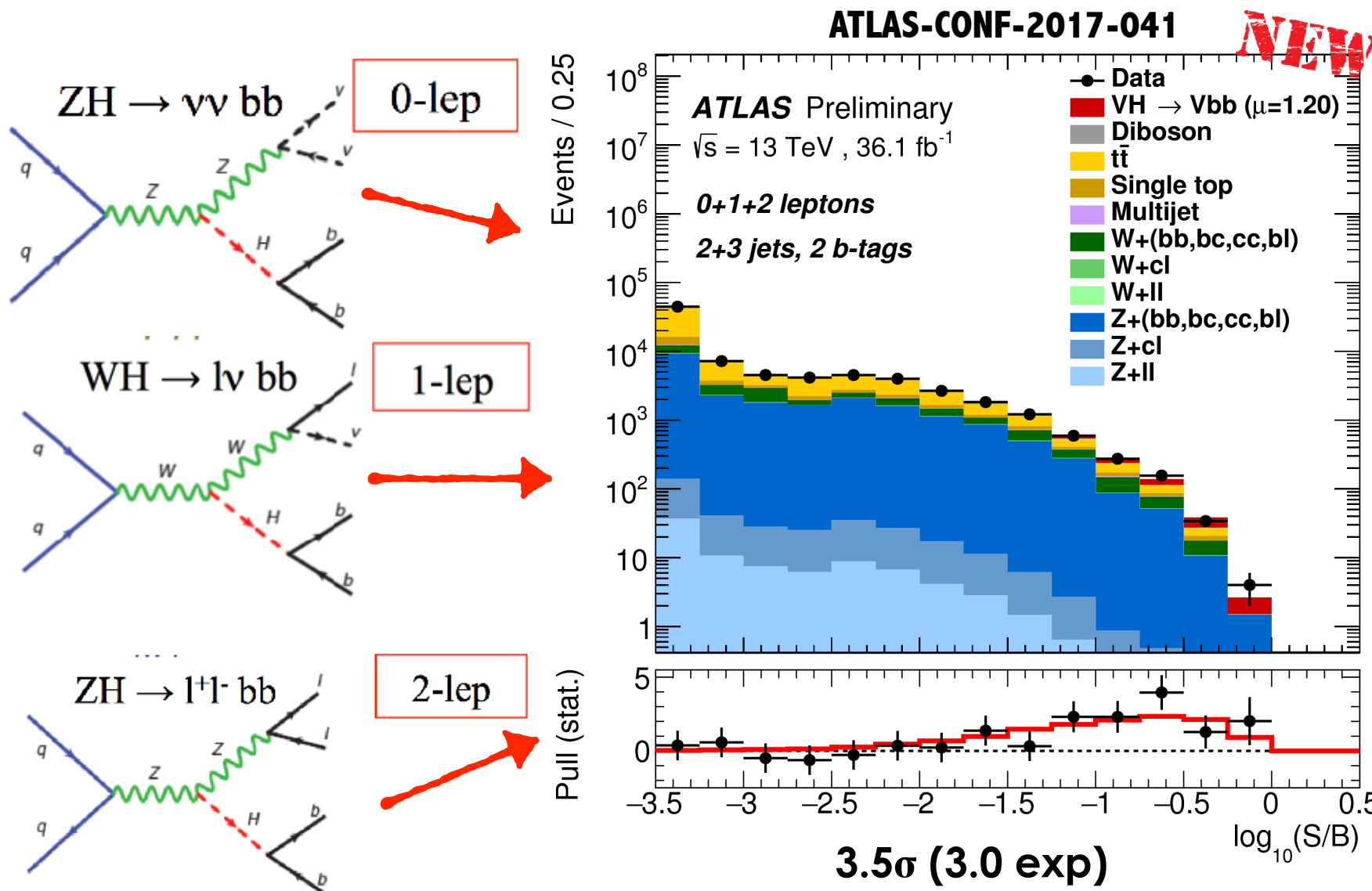
EVIDENCE FOR $H \rightarrow bb$

$H \rightarrow bb$: Run1 ATLAS+CMS 2.6σ (3.7 exp)

VH($\rightarrow bb$) production: overcome large QCD background

Backgrounds: W/Z +jets, $t\bar{t}$

Observable: BDT including m_{bb}

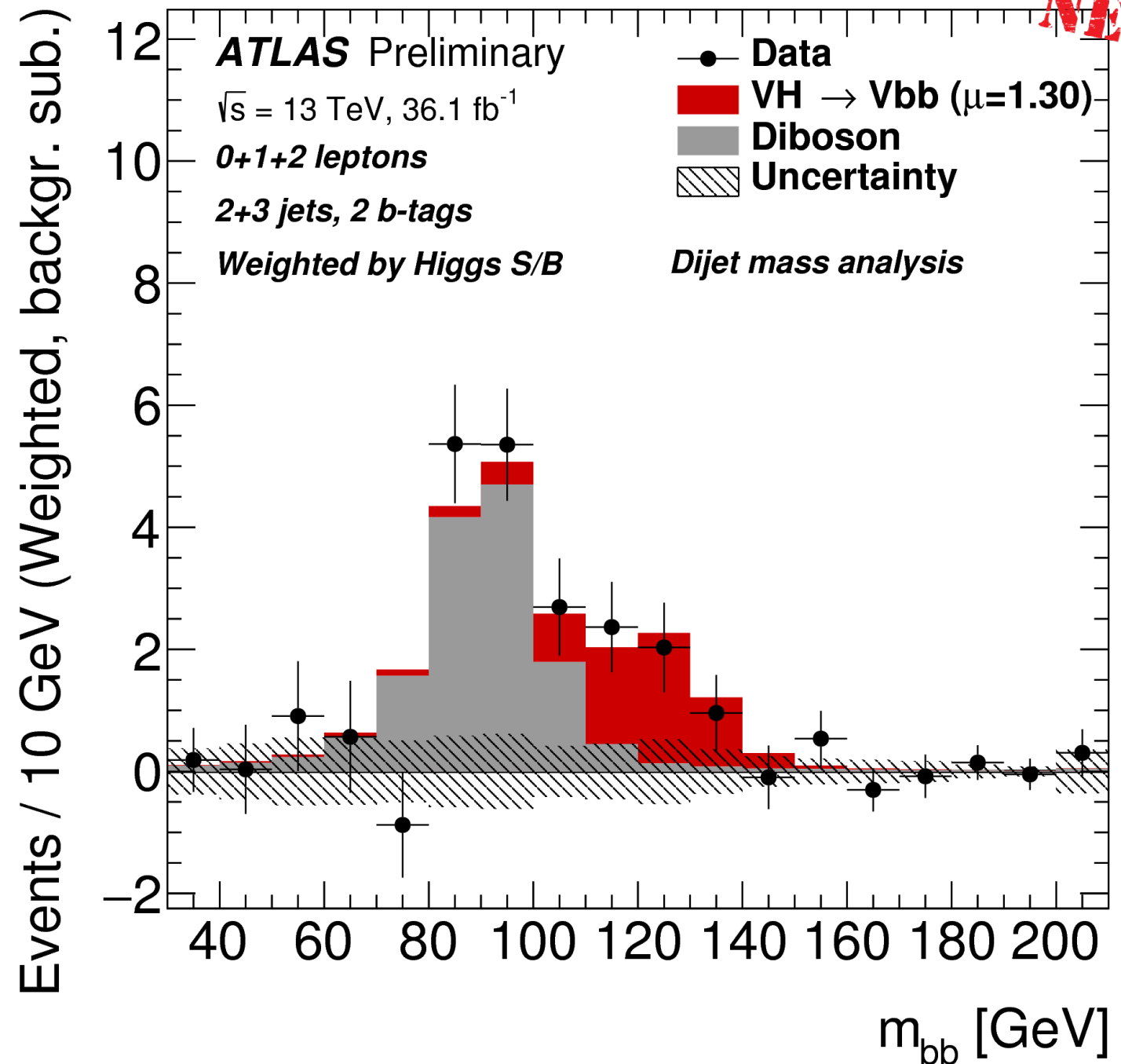


Evidence for VH(bb): 3.6 σ when combined with ATLAS Run1

EVIDENCE FOR $H \rightarrow bb$

ATLAS-CONF-2017-041

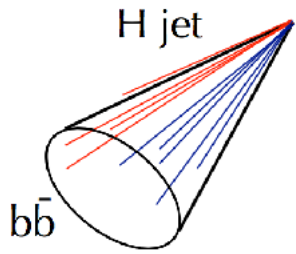
NEW



Di-jet mass cross-check analysis (~10% less sensitive):
nice peak on $VZ(\rightarrow bb)$
shoulder

INCLUSIVE $H \rightarrow bb$

$p_T > 450$ GeV



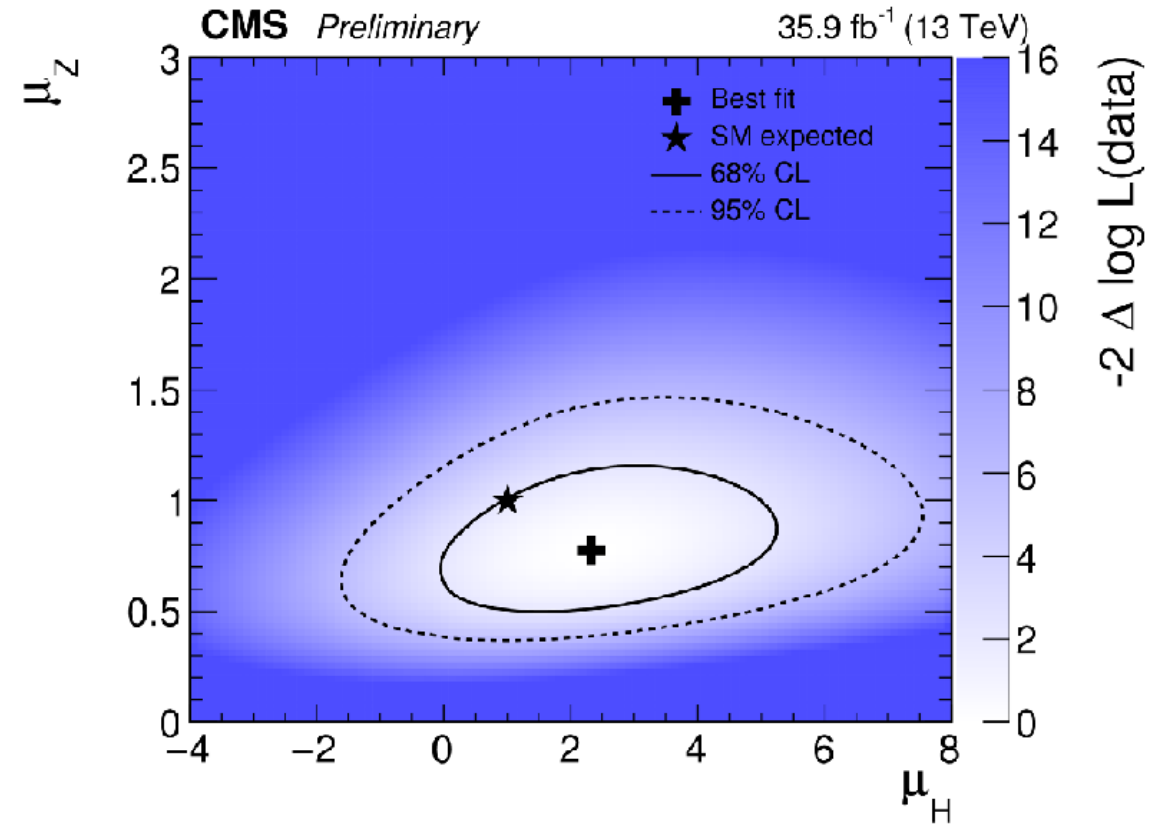
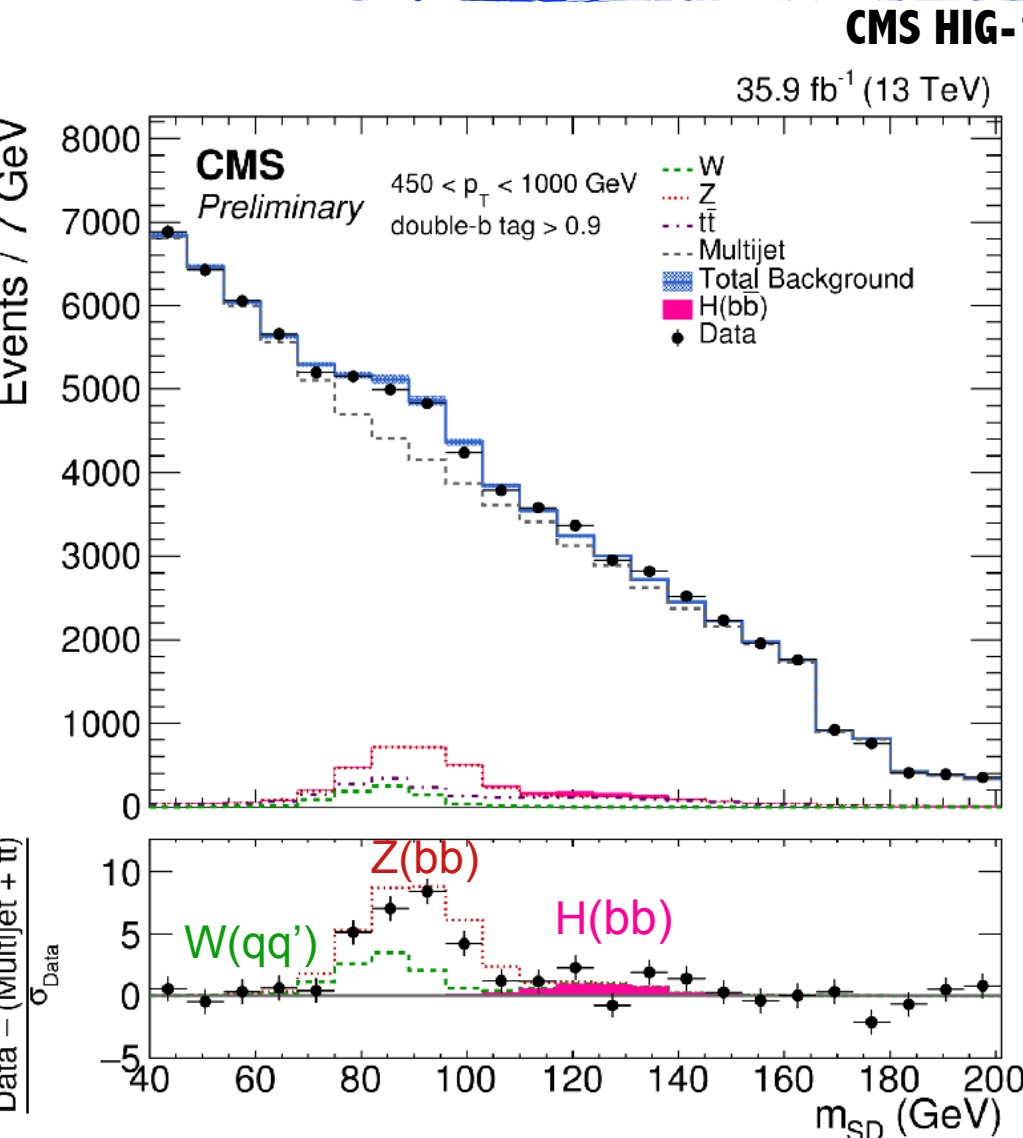
Single large cone fat jet ($R=0.8$)
 $p_T > 450$ GeV

double b-tagging on sub-jets

Jet mass: main observable

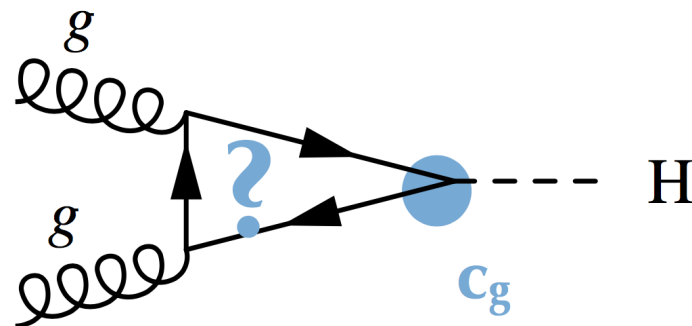
First search for $gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow bb$ in boosted topology

boosted jet techniques: searches \Rightarrow measurements



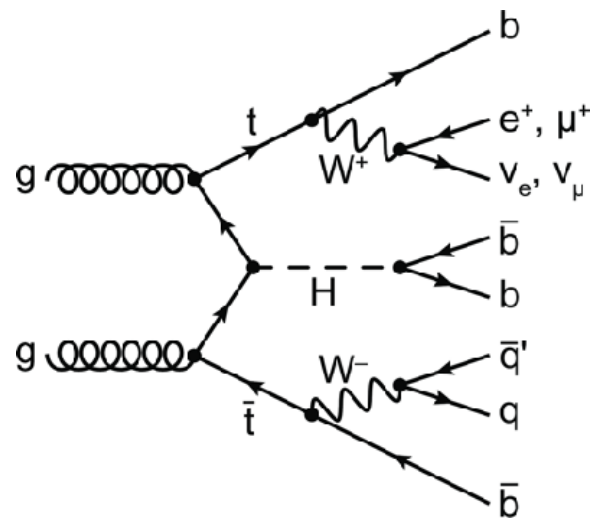
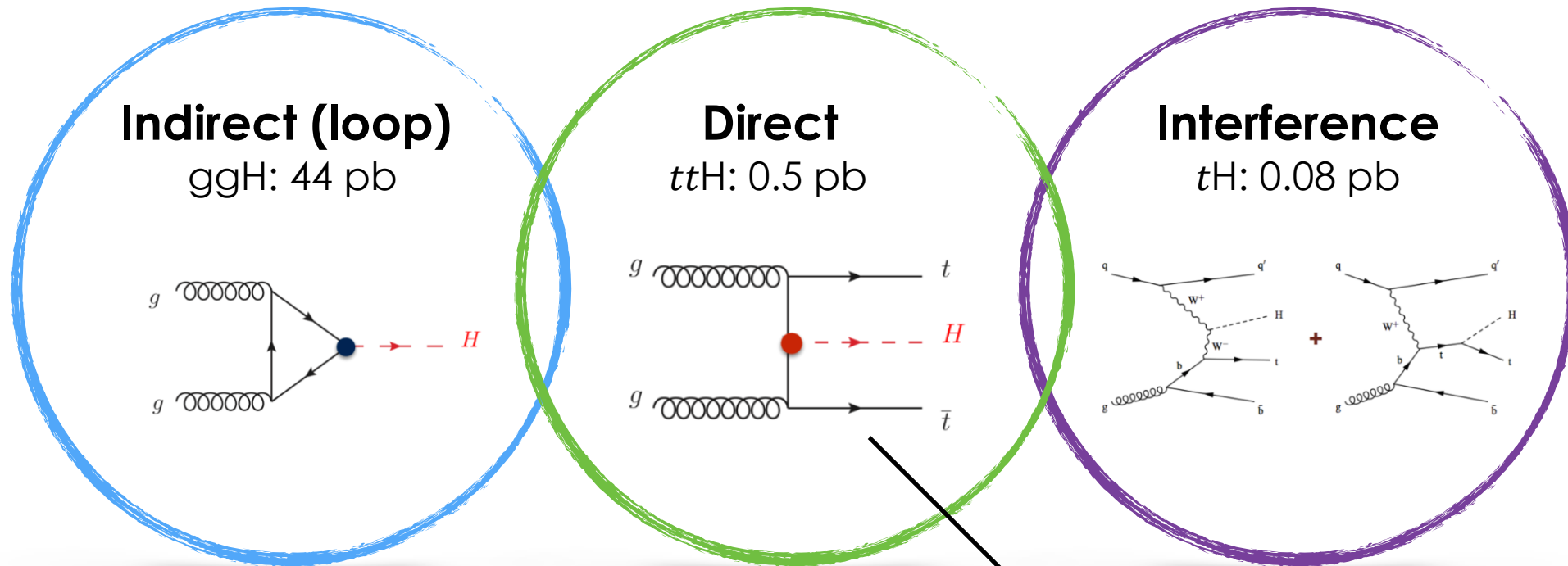
	H	Z
Observed best fit	$\mu_H = 2.3^{+1.8}_{-1.6}$	$\mu_Z = 0.78^{+0.23}_{-0.19}$
Expected significance	0.7σ ($\mu_H = 1$)	5.8σ ($\mu_Z = 1$)
Observed significance	1.5σ	5.1σ

