

Chasing Dark Matter at the LHC

Part 1: Dark Matter at Collider and Non-hadronic Signatures

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What`s Next for Particle Physicists, Post-Higgs?



• Four years ago, exactly as today,

we were all following an interesting seminar..





• Today, exactly as four years ago,

we are still trying to answer many questions !!

Dark Matter:

- \rightarrow 5x more prevalent than visible matter
- \rightarrow nature unknown but could be made of particles



There is More Than Meets the Eye

VAN ALBADA ET AL

TITTELLI

20 Radius

 \rightarrow Galaxies Rotation Curves

V.Rubin et al., **1970s**:



• F. Zwicky, **1933**:

 \rightarrow Masses of clusters of Galaxies





- Hubble Telescope,
 - 1990s-Today: → Gravitational Lensing





...And many others: Large-Scale Structure Formation, BBN, Baryonic acoustic oscillation..

A Natural DM Candidate

- All evidence for dark matter so far is gravitational
 - \rightarrow Non-Baryonic \rightarrow no electromagnetic or strong interaction
 - \rightarrow Cold/Non-Relativistic/Massive
- Present day DM density of 23% explained assuming weak scale annihilation xsec

\rightarrow DM as a thermal relic: WIMP

- WIMPs arise `naturally' in BSMtheories
- WIMP interactions with ordinary matter extremely rare

\rightarrow Need sensitive detector





When Theory Meets Experiments Two Questions:



1. What channels should we be looking in?

Everywhere and with complementary strategies

When Theory Meets Experiments Two Questions:



1. What channels should we be looking in?

Everywhere and with complementary strategies

2. How do we interpret the results?

Fit results into theoretical models, and compare with other types of experimental evidence

Three Popular Strategies

Needs independent verification from non-astrophysical experiments



• AMS,IceCube

Direct





• XENON-100, DAMA, CoGeNT

• Tevatron, LHC





Colliders



Three Popular Strategies

Needs independent verification from non-astrophysical experiments



- Observe annihilation products
- Low mass DM particles not accessible
- Depends on DM density and annihilation model

Direct



- Dark Matternucleus scattering
- Low mass DM particles not probed yet.
- Need large
 detector masses

Colliders



- Laboratory
 production of DM
 particles
- Sensitive to huge mass range
- Both spin-dependent and spinindependent couplings

Describing Nature with Math



Effective Field Theories (EFTs)

- Largely model-independent
- Easy to compare results with those from direct detection experiments
- Suffer from validity issues at LHC energies

Simplified models

- Using explicit mediators
- More model-dependent
- Valid at all energies

LHC-DM Forum:Use simplified models when possible - still some EFT results for certain benchmark models arXiv:1507.00966

What Fermi has Taught Us: EFT

Assumptions:

- DM particle is only new state accessible to the collider
- Mediator is heavy and can be integrated out
 - \rightarrow contact interaction

$$\frac{g_q g_\chi}{q^2 - M^2} \xrightarrow{q^2 \ll M^2} \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \qquad \Lambda^2 = \frac{M^2}{g_q g_\chi}$$

• Theory valid only if:

$$Q_{\text{transfer}} < M = \sqrt{g_{\chi}g_q}\Lambda < 4\pi\Lambda$$



- \rightarrow Parameter of interest is the contact interaction scale \varkappa
- Vary Lorentz structure, spin assignments to describe scalar, pseudoscalar, vector, axial vector and tensor interactions arXiv:1008.1783



Looking into the Details: Simplified Models



- Can truncate the EFT production when $\mathbf{Q}_{transfer} > \mathbf{M}$
- This requires knowing the masses/couplings
- Turn a 1-D problem into a multi-dimensional one:



Probing Dark Matter at the LHC



 Can probe a wide range of DM/SM interaction types in a wide energy range



- Both direct and cascade production depending on the **partonic energy**
- DM particles stable and weakly interacting → escape detection
- How to "see" DM particles? →
 looking for "missing energy" and
 additional SM radiation
 - Generic signature:

$$pp \to E_T + X$$

LHC Mono-X Searches

- A wide range of final states can be investigated exploiting the full potential of LHC experiments:



LHC Mono-X Searches

 A wide range of final states can be investigated using full potential of LHC experiments:



Livia Soffi



LHC Mono-X Searches

Livia Soffi

A wide range of final states can be investigated using full potential of LHC experiments:





Multipurpose Detectors



ATLAS



- Measure all possible properties of all collision products
- Combination of different detector types for momentum, energy, origin, type, ...
- Several subdetectors arranged like shells of an onion