Observation of boosted $Z \rightarrow bb$

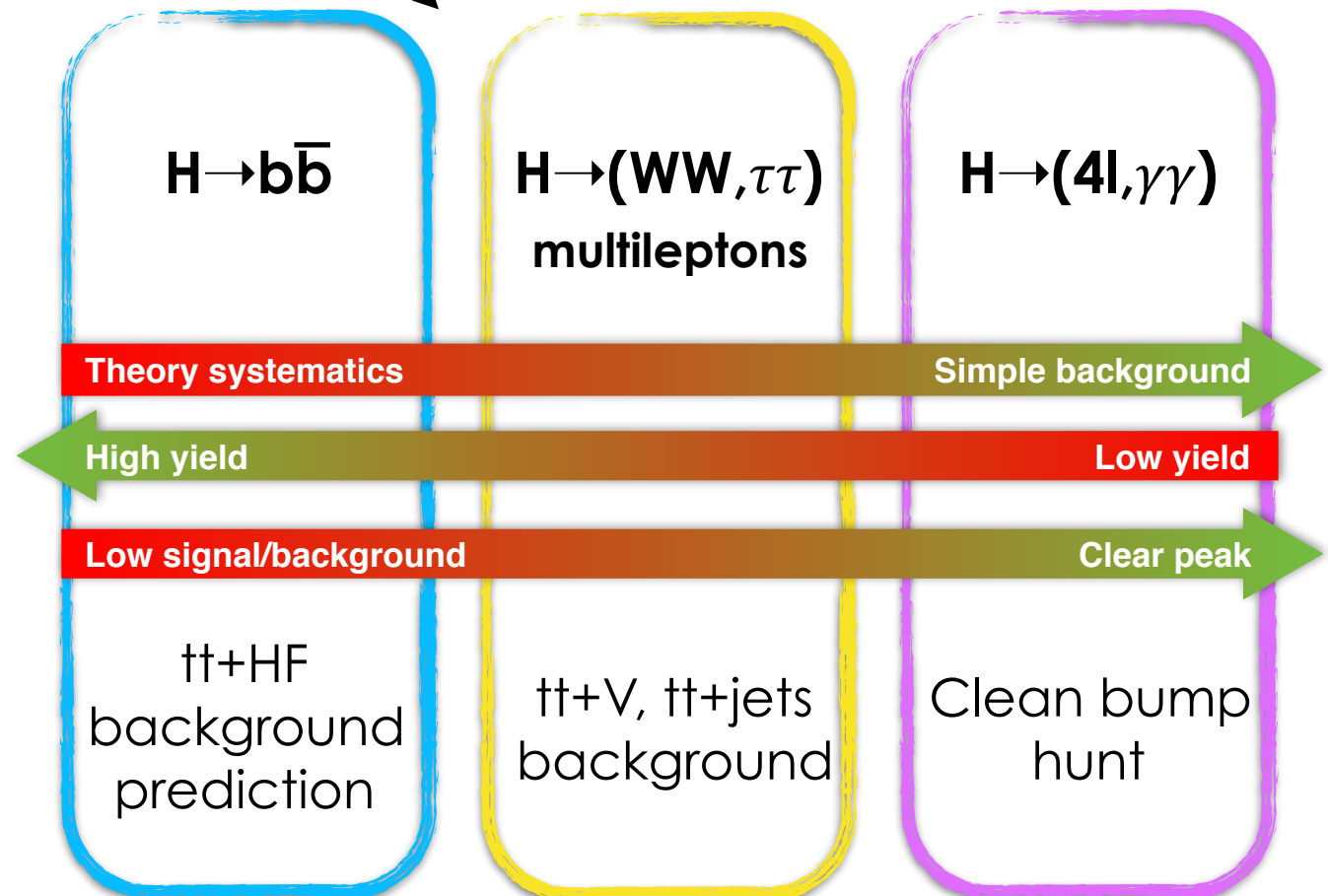


Explore a brand new regime
ggF $p_T > 450$ GeV

TOWARDS ttH OBSERVATION



Final state with additional leptons, jets, b-jets
 Different strategy depending on Higgs decay



ttH SUMMARY

Run1 
 Run2  

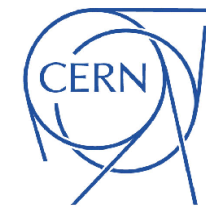
$$\mu_{ttH} = \sigma_{ttH} / \sigma_{SM}$$

	ATLAS	CMS	
Run1 comb.	$2.3^{+0.7}_{-0.6}$		← 4.4σ (2.0σ exp)
bb	$2.1^{+1.0}_{-0.9}$	-0.2 ± 0.8	
multilepton	$2.5^{+1.3}_{-1.1}$	1.5 ± 0.5	← 3.3σ (2.5σ exp)
$\tau_h + X$		$0.7^{+0.6}_{-0.5}$	
$\gamma\gamma$	$0.5^{+0.6}_{-0.6}$	$2.2^{+0.9}_{-0.8}$	← 3.3σ (1.5σ exp)
ZZ	<7.5 @ 95%CL	$0.0^{(*)+1.2}_{-0.0}$	

(*): 68% CL interval with $\mu \geq 0$

Evidence for ttH? Statistically a combination would be largely incompatible with $\mu_{ttH}=0$, but not yet a single unambiguous signal

2ND GENERATION COUPLING

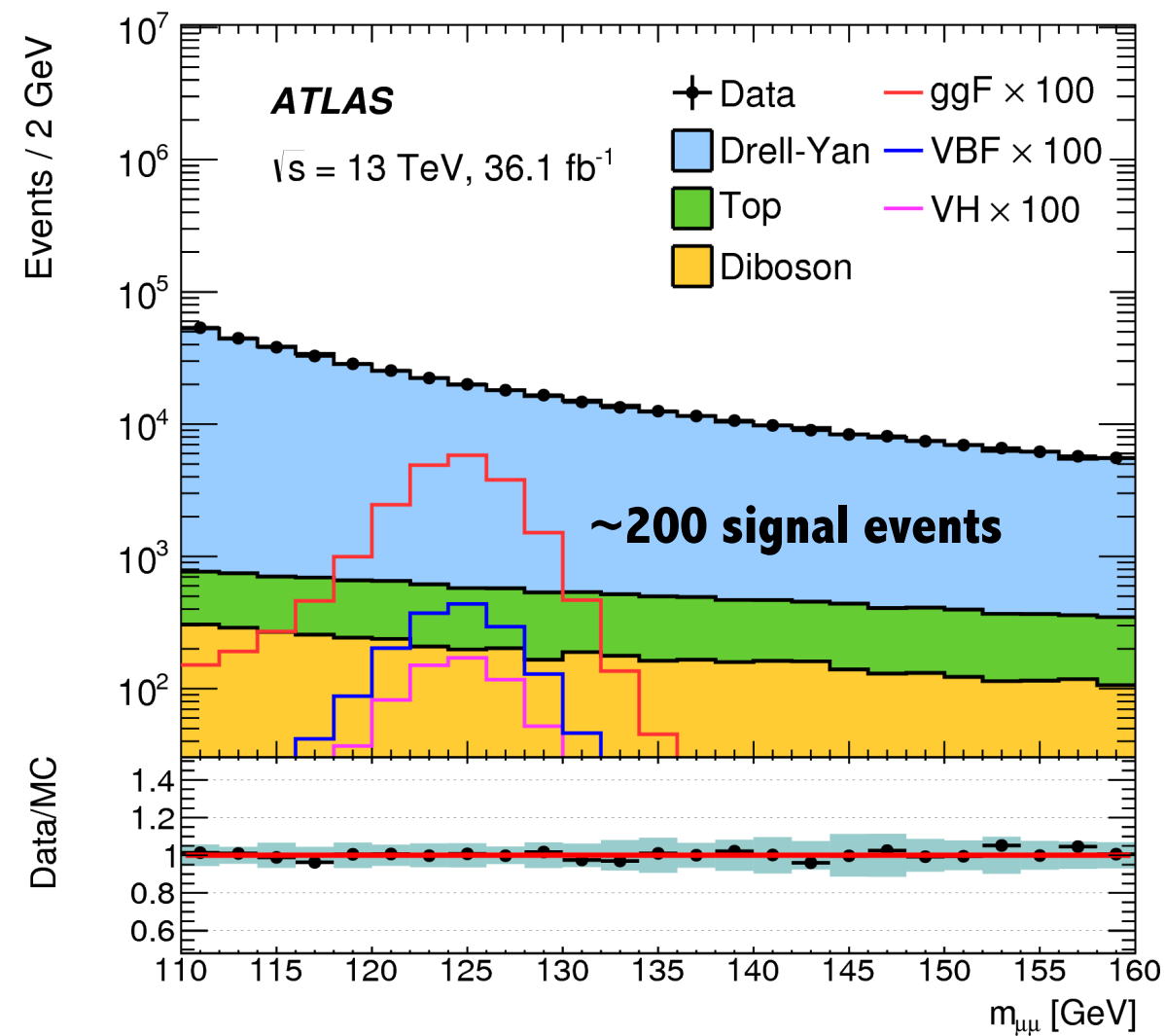


$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$: probing 2nd generation Yukawa coupling (BR 2.18E-4)

ATLAS Run1 + 36fb⁻¹ @ 13 TeV:
 $\sigma/\sigma_{SM} < 2.7$ @ 95%CL (2.8 exp)

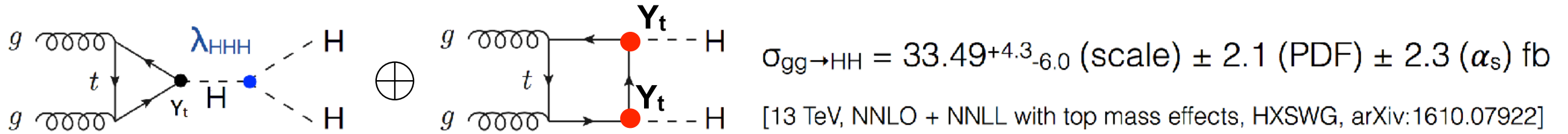
ATLAS+CMS combination sensitivity $\sim 2\sigma$
by the end of Run2

ATLAS arXiv:1705.04582



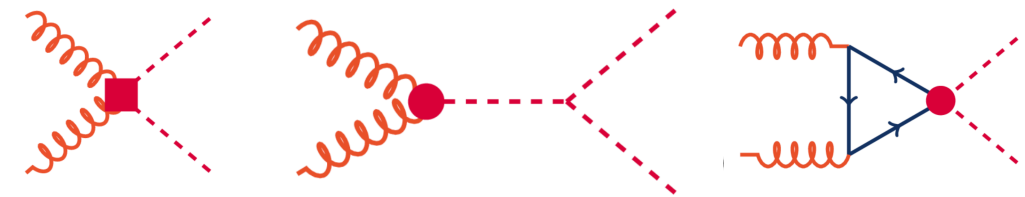
RARE PROCESSES

DOUBLE HIGGS PRODUCTION

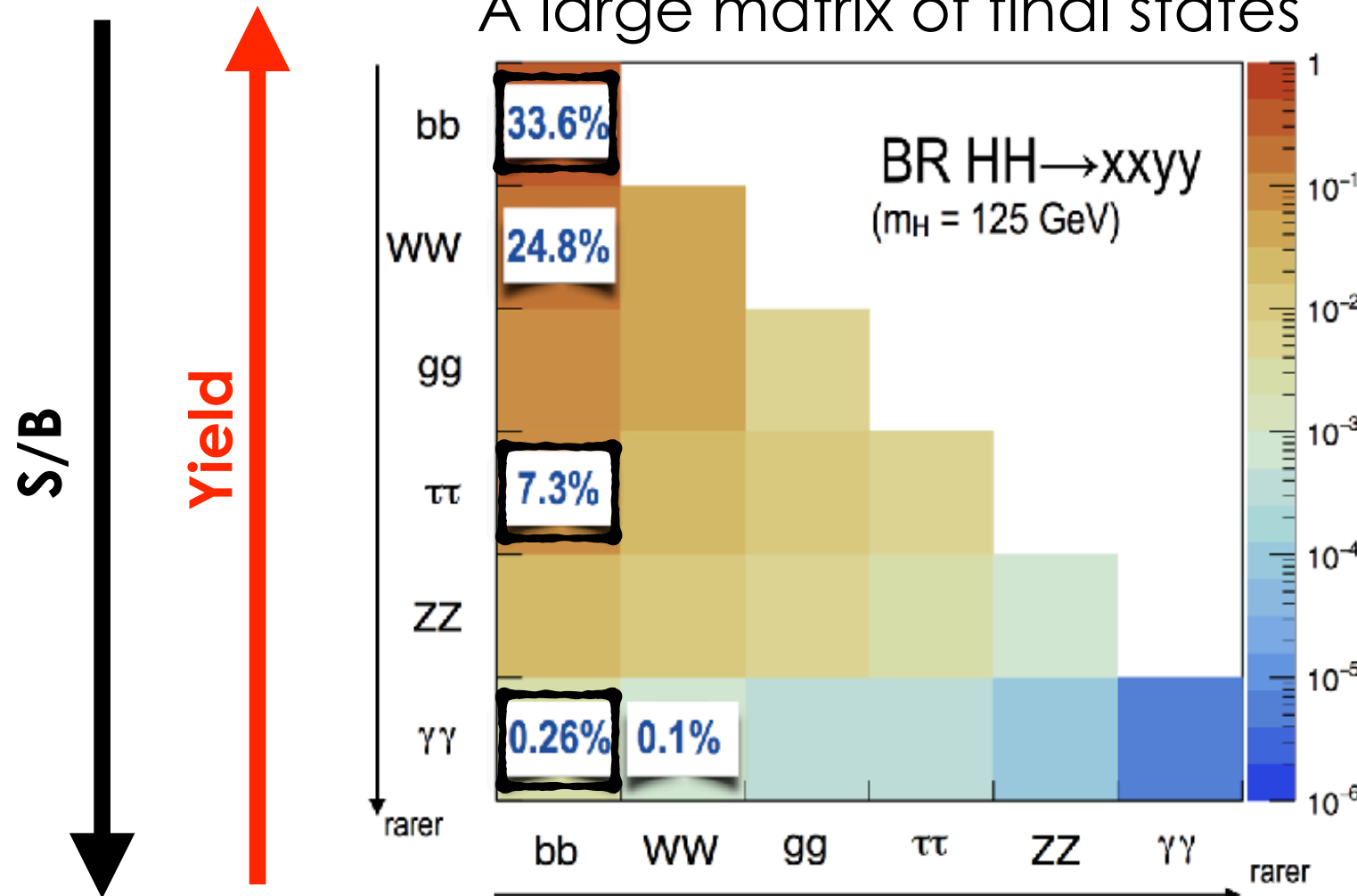


Main probe for trilinear Higgs coupling λ_{HHH} . Diagrams interfere destructively in SM

sensitive to possible BSM contributions



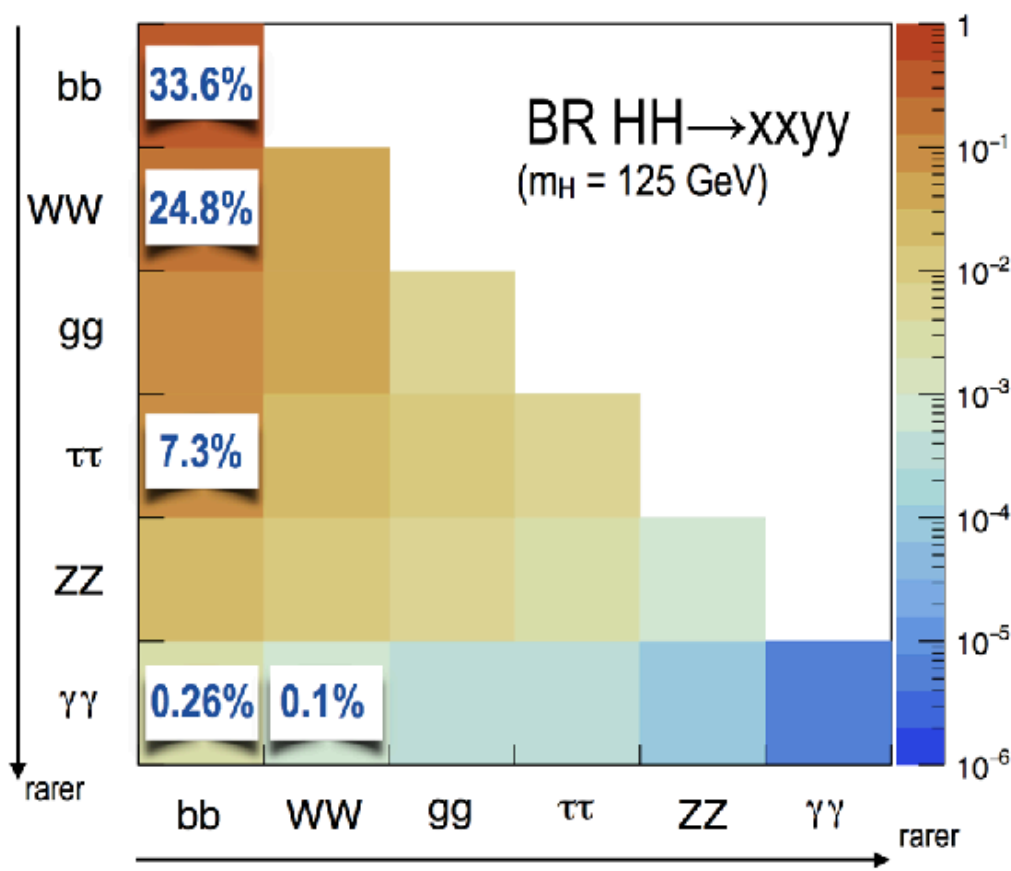
A large matrix of final states



bbbb largest statistics

bb($\gamma\gamma, \tau\tau$) good compromise between statistics and S/B

HH: RESULTS



σ/σ_{SM} 95% CL (exp)

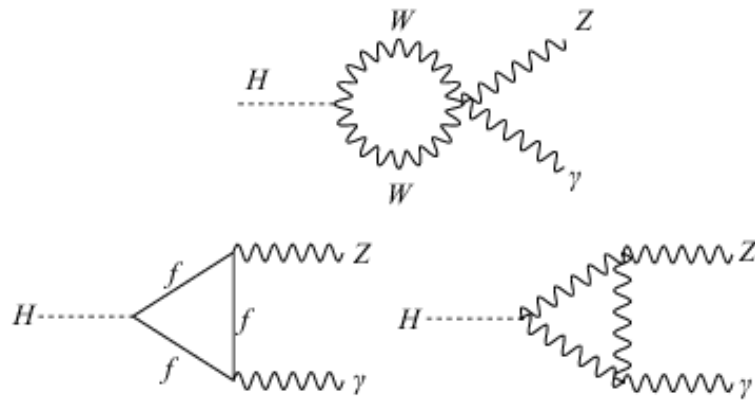
	ATLAS	CMS
bbbb	<29 (38)	<342 (308)
bbWW		<79 (89)
bb $\tau\tau$		<28 (25)
bb $\gamma\gamma$	<117 (161)	<19 (17)
WW $\gamma\gamma$	<747 (386)	

Run2 **3 fb⁻¹** **13 fb⁻¹** **36 fb⁻¹**

RARE DECAY STATUS

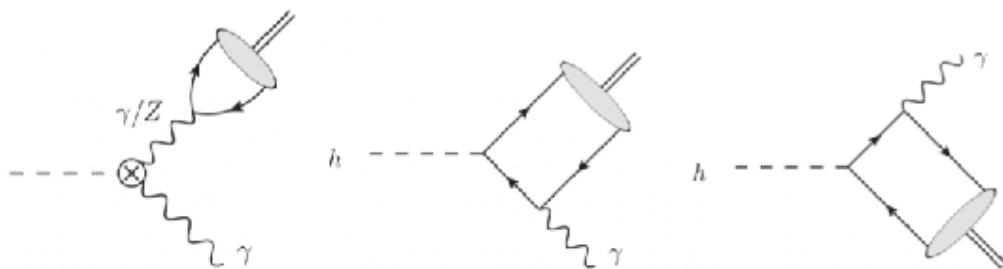
Searches for rare decays: observation would imply BSM physics

$H \rightarrow Z\gamma, H \rightarrow \gamma^*\gamma$: access BSM in loops



$H \rightarrow J/\Psi\gamma$: coupling to charm

$H \rightarrow \rho\gamma$ & $H \rightarrow \phi\gamma$: couplings to light quarks



NEW →

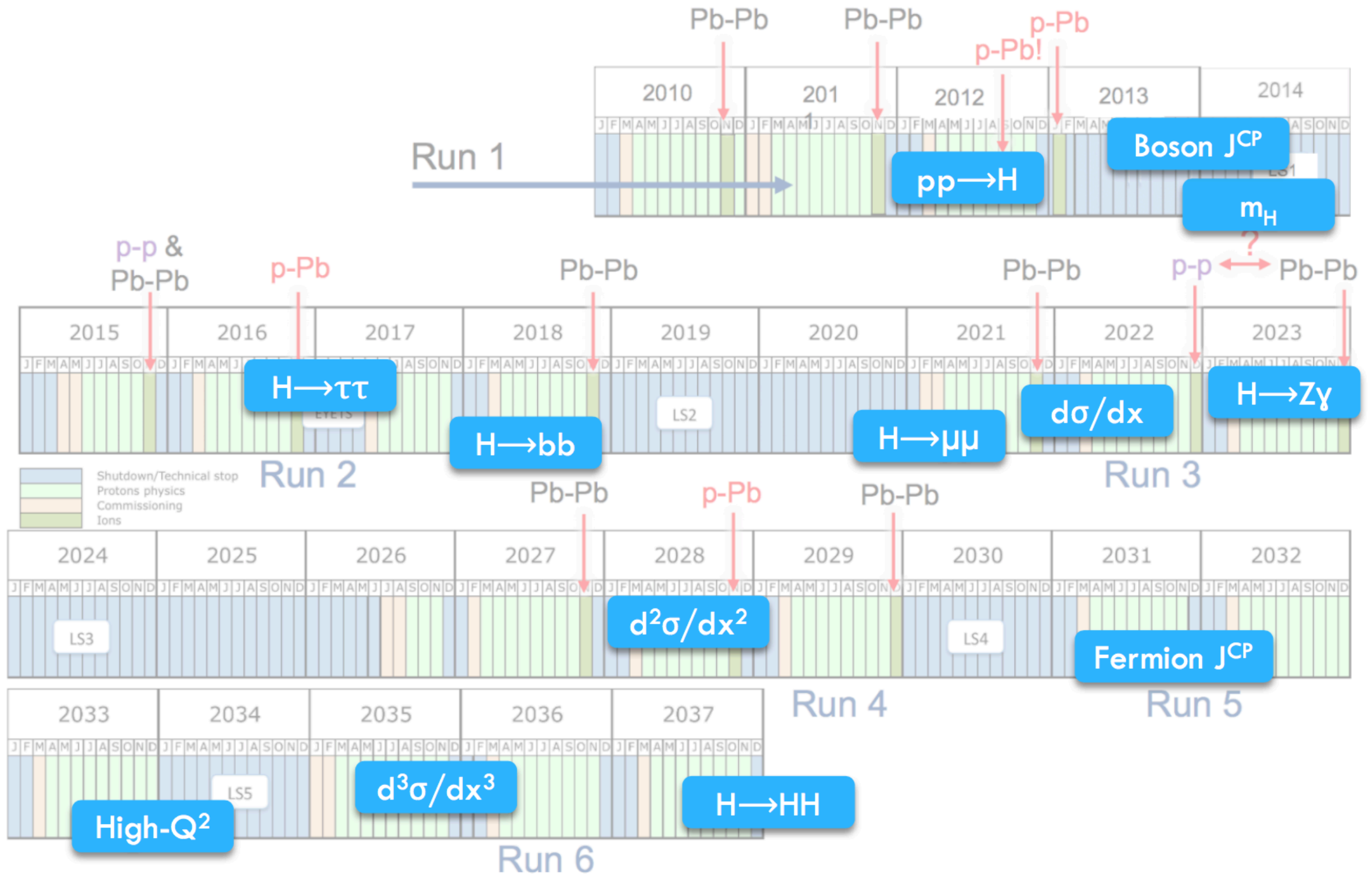
Process	σ/σ_{SM} (95% CL)
$H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ (ATLAS) 36fb ⁻¹ @ 13 TeV	<6.6
$H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ (CMS) Run1	<9
$H \rightarrow \gamma^*\gamma$ (CMS) Run1	<7.7
$H \rightarrow J/\Psi\gamma$ (ATLAS) Run1	<540
$H \rightarrow J/\Psi\gamma$ (CMS) Run1	<540
$H \rightarrow \rho\gamma$ (ATLAS) 36 fb-1 @ 13 TeV	<52
$H \rightarrow \phi\gamma$ (ATLAS) 36 fb-1 @ 13 TeV	<208
$H \rightarrow ee$ (CMS) Run1	<~10 ⁵

Run1

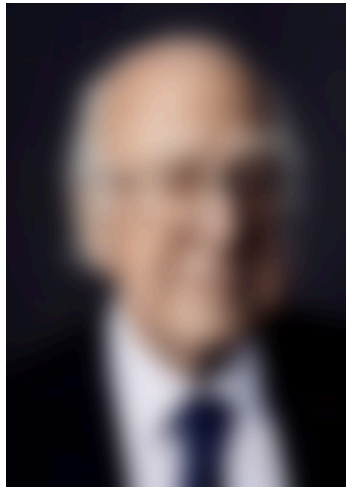
Run2

Run1	Yellow
Run2	36 fb ⁻¹

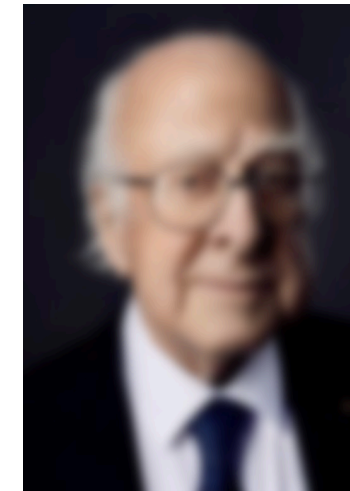
PROSPECTS



Credits: A. David @ GRC 2017



Higgs 5 years after discovery



Still looks like “Standard Model Higgs” with better resolution

- ▶ Run2 cross-section measurements improving by a factor ~ 2 Run1
- ▶ 3rd gen Yukawa couplings: **5σ observation of $\tau\tau$ decay mode, $>3\sigma$ for bb**
- ▶ **not only improvements from statistics:** boosted $ggH(\rightarrow bb)$

The road is still very long

a lot of data to squeeze in front of us (@ very high pile-up)
but obvious roads will soon close up, we will need to look also
for other directions

We need **just ONE deviation to point us in the right direction**

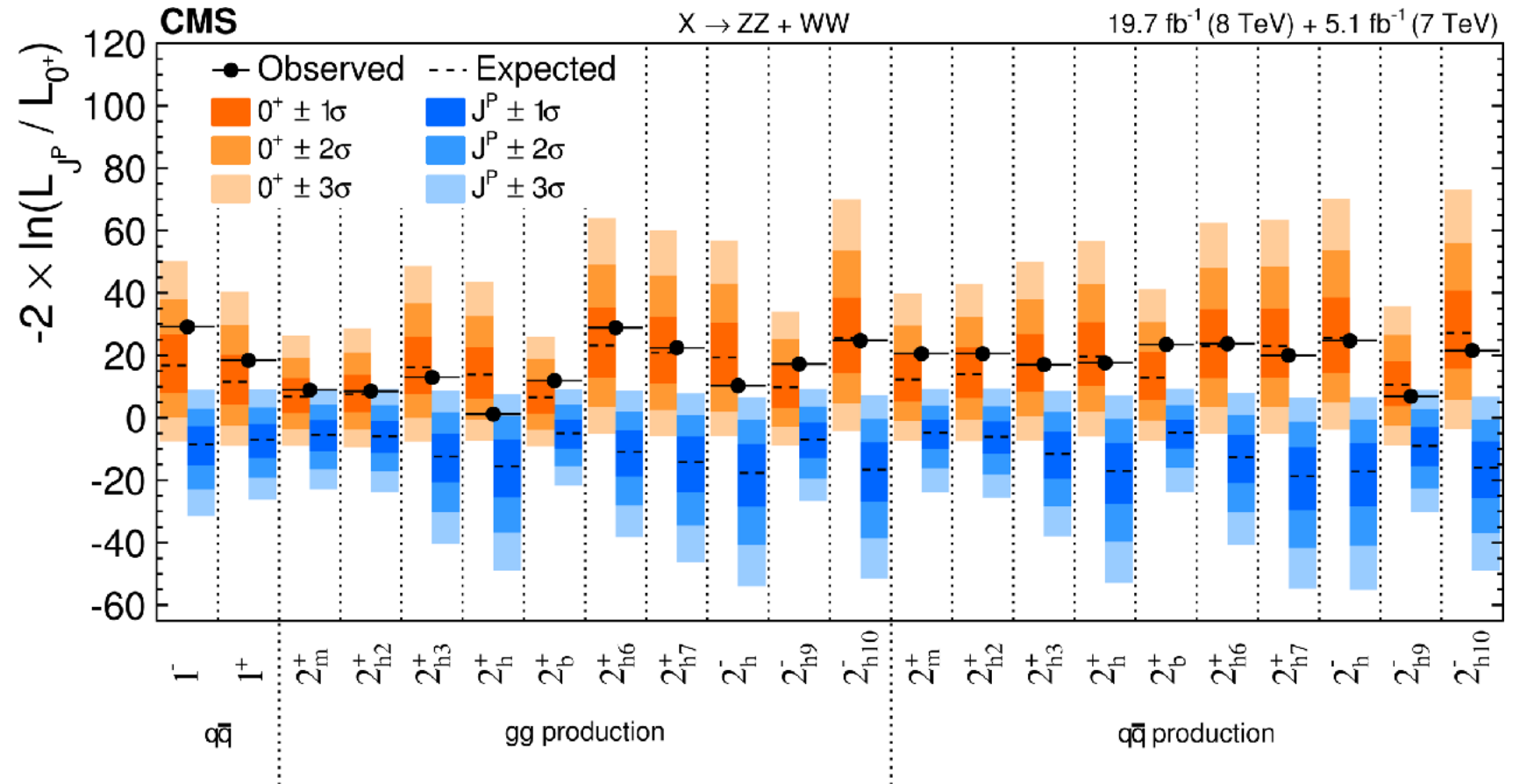
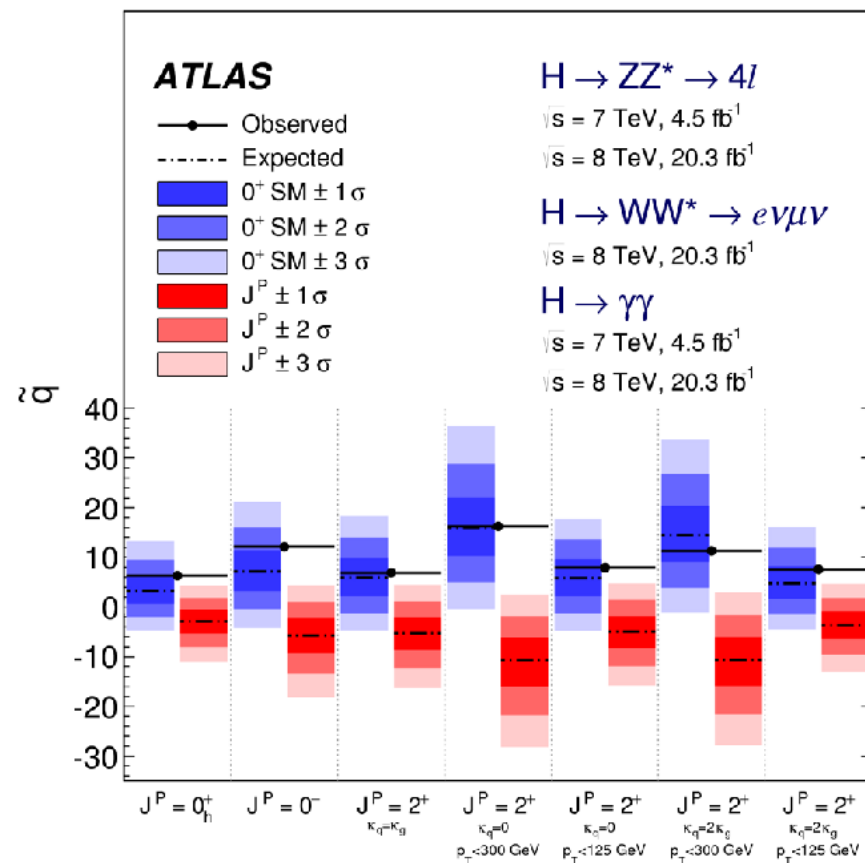


BACKUP

RUN 1: SPIN-PARITY

ATLAS Eur. Phys. J. C 75 (2015) 476

CMS Phys. Rev. D 92 (2015) 012004



Angular analysis in ZZ, WW, $\gamma\gamma$ final states

All observations consistent with the $J^{PC}=0^{++}$ hypothesis

pure pseudo-scalar, spin 1 & spin 2 scenarios typically excluded $>99.9\%$
 still room for anomalous interactions or CP violation

FIDUCIAL VOLUMES

H → ZZ

ATLAS

Leptons and jets

Muons:	$p_T > 5 \text{ GeV}, \eta < 2.7$
Electrons:	$p_T > 7 \text{ GeV}, \eta < 2.47$
Jets:	$p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}, y < 4.4$
Jet-lepton overlap removal:	$\Delta R(\text{jet}, \ell) > 0.1 \text{ (0.2)}$ for muons (electrons)

Lepton selection and pairing

Lepton kinematics:	$p_T > 20, 15, 10 \text{ GeV}$
Leading pair (m_{12}):	SFOS lepton pair with smallest $ m_Z - m_{\ell\ell} $
Subleading pair (m_{34}):	remaining SFOS lepton pair with smallest $ m_Z - m_{\ell\ell} $

Event selection (at most one quadruplet per channel)

Mass requirements:	$50 < m_{12} < 106 \text{ GeV}$ and $12 < m_{34} < 115 \text{ GeV}$
Lepton separation:	$\Delta R(\ell_i, \ell_j) > 0.1 \text{ (0.2)}$ for same- (different-) flavour leptons
J/ψ veto:	$m(\ell_i, \ell_j) > 5 \text{ GeV}$ for all SFOS lepton pairs
Mass window:	$115 \text{ GeV} < m_{4\ell} < 130 \text{ GeV}$

CMS

Lepton kinematics and isolation

Leading lepton p_T	$p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$
Subleading lepton p_T	$p_T > 10 \text{ GeV}$
Additional electrons (muons) p_T	$p_T > 7 \text{ (5) GeV}$
Pseudorapidity of electrons (muons)	$ \eta < 2.5 \text{ (2.4)}$
Sum p_T of all stable particles within $\Delta R < 0.3$ from lepton	$< 0.35 p_T$

Event topology

Existence of at least two same-flavor OS lepton pairs, where leptons satisfy criteria above	
Invariant mass of the Z_1 candidate	$40 < m_{Z_1} < 120 \text{ GeV}$
Invariant mass of the Z_2 candidate	$12 < m_{Z_2} < 120 \text{ GeV}$
Distance between selected four leptons	$\Delta R(\ell_i, \ell_j) > 0.02$ for any $i \neq j$
Invariant mass of any opposite-sign lepton pair	$m_{\ell+\ell'} > 4 \text{ GeV}$
Invariant mass of the selected four leptons	$105 < m_{4\ell} < 140 \text{ GeV}$

H → γγ

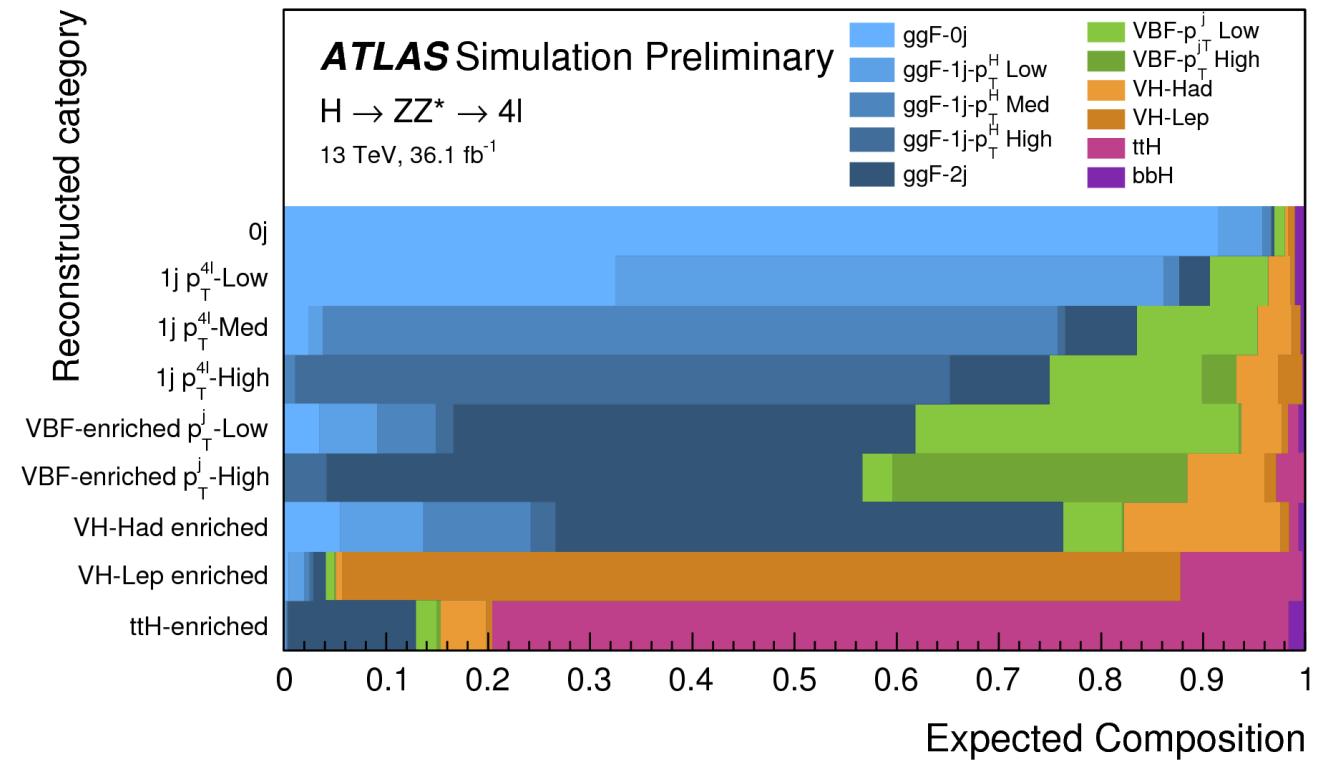
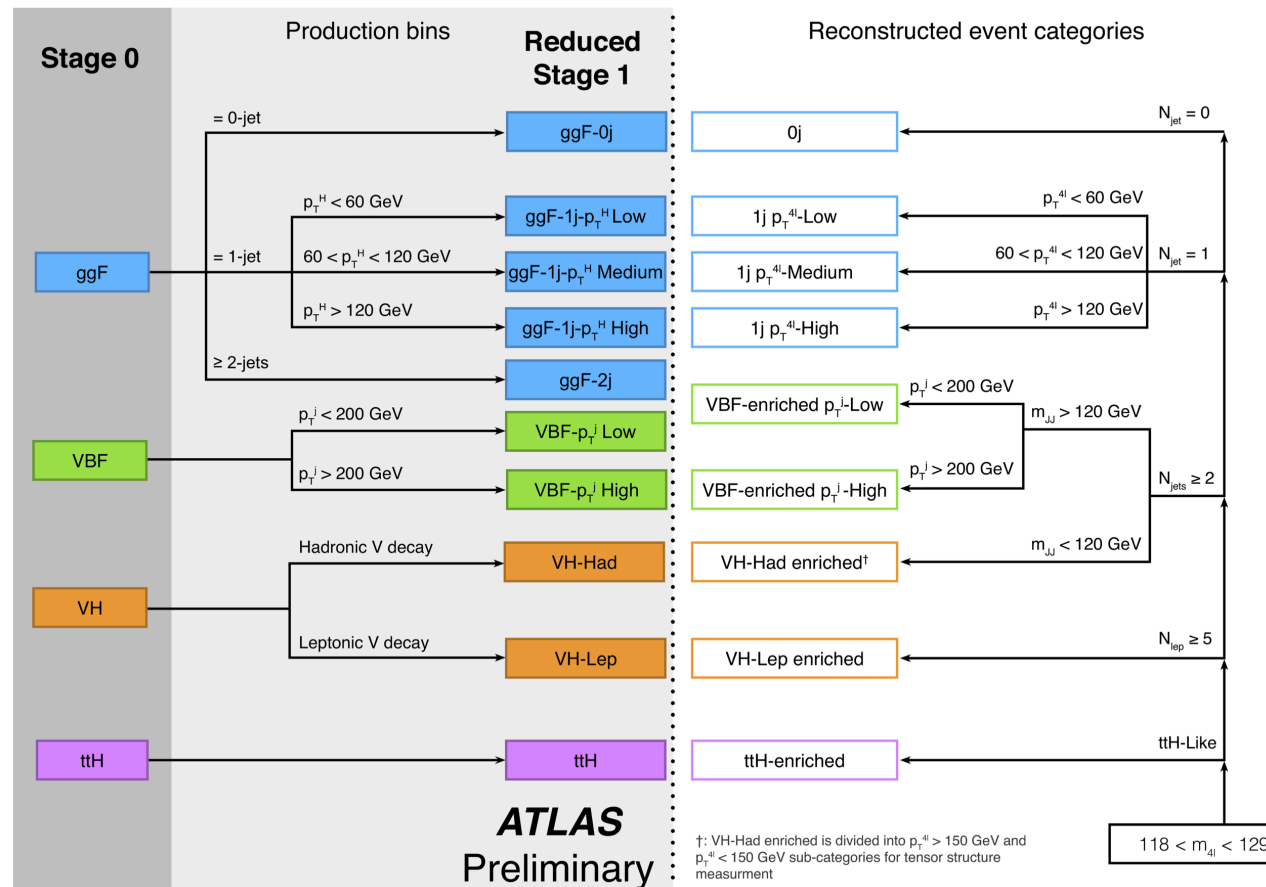
ATLAS