Measuring the Invisible

- MET caused by particles escaping detection and detector effects: noise, dead/hot cells
- MET $\rightarrow\,$ energy imbalance in the plane transverse to the colliding beams



Mono-Photon Search



Signature: One high-P_T photon and large missing energy balanced in the transversal plan



CMS-PAS-EXO-16-014 arXiv:1604.01306



Photon Reconstruction and ID

- Reconstruction from **clusters of energy deposits** in the electromagnetic calorimeter
- Data/MC energy correction obtained calibrating the detector w/ Z→ ee events

Identification based on:





Background Contributions



- All backgrounds extrapolated from orthogonal data samples.
- Normalization obtained via a simultaneous likelihood fit to the observed Yields
 - Z(νν)/W(lν) +
 γ → ~ 75%





- γ + jets/ Multi-jet
- Z/W+ jets

 Non-collision background







Reduced by:

 $\begin{array}{ll} \rightarrow \Delta \Phi(\text{MET, jet}) & \rightarrow \text{Lepton Veto} & \rightarrow \text{time of cluster} \\ \&\& \text{MET cut} & \&\& \text{Photon ID} & /\text{trajectory} \end{array}$



Mono-Photon Energy Spectra

 Cut and count analysis in one SR bin: 264 events observed vs 295+/- 34 background events expected

 Shape analysis in multi bin SR: 77 events observed vs 76+/- 8 background events expected





Models Interpretation for Mono-Photon Search

- Simplied model w/ fermion DM produced via s-channel mediator
 - \rightarrow m_{DM} m_{med}, g_q and g_{DM}

 A dimension-7 EFT benchmark with direct couplings between DM and electroweak bosons

• **ADD model of LED**; stable gravitons would be invisible to the detector and could be produced in association with a photon





Mono-Photon Search – Simplified Model





Mono-Photon Search- EFT





• Upper limits placed on the production cross section, then translated into the lower limits on the suppression mass scale

Mono-Photon Search - ADD







Higgs Portal to Dark Matter

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Signature: Large missing energy and a SM Higgs Boson balanced in the transversal plan



Higgs Portal to Dark Matter

Branching Fraction







Mono-Higgs to bb

- High-p₁ bb system with either a pair of small radius jets, or a single large-radius jet with substructure
- No identified, isolated muons or electrons
- Classification in terms of # b-tagged jets
- Signal Enhanced by:
 ΔΦ(MET, H) > 120°

 Two kinematic regions: MET < 500 GeV
 → Resolved: Two small jets

MET > 500 GeV → Merged: One "fat" jet





Mono-Higgs to bb Mass Spectra





- Dominant backgrounds:
 - → SM W/Z + jels: 15-65%
 - → <mark>††</mark>: 45-80%
 - =>CR in data w/ #1/#2 leptons



- Other backgrounds:
 - → VV, Vh, single-top: < 15% => Simulation
 - \rightarrow Multi-jet: < 2% (resolved)
 - => CR in data inverting min $|\Delta \Phi(MET, jet)|$ cut



Mono-Higgs to bb Results



 Simplified model with a Z⁰ gauge boson mediating the SM-DM interaction

 Two-Higgs-doublet model



Mono-Higgs to $\gamma\gamma$

- Select the highest-pT diphoton pair in the event
- Signal Region defined as:
 → High MET and m_v around 125 GeV
- Signal Enhanced requiring Met and H to be b2b $\rightarrow \Delta \Phi(MET, H) > 2.7 \text{ rad}$







Mono-Higgs to $\gamma\gamma$

• ATLAS and CMS follow two different analysis strategies:

→ CMS: Cut and Count approach using a 2-D ABCD method w/ MET and $m_{\gamma\gamma}$ (not yet public)

→ ATLAS: Categorize events in terms of pT $_{\gamma\gamma}$ and MET and perform shape analysis fitting directly data w/ a signal+background model







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Mono-Higgs to yy

model. Roughly 10% better.

• ATLAS results on DM+ $H \! \rightarrow \! \gamma \gamma$ presented in terms of EFT and simplified model



CMS results under approval process this week. Only simplified



This is not the Full Picture...



- Investigate all the DM-SM particles interactions fundamental to elucidate the nature of DM particle and its properties
- **Collider searches** provide complementary information on DM to be integrated with results from direct and indirect experiments
- Non hadronic channels benefit from clean signatures but suffer from relatively small statistics
- Mono-Jet/Mono-V signals: statistic enhanced from strong couplings \rightarrow large discovery power
- Not only mono-X signatures can be interpreted in terms of DM results...



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 \ldots Many other new LHC results to be discussed in the next 30' with Valerio :)