Objects	Definition
Photons	$ \eta < 1.37$ OR $1.52 < \eta < 2.37, p_T^{\text{iso},0.2}/p_T^\gamma < 0.05$
Jets	anti- $k_t, R = 0.4, p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}, y < 4.4$
Leptons, ℓ	e or $\mu, p_T > 15 \text{ GeV}, \eta < 2.47$ (excluding $1.37 < \eta < 1.52$ for $\ell = e$)
Fiducial region	Definition
Diphoton fiducial	$N_\gamma \geq 2, p_T^{\gamma 1} > 0.35 m_{\gamma\gamma}, p_T^{\gamma 2} > 0.25 m_{\gamma\gamma}$
VBF-enhanced	Diphoton fiducial, $N_j \geq 2, m_{jj} > 400 \text{ GeV}, \Delta y_{jj} > 2.8, \Delta\phi_{\gamma\gamma, jj} > 2.6$
$N_{\text{lepton}} \geq 1$	Diphoton fiducial, $N_\ell \geq 1$
High E_T^{miss}	Diphoton fiducial, $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 80 \text{ GeV}, p_T^{\gamma\gamma} > 80 \text{ GeV}$
$t\bar{t}H$ -enhanced	Diphoton fiducial, $(N_j \geq 4, N_{\text{b-jets}} \geq 1)$ OR $(N_j \geq 3, N_{\text{b-jets}} \geq 1, N_\ell \geq 1)$

CMS

CMS H → γγ
 $p_T^{1(2)}/m_{\gamma\gamma} > 1/3 \text{ (1/4)}$
 $|\eta_{\gamma^{1(2)}}| < 2.5$
 $E_{\text{iso}} < 10 \text{ GeV } \Delta R = 0.3$

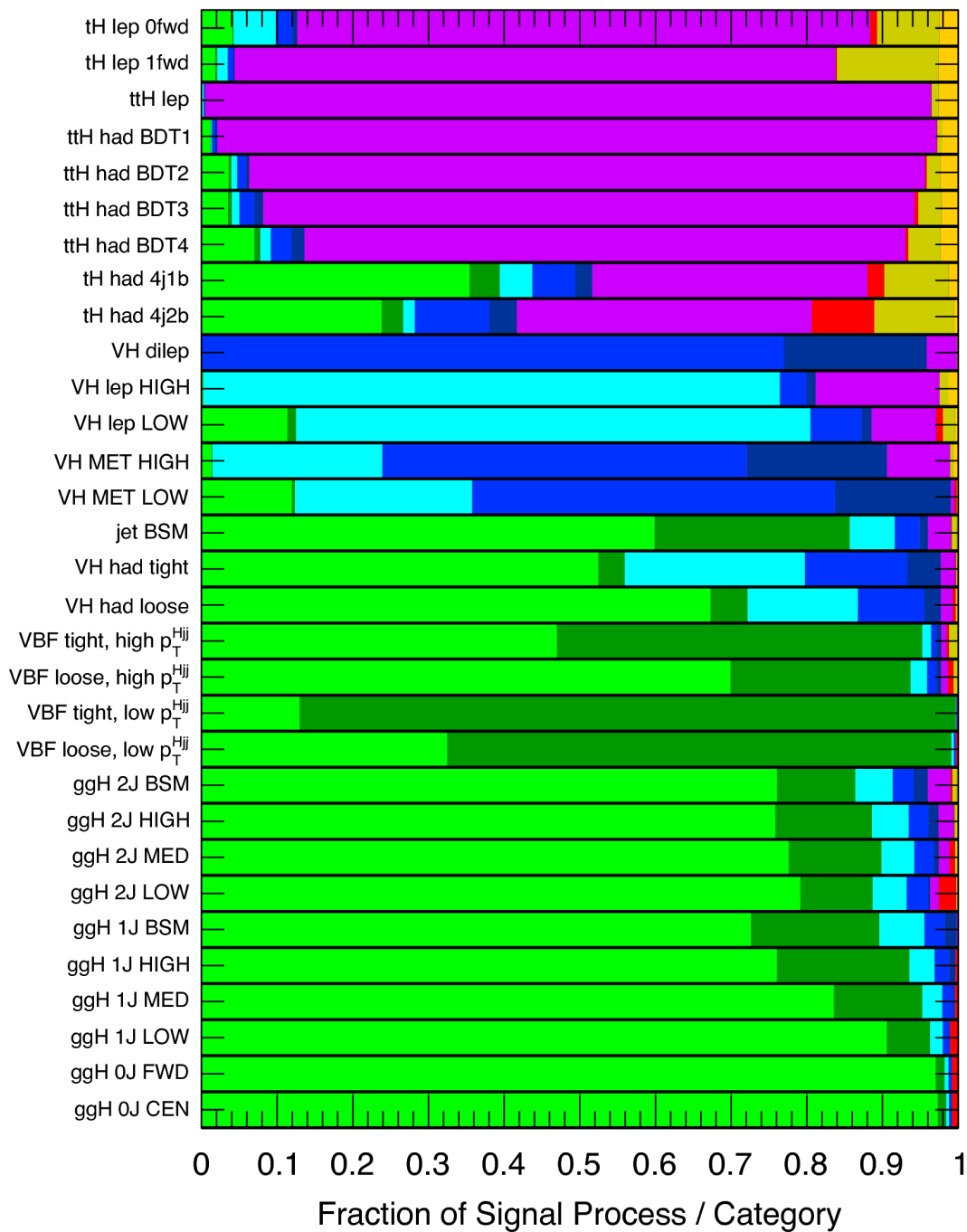
H → ZZ: EVENT CATEGORIES



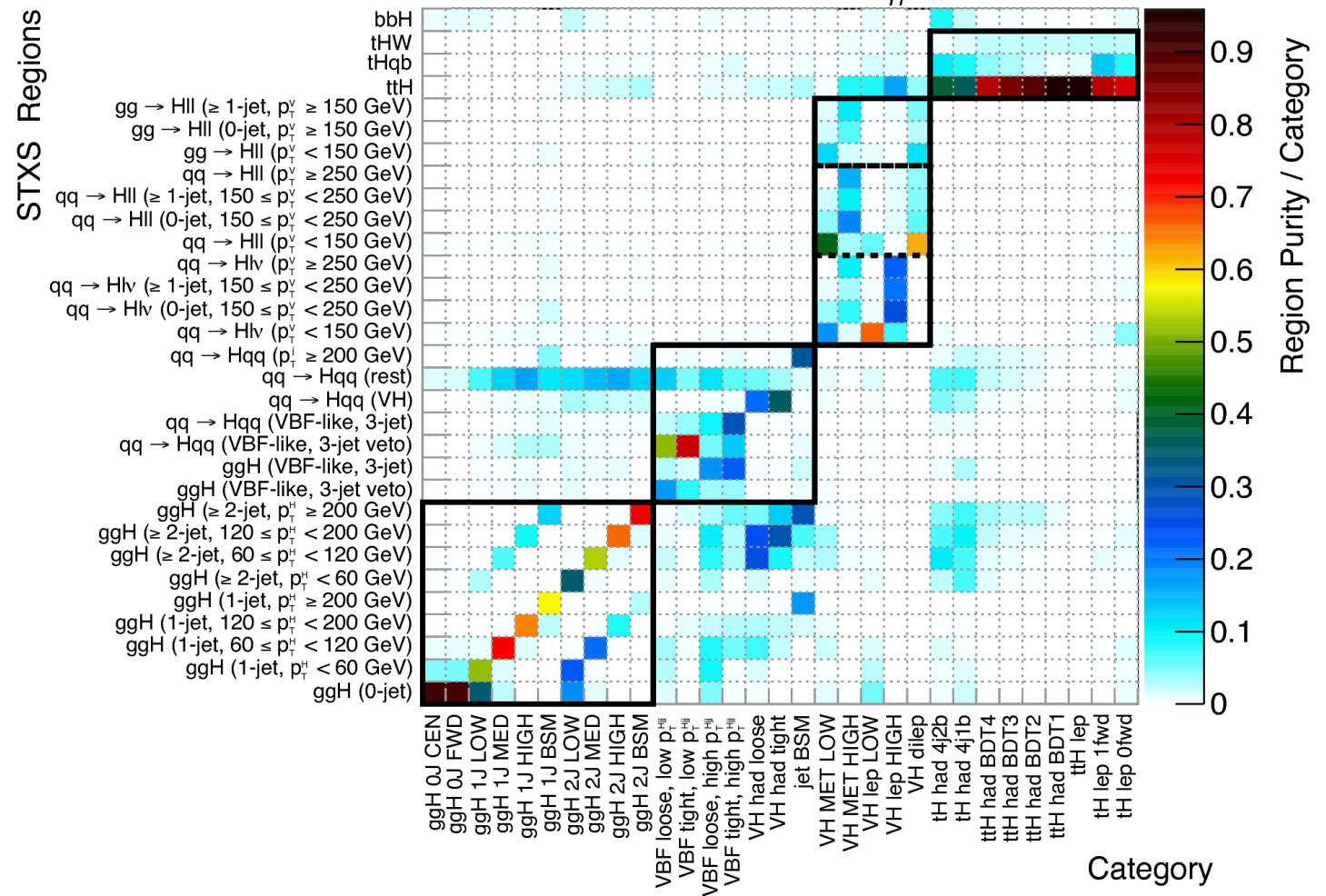
H → γγ: EVENT CATEGORIES

■ ggH
 ■ VBF
 ■ WH
 ■ ZH
 ■ ggZH
 ■ ttH
 ■ bbH
 ■ tHqb
 ■ tHW

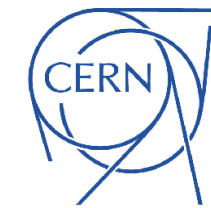
ATLAS Preliminary $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$, $m_H = 125.09$ GeV



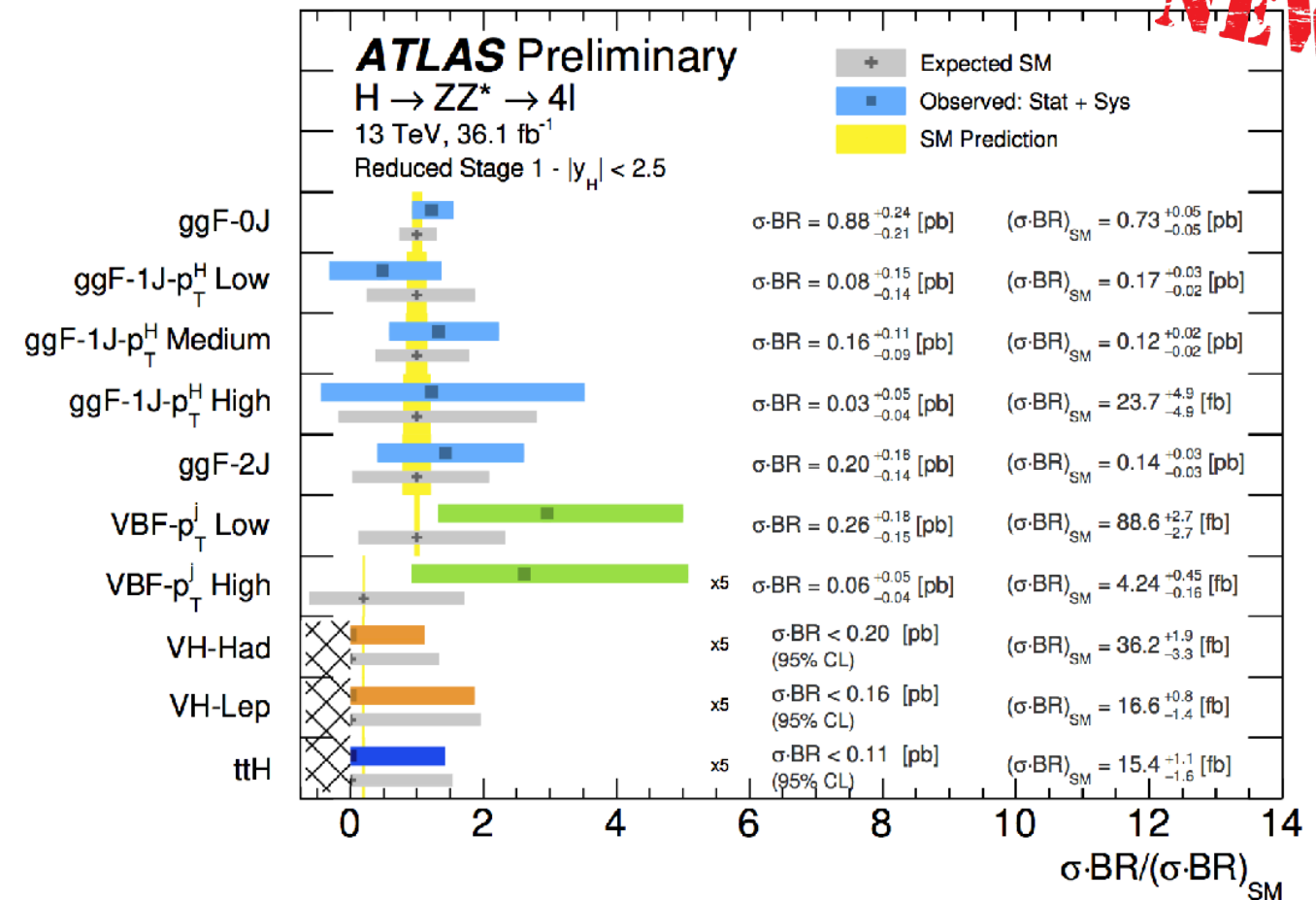
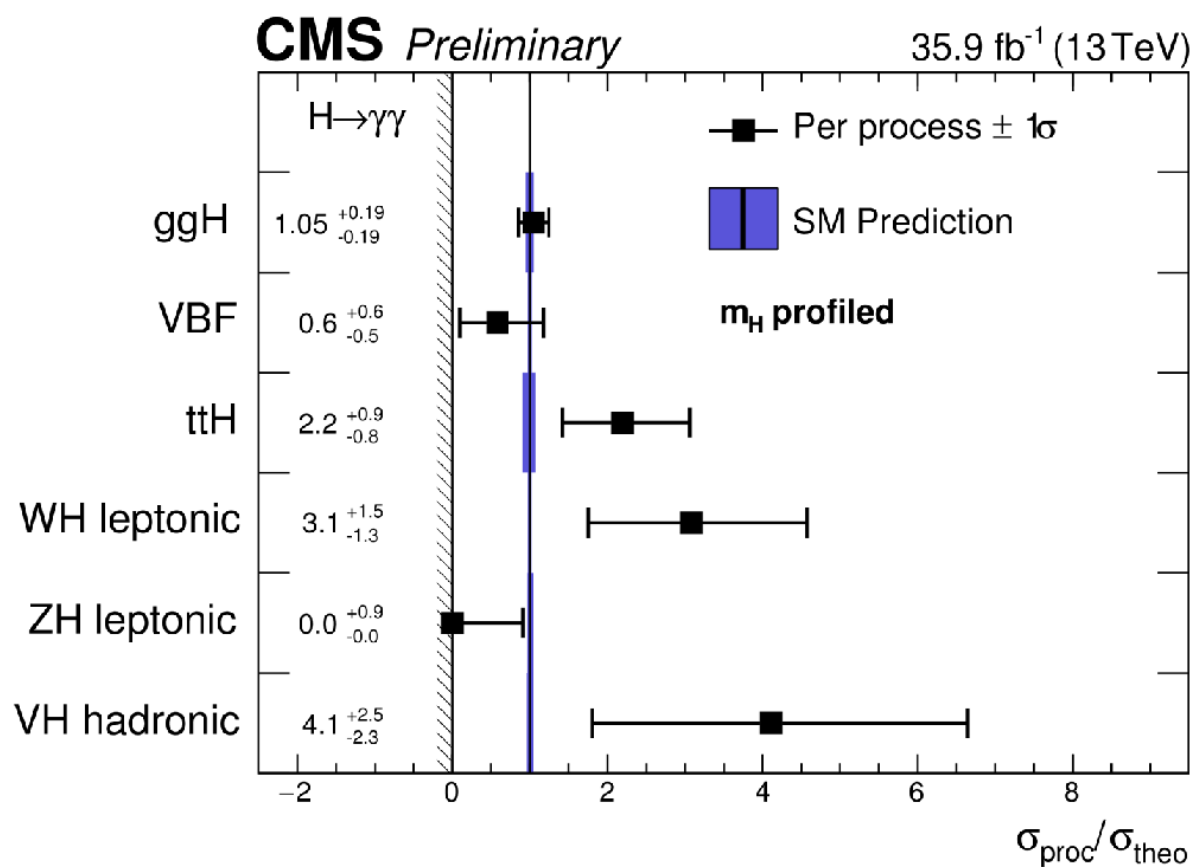
ATLAS Preliminary $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$, $m_H = 125.09$ GeV



CROSS SECTIONS BY PRODUCTION MODES



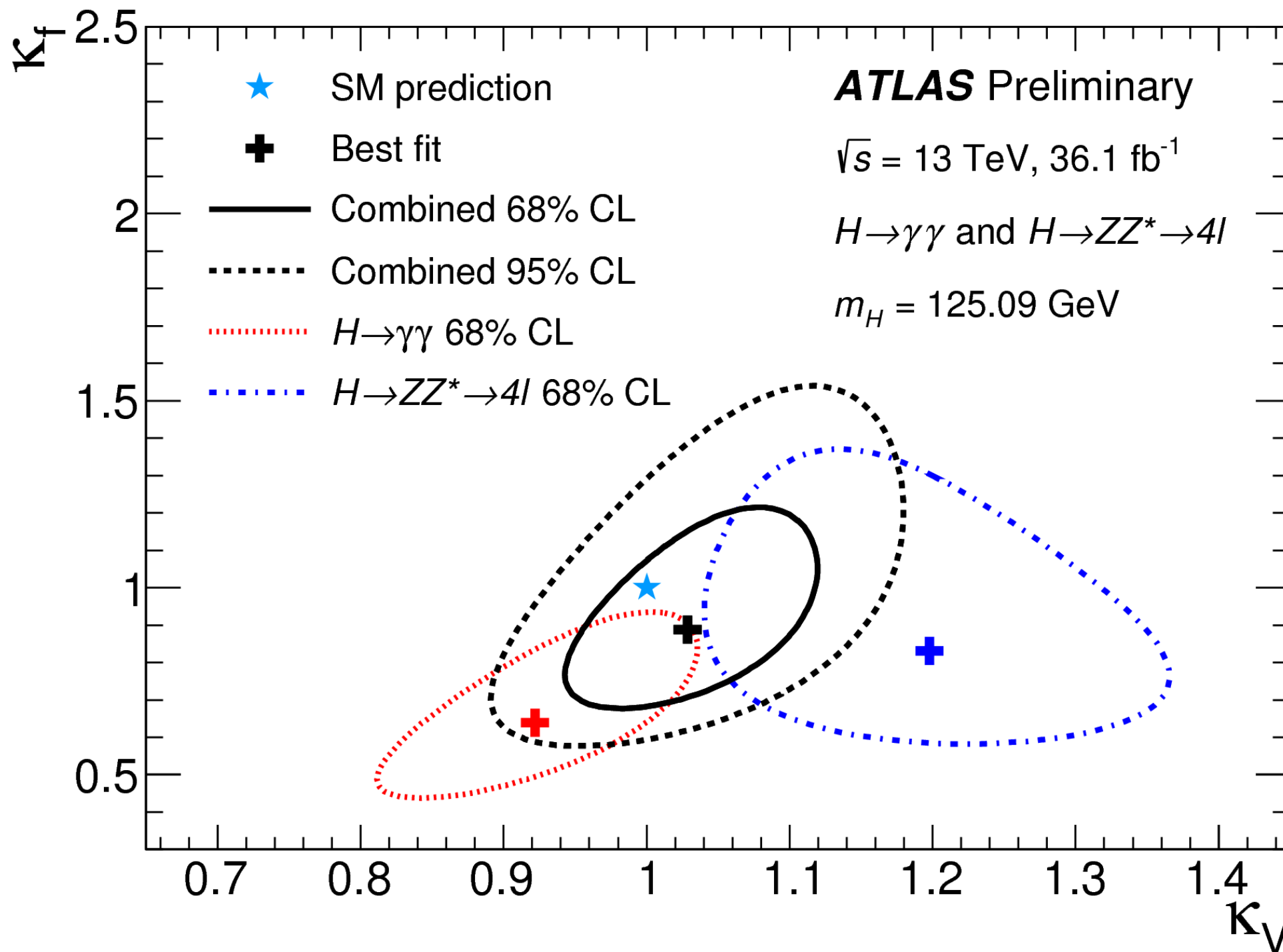
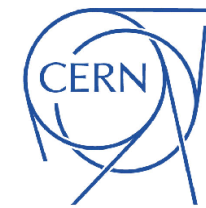
NEW



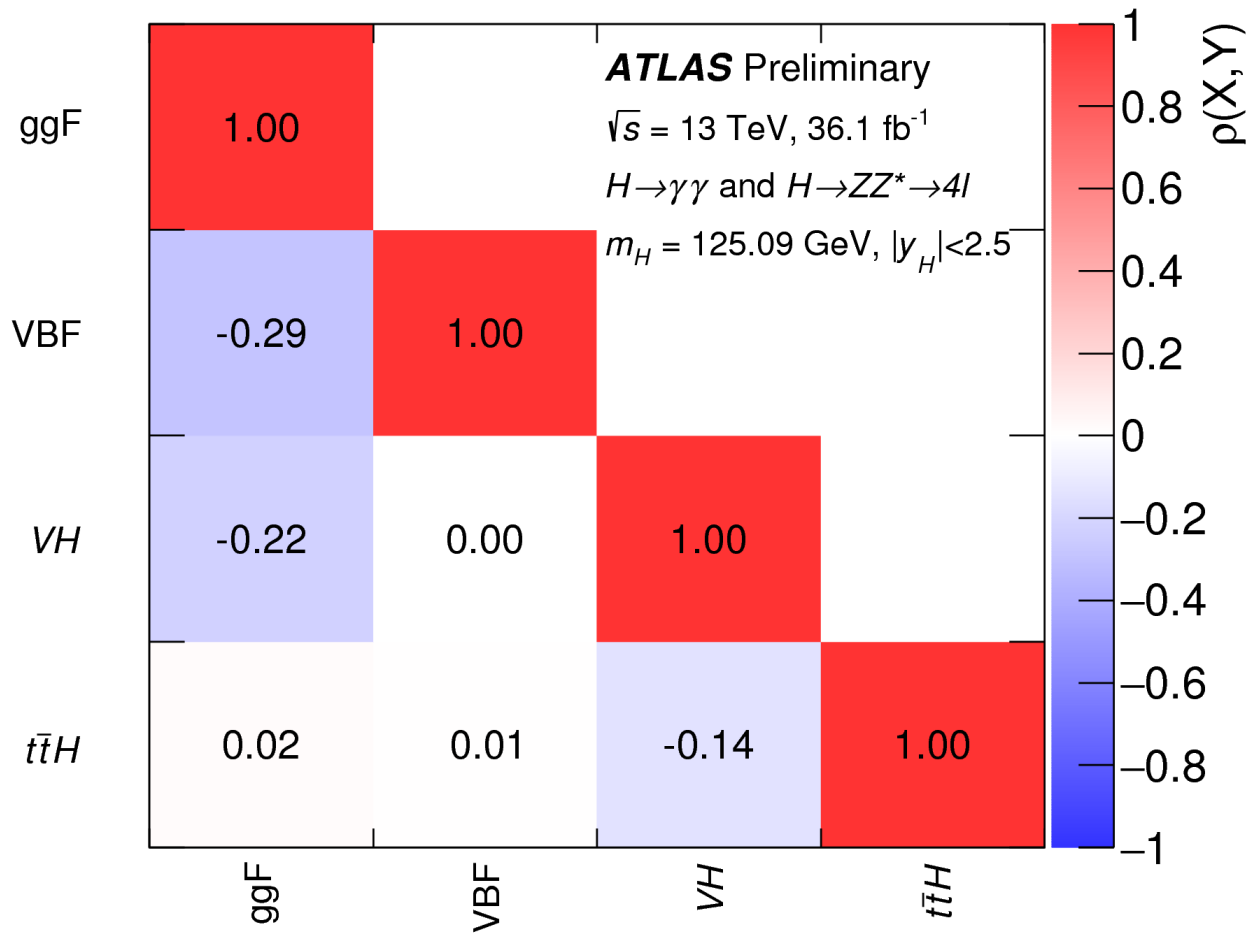
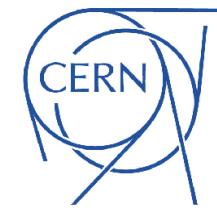
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$, $H \rightarrow ZZ$ split events into several categories

associated production modes (additional jets, leptons)
 different kinematics region (vs $p_T(H)$, $p_T(\text{jet})$)

$H \rightarrow ZZ + H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$: COUPLINGS



H → ZZ + H → γγ: CORRELATIONS



$B_{\gamma\gamma} / B_{4l}$

$gg \rightarrow H$ (0-jet)

$gg \rightarrow H$ (1-jet, $p_T^H < 60 \text{ GeV}$)

$gg \rightarrow H$ (1-jet, $60 \leq p_T^H < 120 \text{ GeV}$)

$g \rightarrow H$ (1-jet, $120 \leq p_T^H < 200 \text{ GeV}$)

$\gamma \rightarrow H$ (≥ 2 -jet, $p_T^H < 200 \text{ GeV}$ or VBF-like)

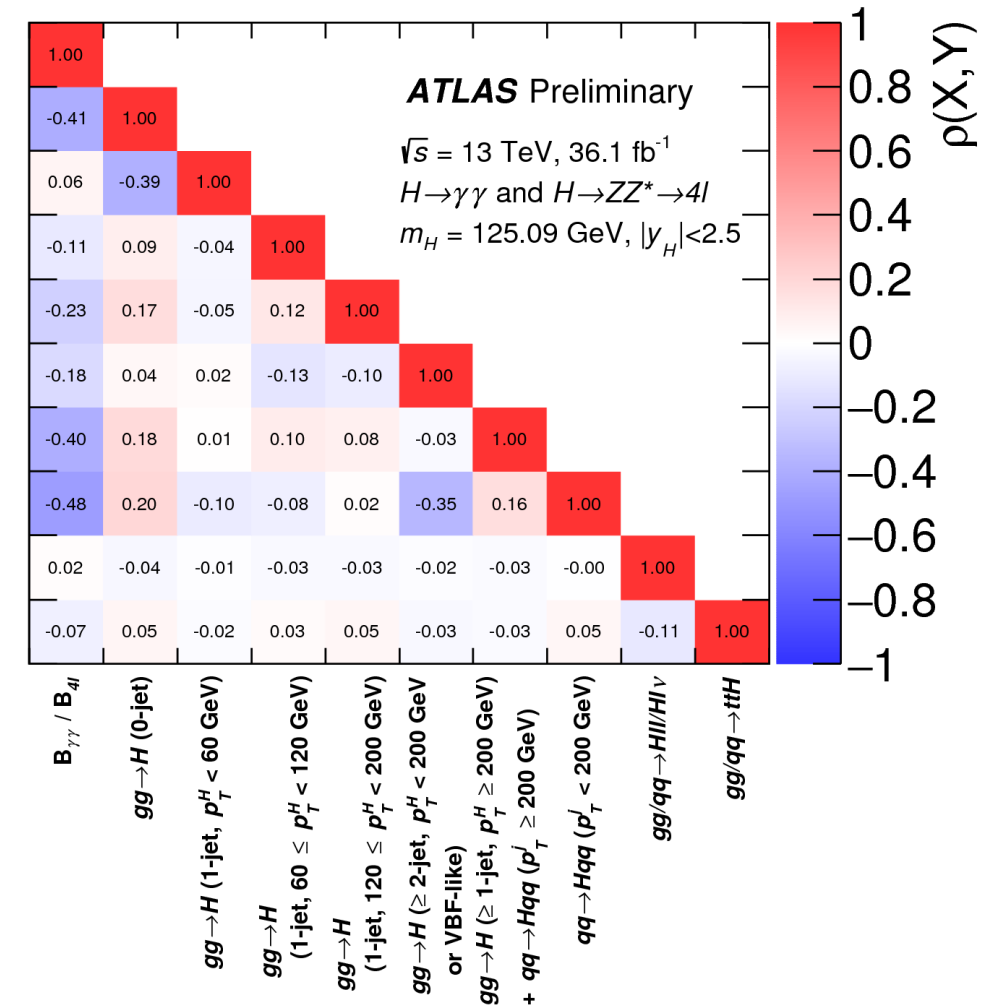
$\rightarrow H$ (≥ 1 -jet, $p_T^H \geq 200 \text{ GeV}$)

$\gamma q \rightarrow Hqq$ ($p_T^j \geq 200 \text{ GeV}$)

$qq \rightarrow Hqq$ ($p_T^j < 200 \text{ GeV}$)

$gg/qq \rightarrow Hll/Hl\nu$

$gg/qq \rightarrow ttH$



H → ZZ → 4L: ANOMALOUS COUPLINGS

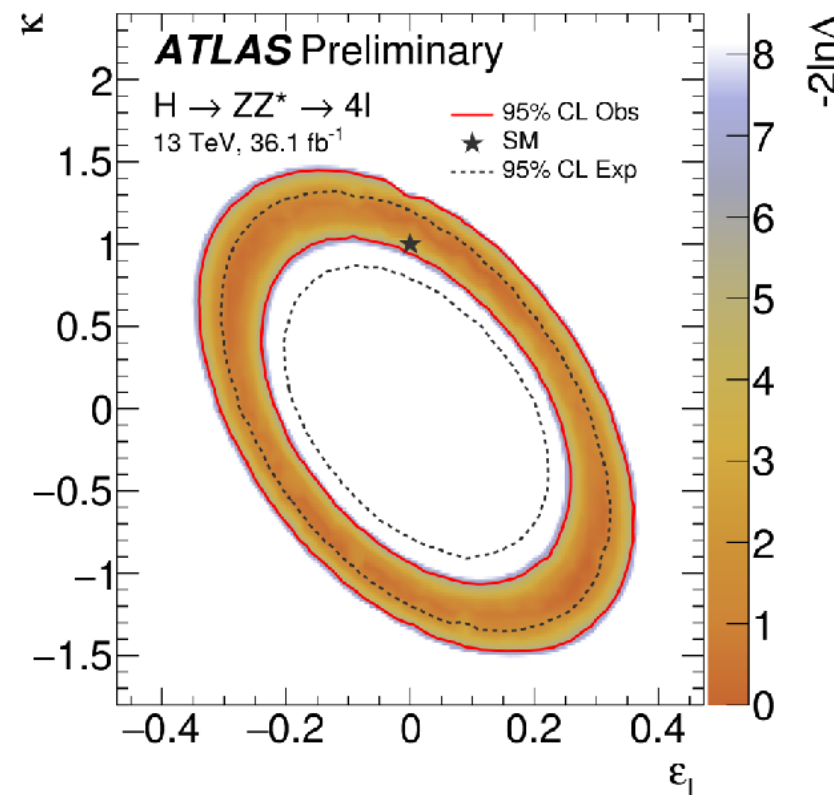
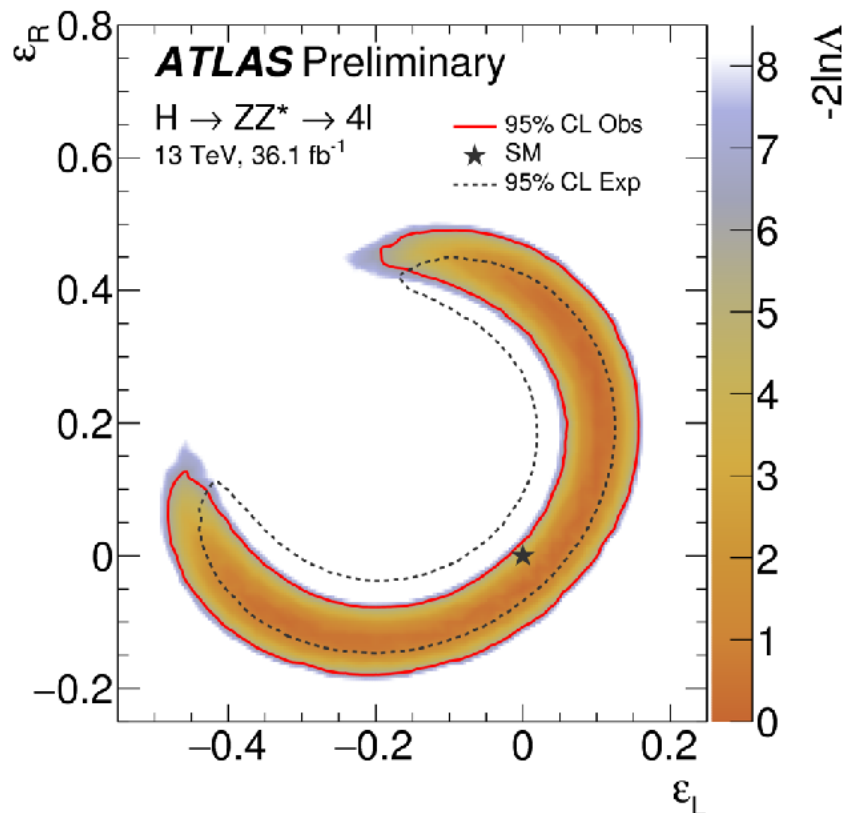
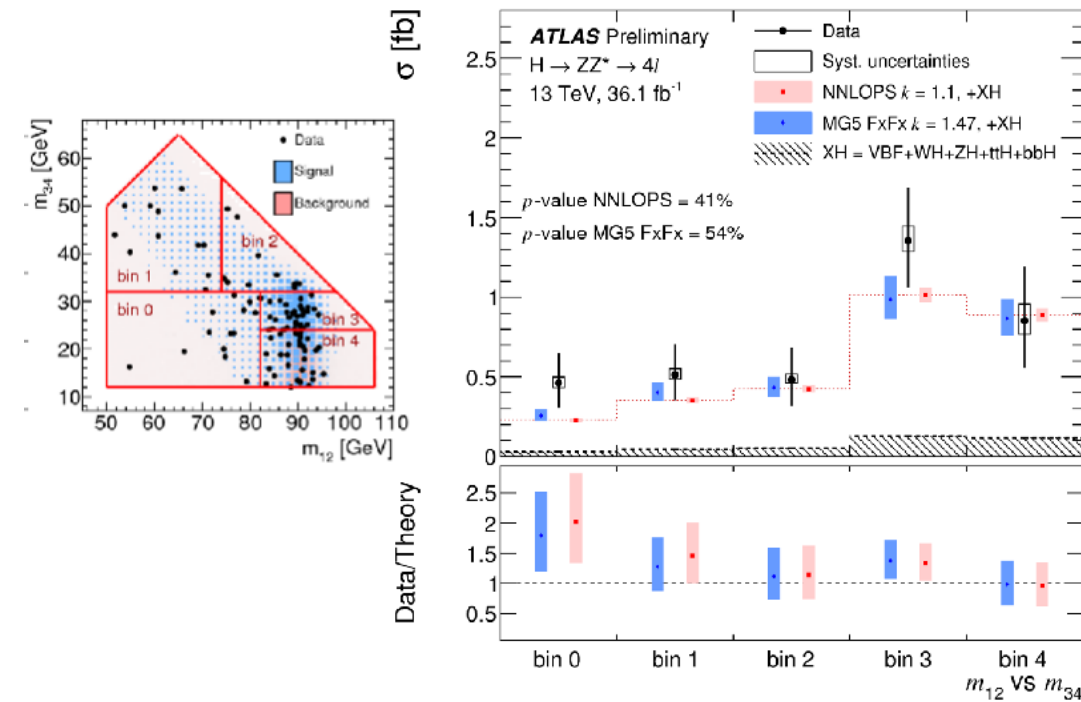
ATLAS-CONF-2017-032

Example: constraints on anomalous couplings in $h \rightarrow 4l$ from differential cross-sections

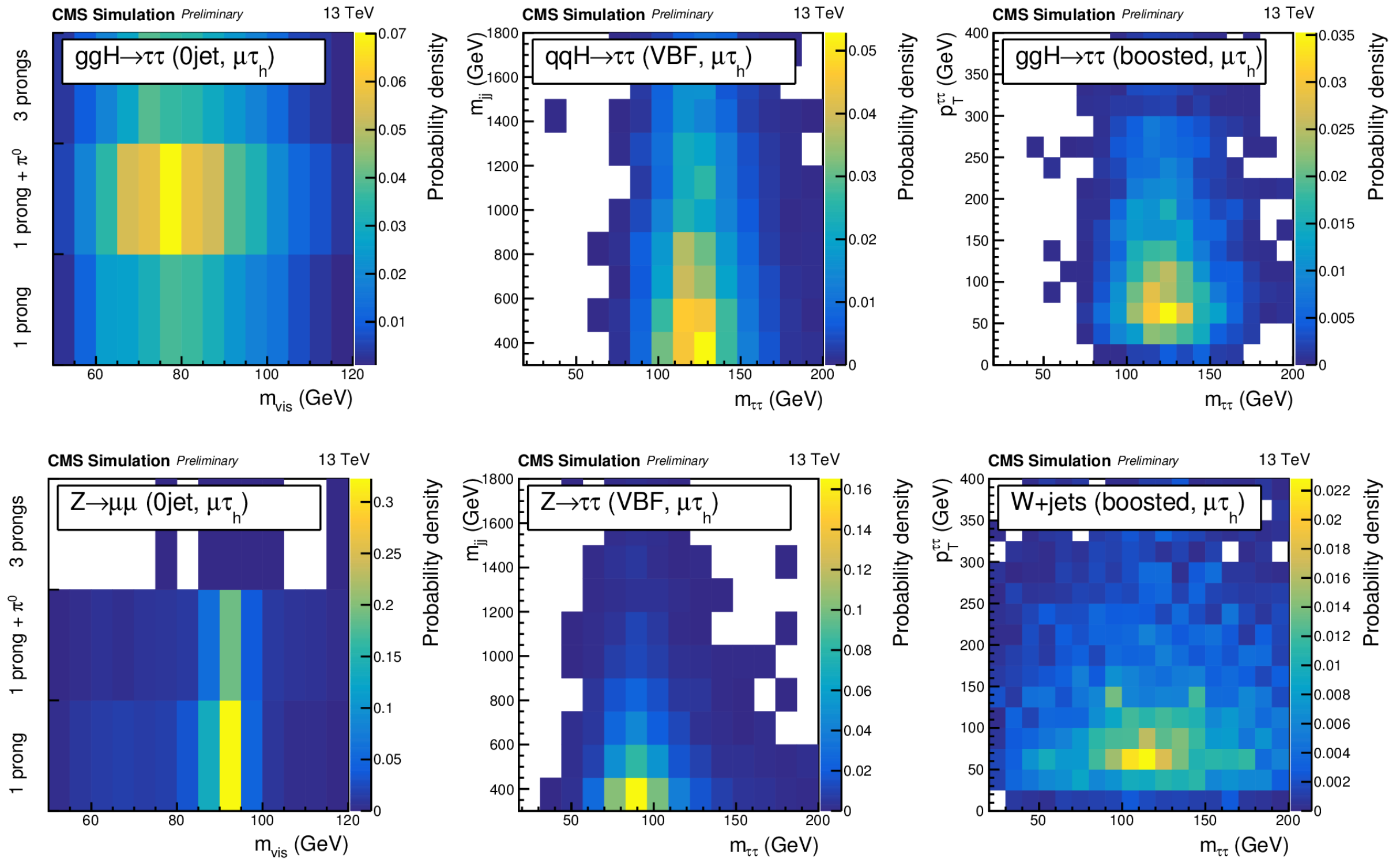
ϵ_L, ϵ_R : regulate contact interactions with left, right-handed leptons (assumed flavour universal) [Eur. Phys. J. C75 (2015) 128]

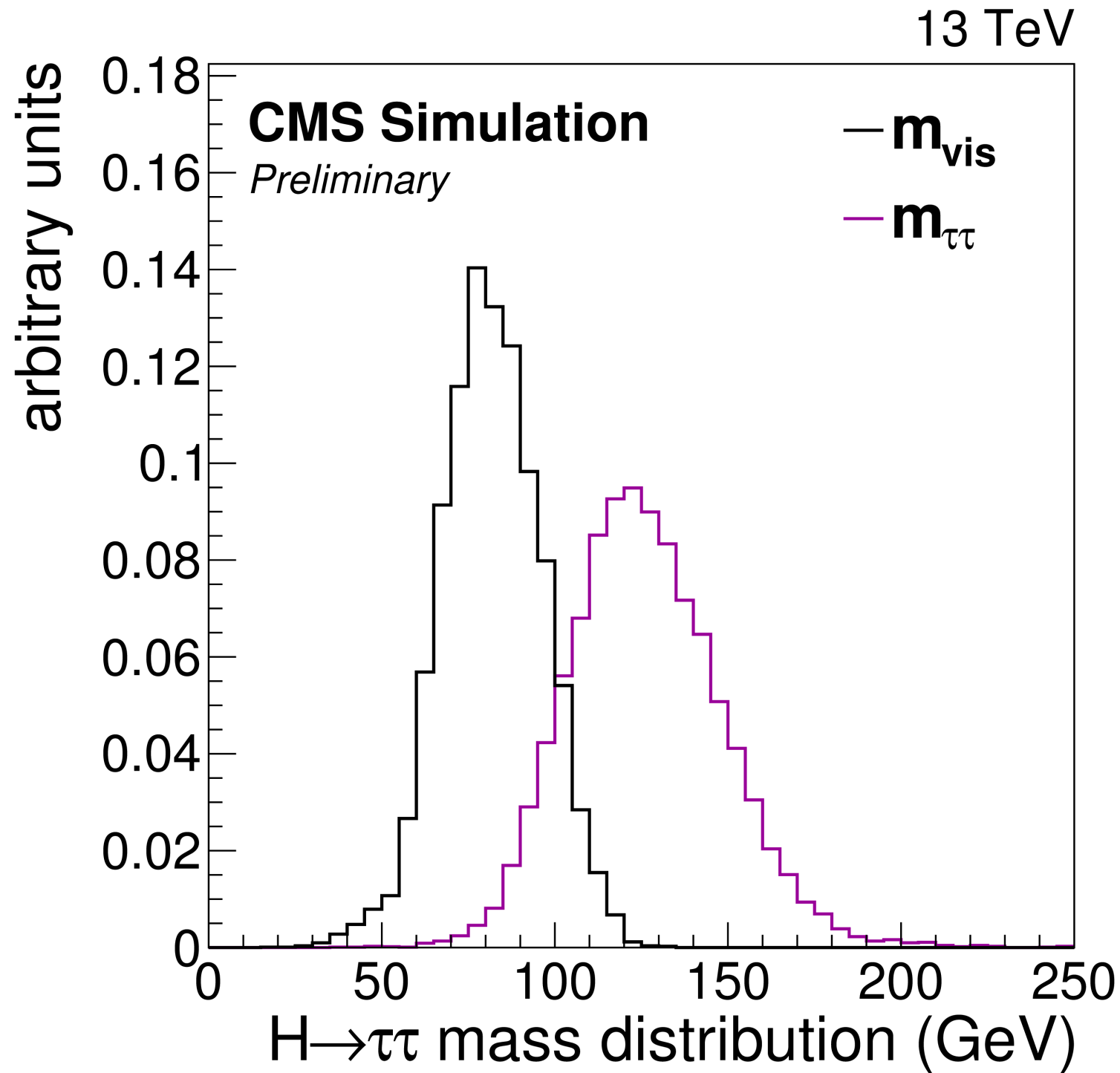
expect changes in overall signal strength + di-lepton invariant mass (m_{12} vs m_{34})

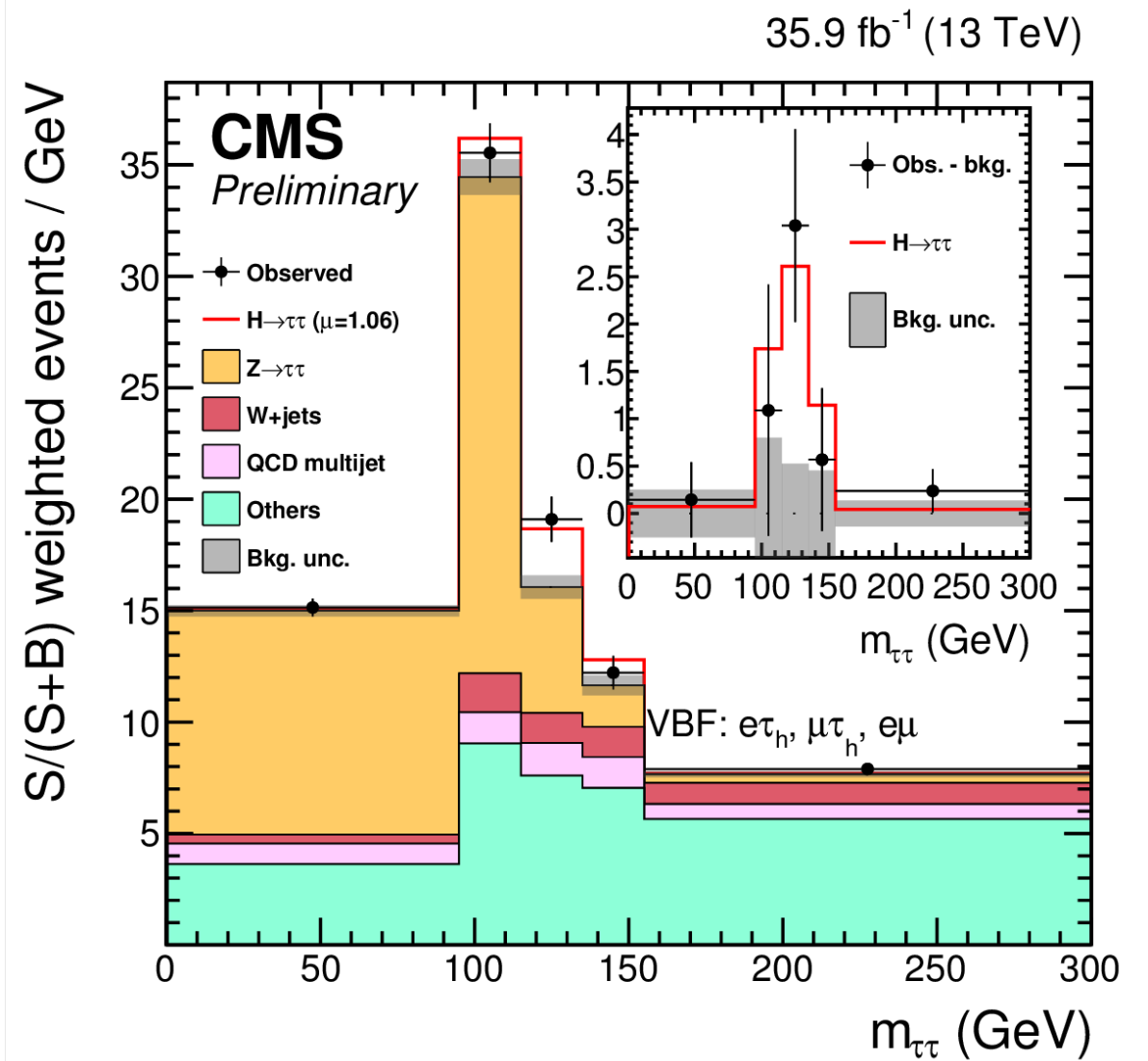
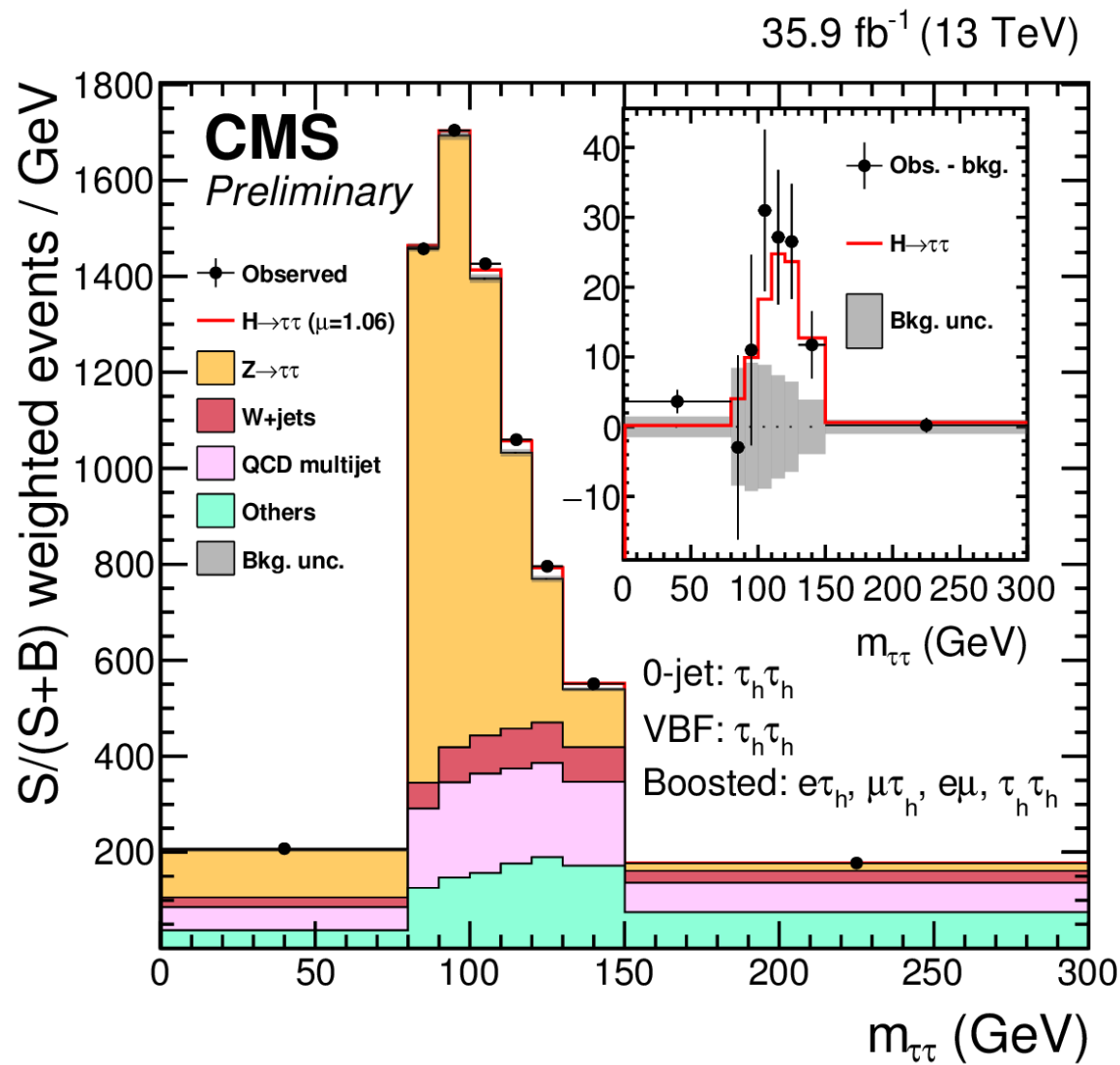
Limits in the plane ϵ_L vs ϵ_R and ϵ_L vs κ_Z



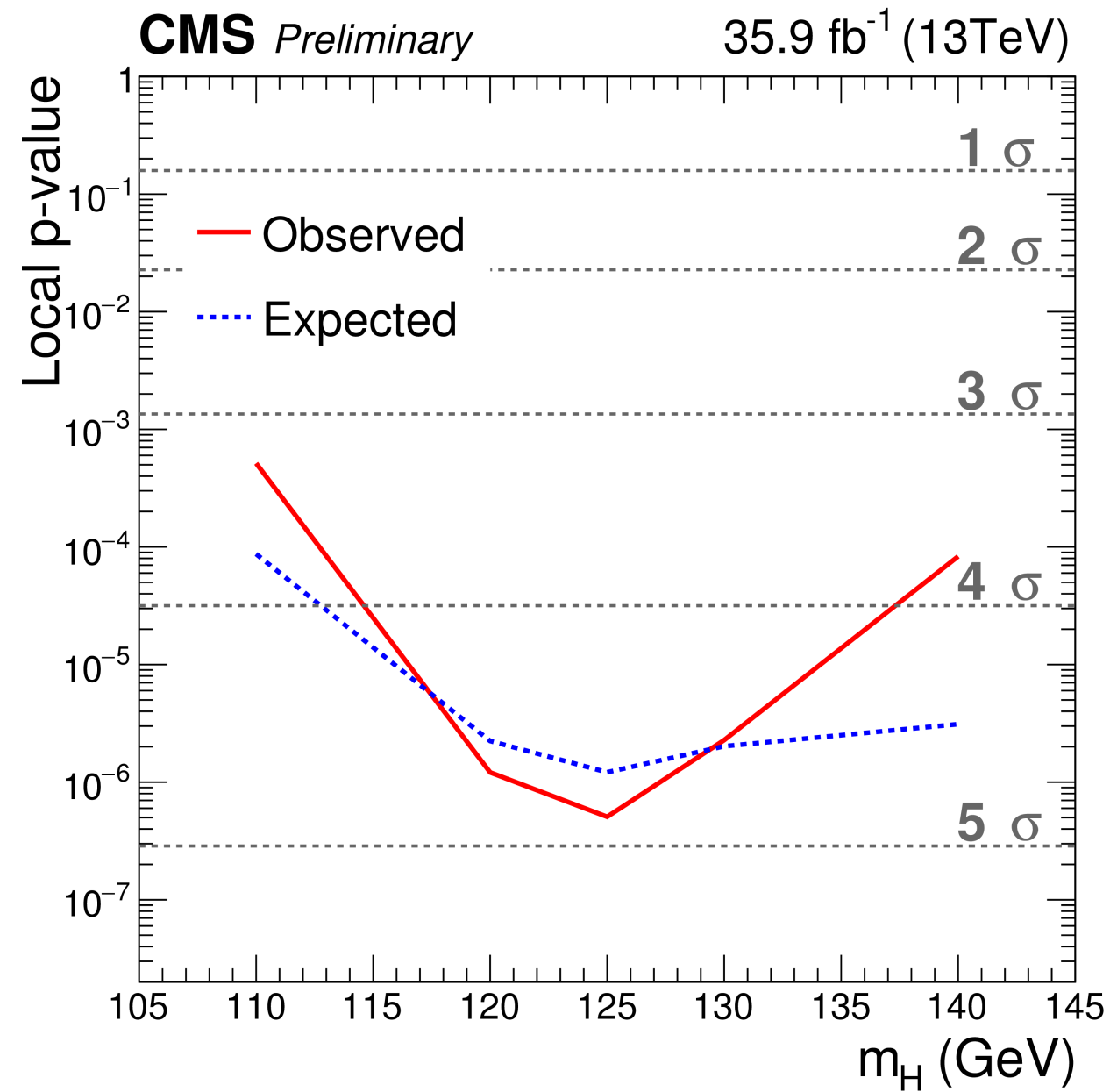
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$



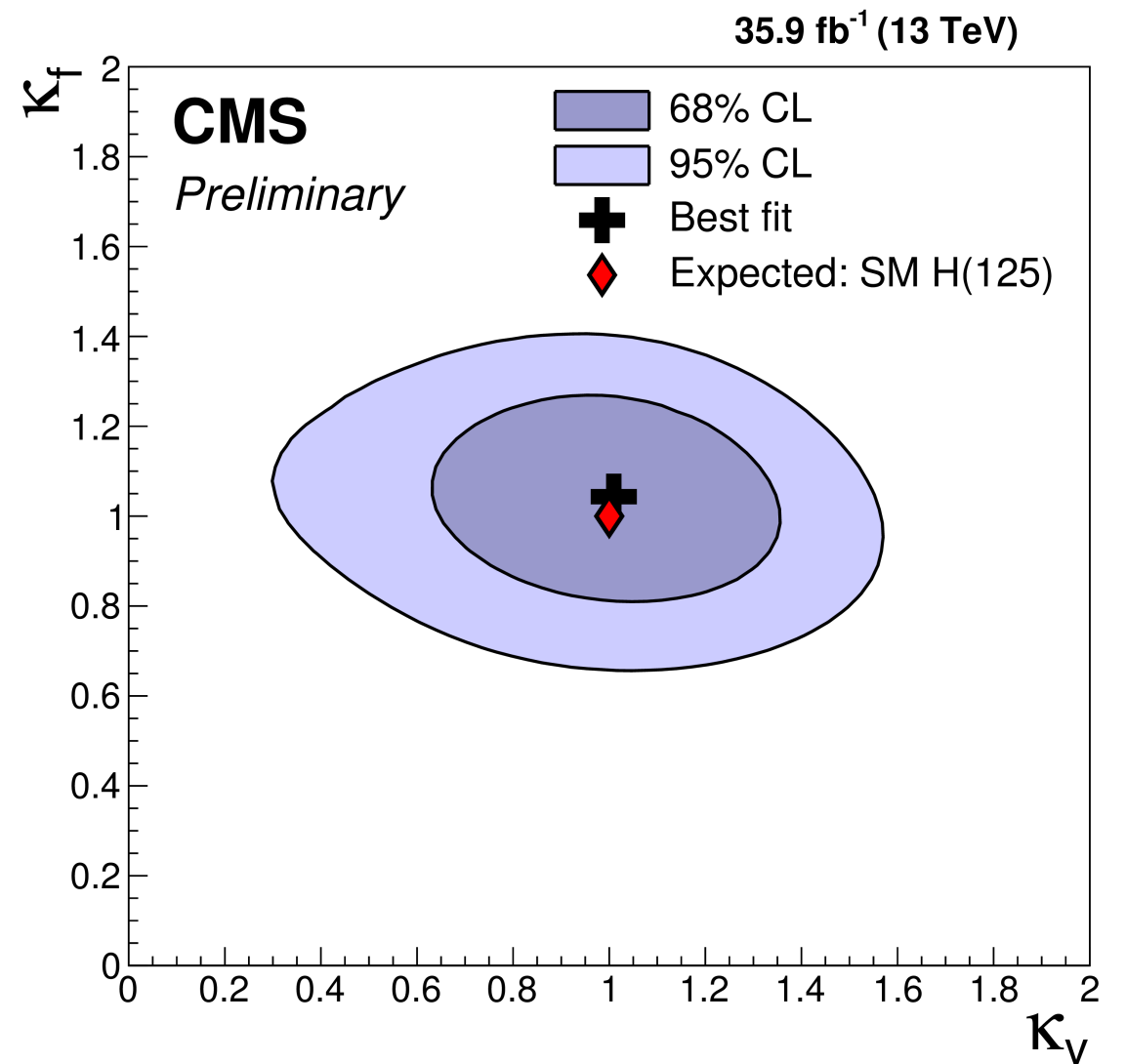
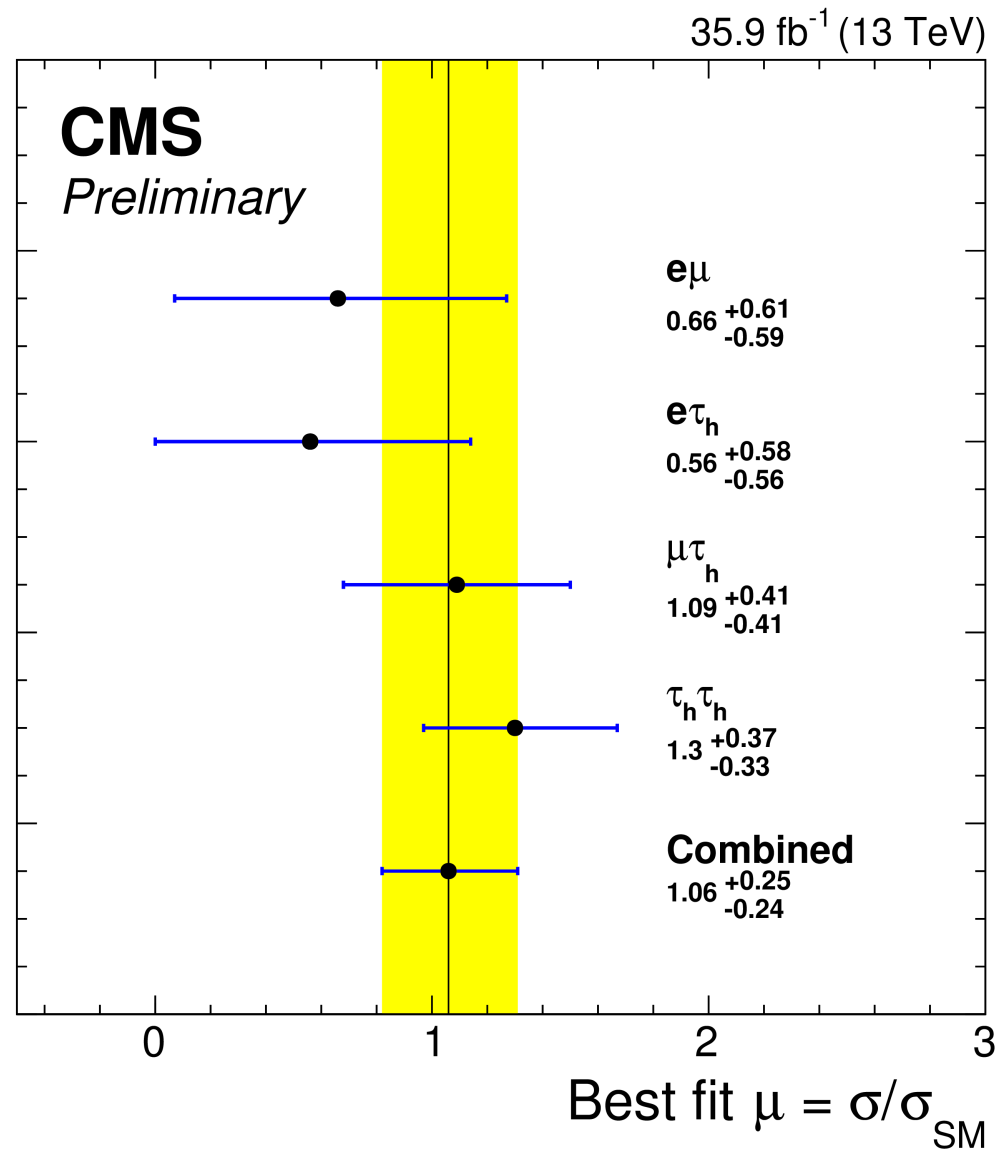
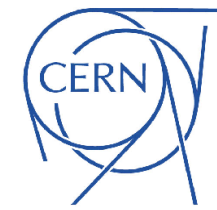




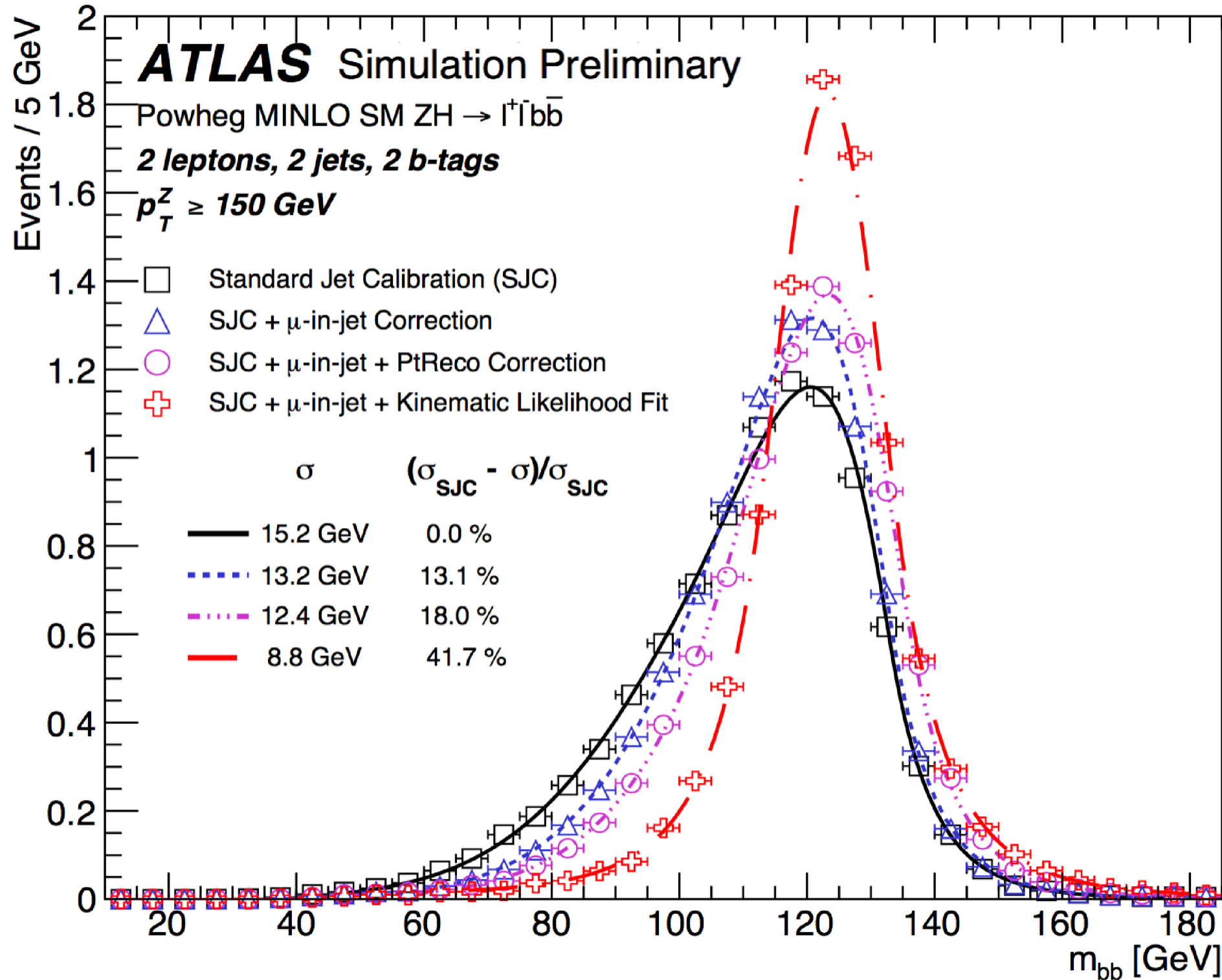
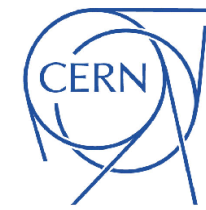
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$: SIGNIFICANCE



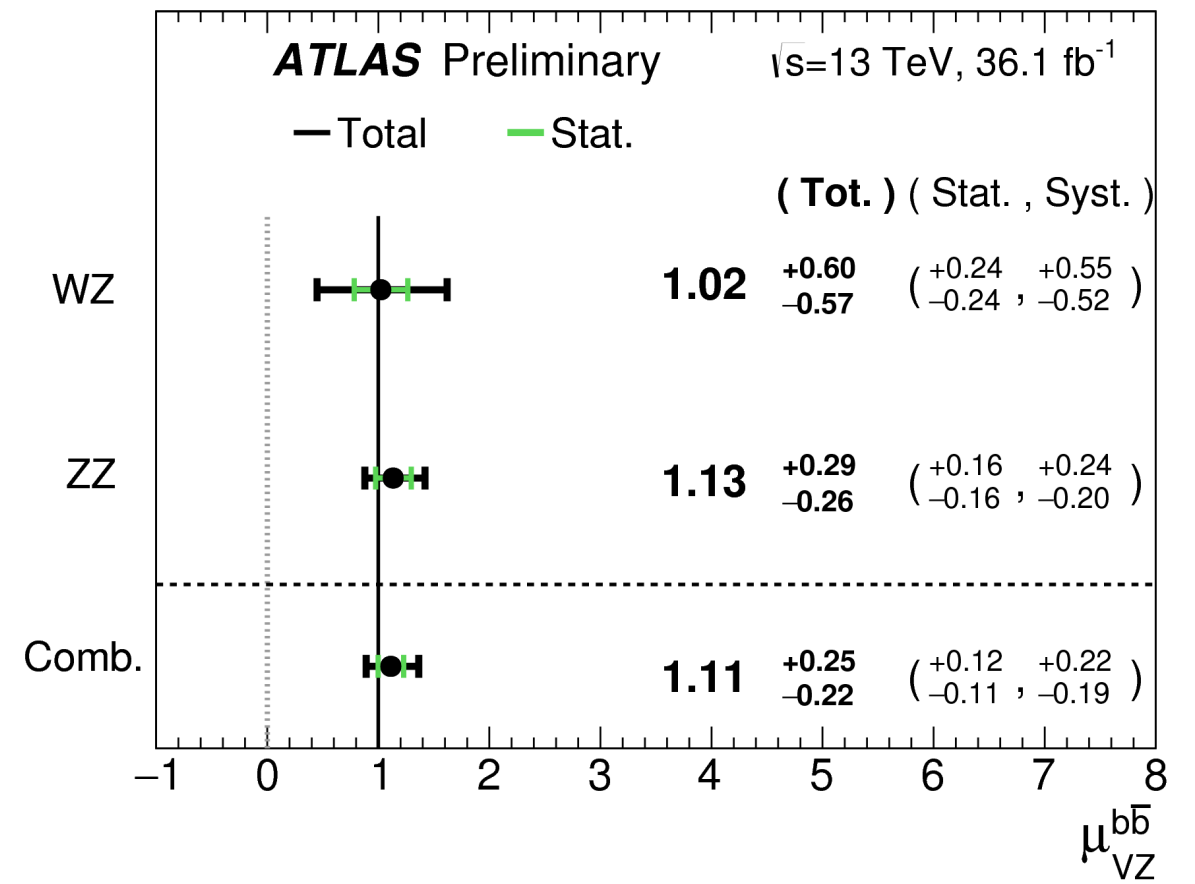
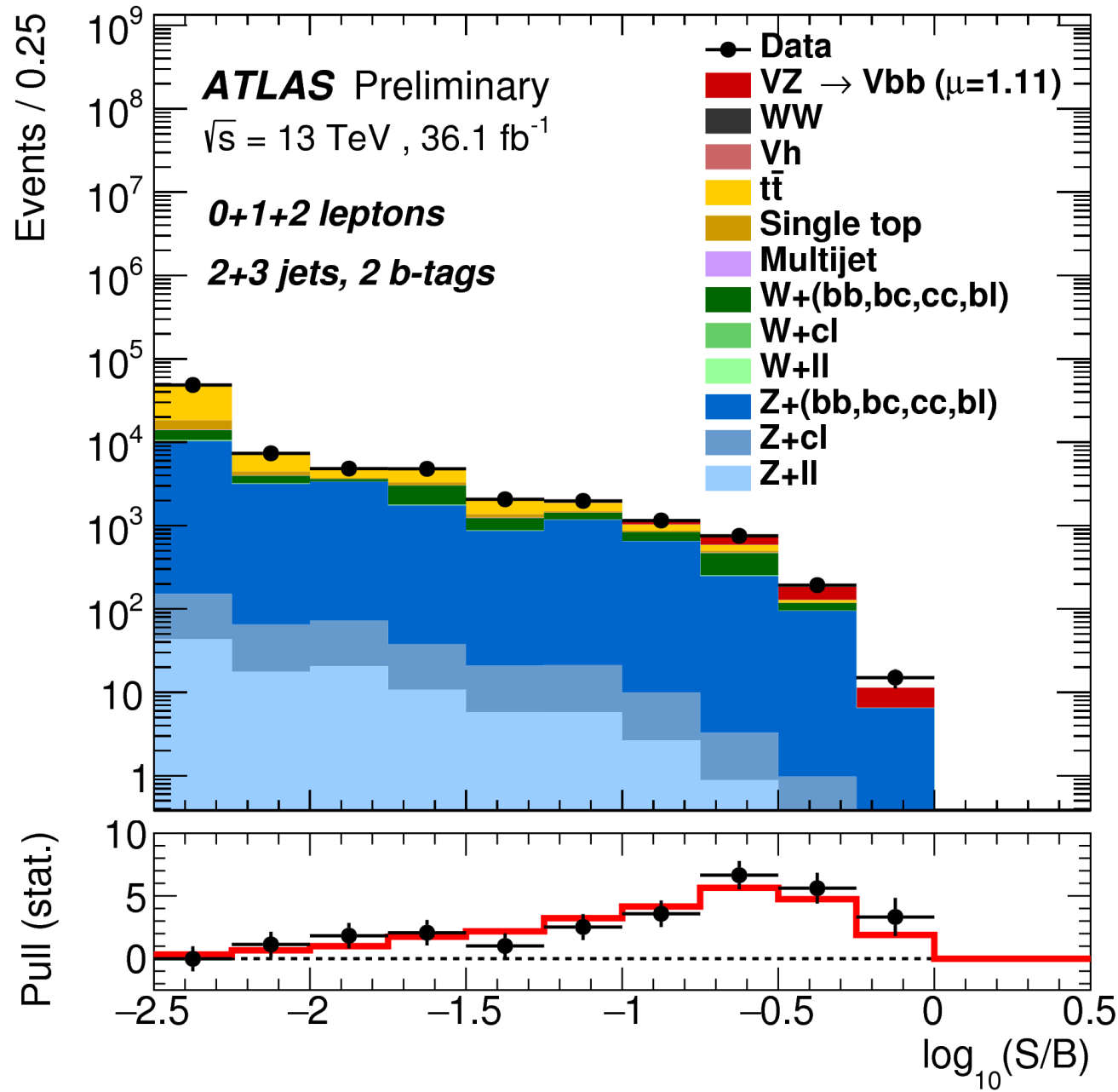
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$: BY CHANNEL & K_V/K_F



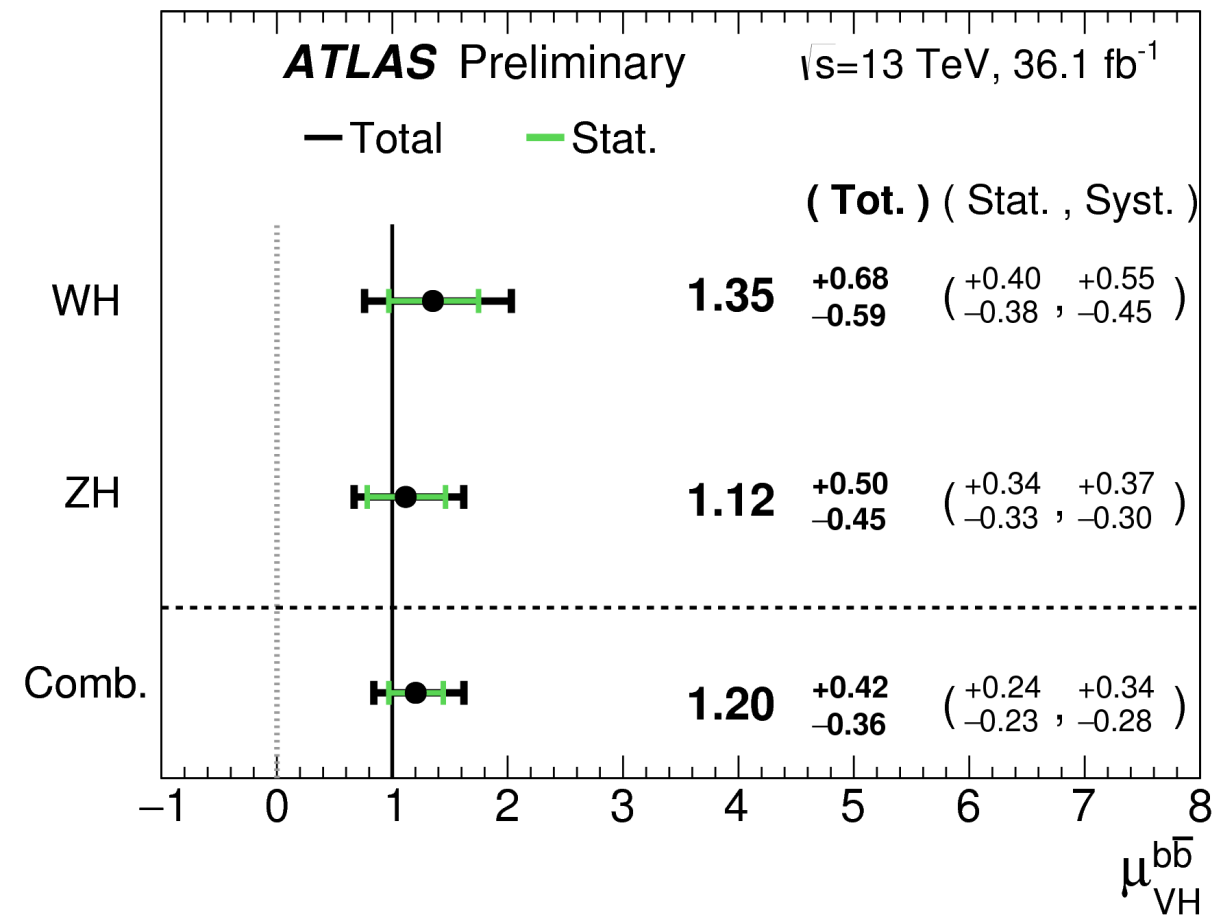
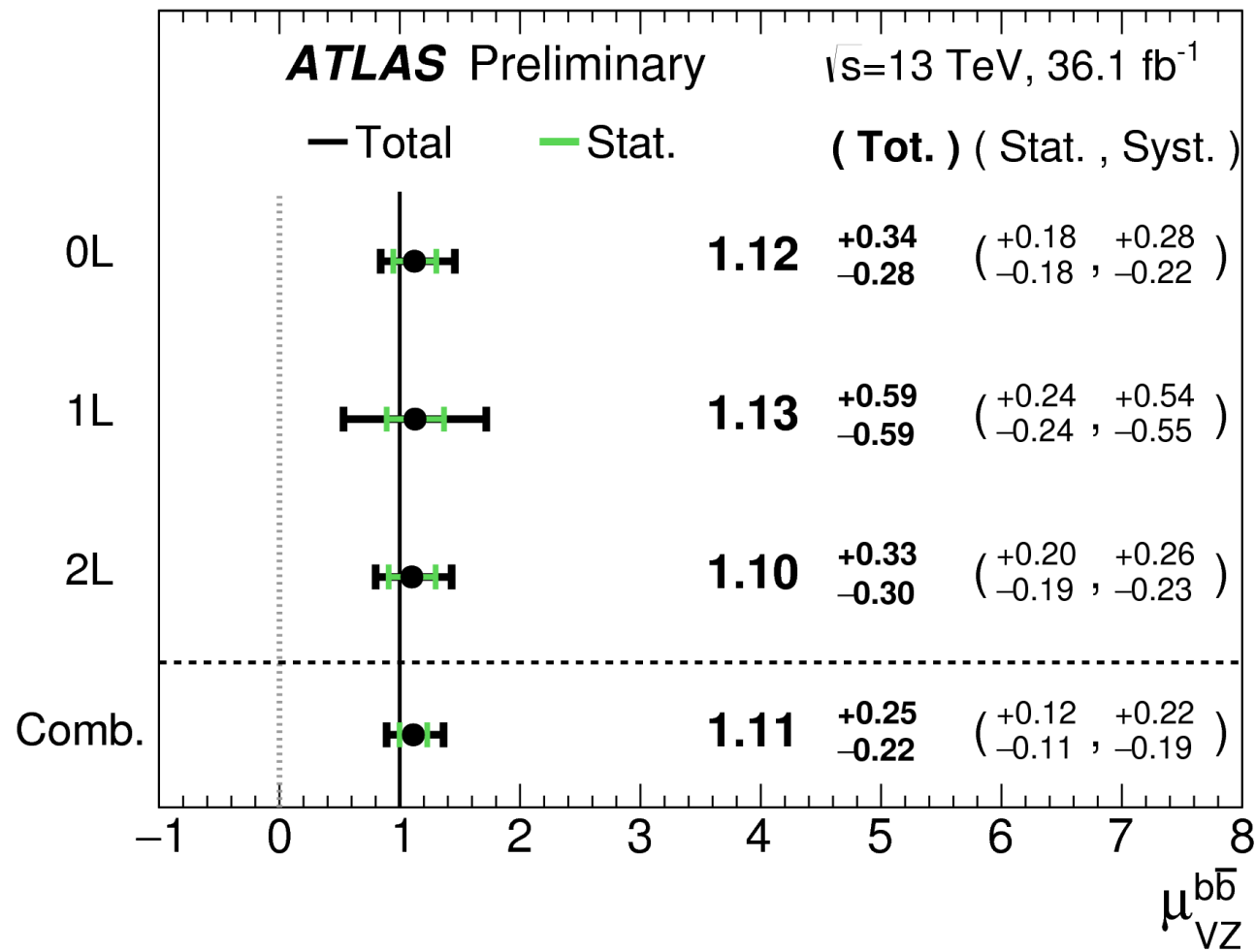
VH(BB): M_{BB} IMPROVEMENTS



VZ(BB)

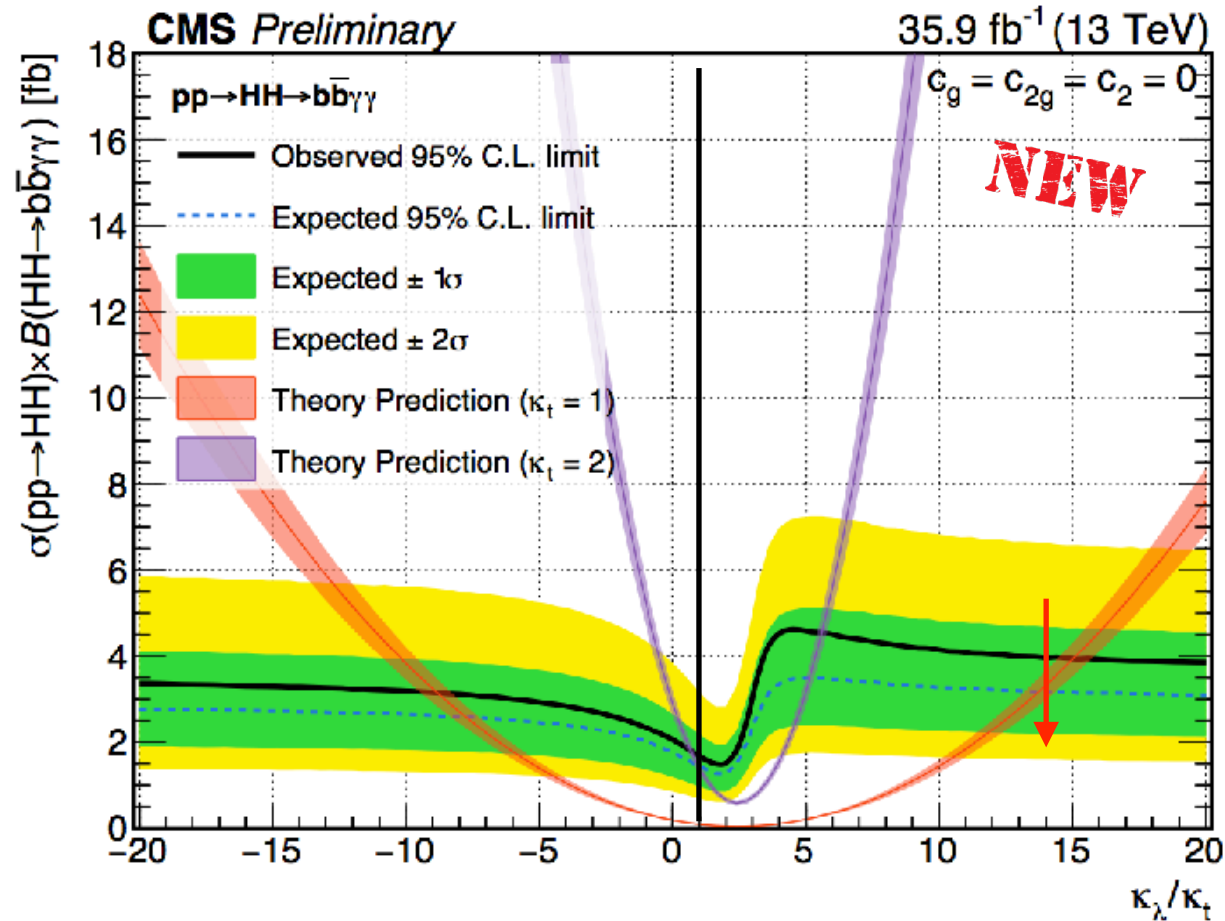


H → BB: CHANNELS



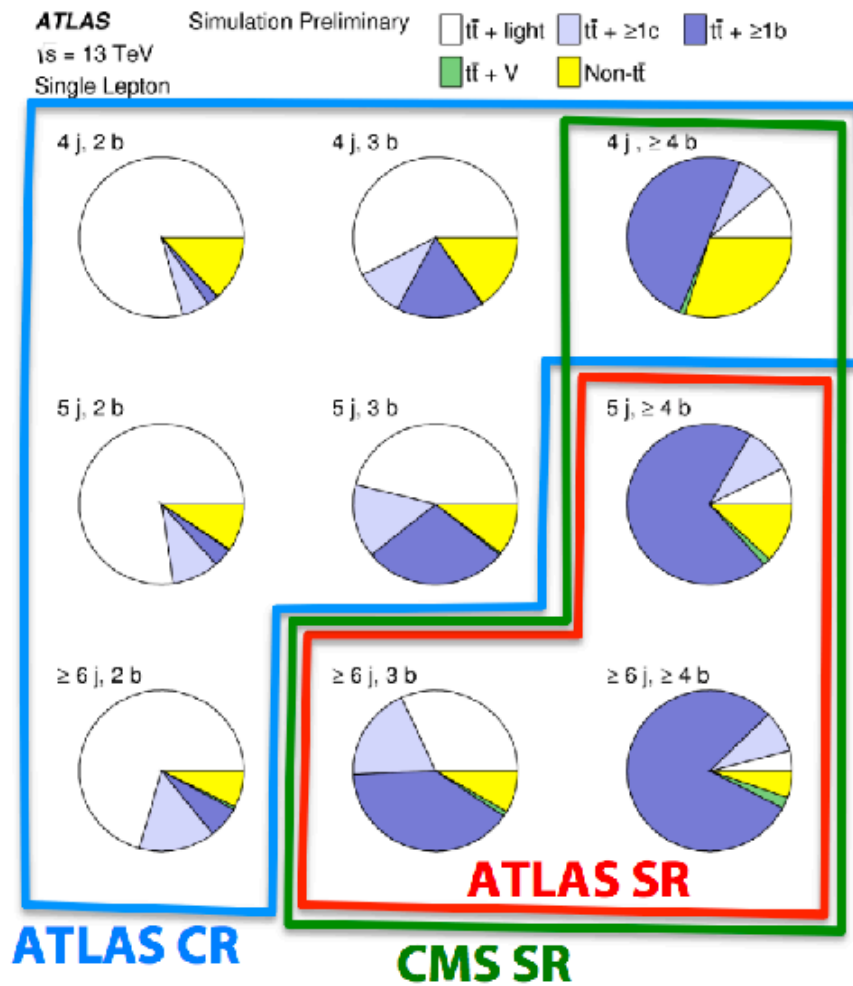
HH → bbγγ

CMS HIG-17-008

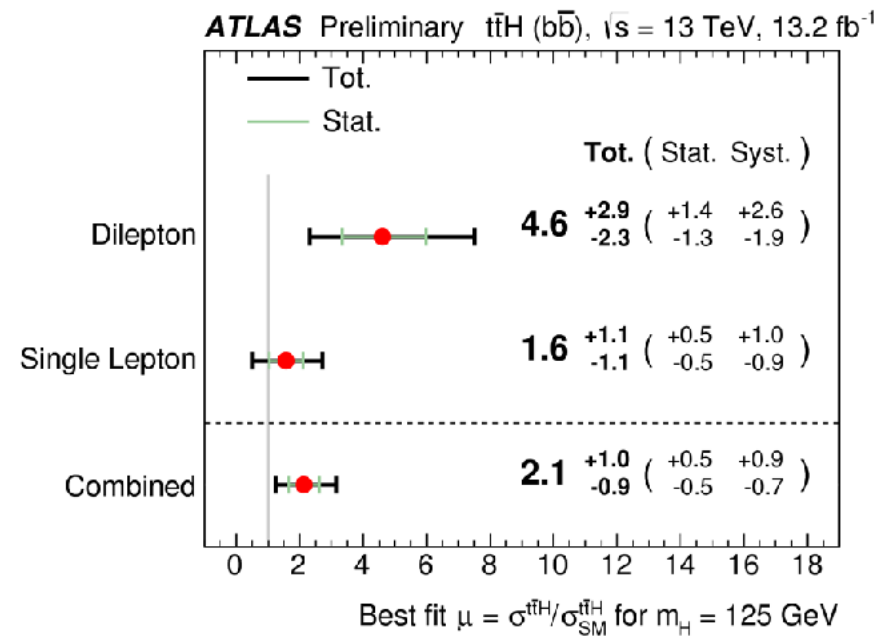


bbγγ most sensitive channel:
limit on $\sigma(HH) < 19 \sigma/\sigma_{SM}$ @ 95% CL
self-coupling modifier $k_\lambda(k_{t=1}) \in [-8.8, 15]$

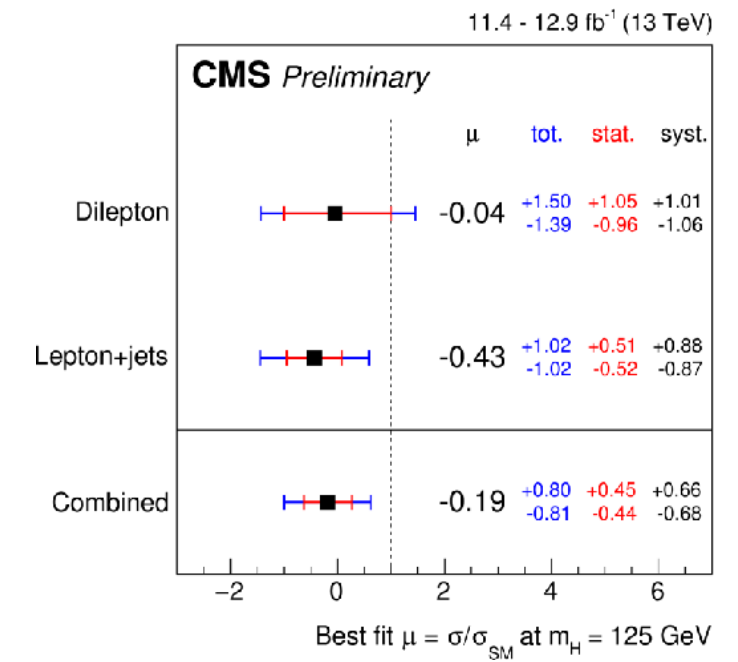
TTH(BB)



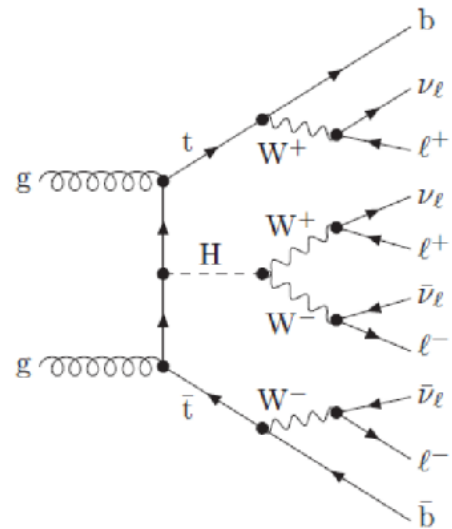
ATLAS-CONF-2016-080



CMS HIG-16-038



TtH MULTILEPTON



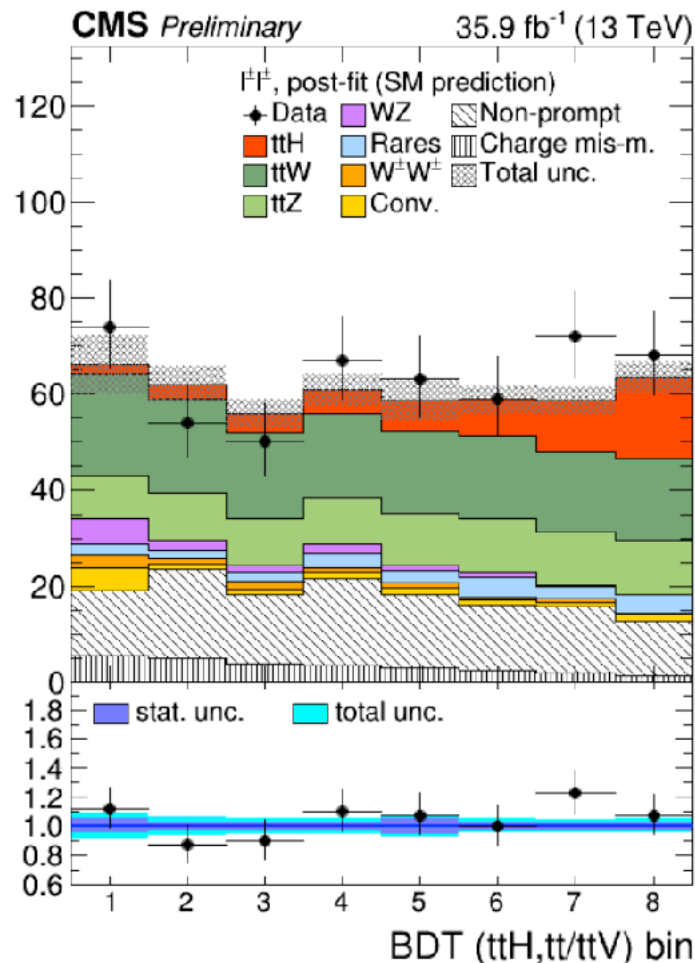
ttH(multilepton): target $H \rightarrow WW, ZZ, \tau\ell\tau\ell$

Select events with $\ell^\pm\ell^\pm$ or $\geq 3\ell$ + additional jets and b-jets

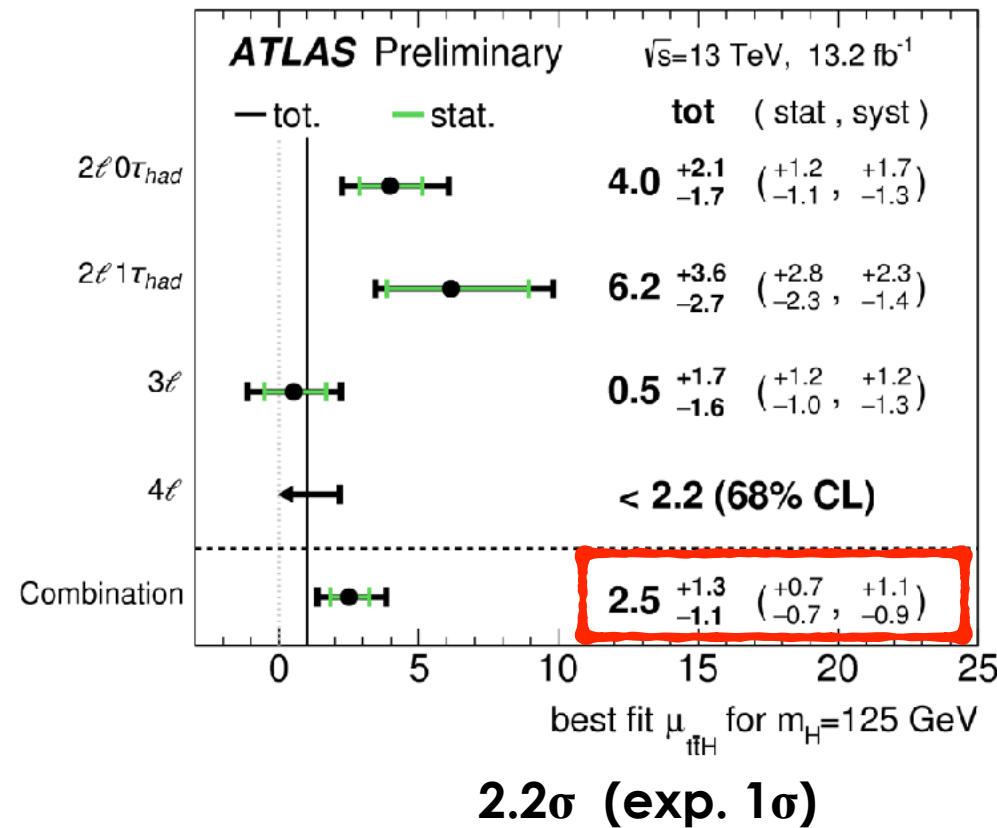
Residual background: $tt+(W,Z,\gamma^*)$ + reducible tt +jets

ATLAS: counting experiment

CMS: 2D BDT to discriminate from tt and $tt+V$



ATLAS-CONF-2016-058



CMS HIG-17-004

