



# Results from CUORICINO and Prospects for CUORE

(Cryogenic Underground Observatory for Rare Events)

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# Presentation

- **CRYOGENIC**: using massive bolometers of  $\text{TeO}_2$
- **UNDERGROUND**: working at Laboratori Nazionali del Gran Sasso (Italy) at a depth of 3500 m.w.e.

- **OBSERVATORY for RARE EVENTS:**

- $2\beta$
- WIMPs
- solar axions
- ...



Two dilution refrigerators at LNGS:  
Hall A (CUORICINO)  
Hall C (R&D final tests for CUORE)

**CUORICINO** is the first step towards CUORE but also an independent experiment running now



# The CUORE Collaboration

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- Dipartimento di Ingegneria Strutturale del Politecnico di Milano, Milano I-20133, Italy
- Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of South Carolina, Columbia S.C. 29208 USA
- Laboratori Nazionali del Gran Sasso, I-67010, Assergi (L'Aquila), Italy
- Dipartimento di Fisica dell' Università di Firenze e Sezione di Firenze dell' INFN, Firenze I-50125, Italy
- Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, Berkeley CA 94720, USA
- Laboratorio de Física Nuclear y Altas Energías, Universidad de Zaragoza, 50009 Zaragoza, Spain
- Kamerling Onnes Laboratory, Leiden University, 2300 RAQ Leiden, The Netherlands
- Dipartimento di Scienze Chimiche, Fisiche e Matematiche dell'Università dell'Insubria e Sezione di Milano dell' INFN, Como I-22100, Italy
- Dipartimento di Fisica dell'Università di Genova e Sezione di Genova dell' INFN, Genova I-16146, Italy
- Department of Materials Science and Engineering, University of California, Berkeley CA 94720, USA
- Laboratori Nazionali di Legnaro, I-35020 Legnaro (Padova), Italy
- Dipartimento di Fisica dell' Università di Roma e Sezione di Roma1 dell' INFN, Roma, I-16146, Italy



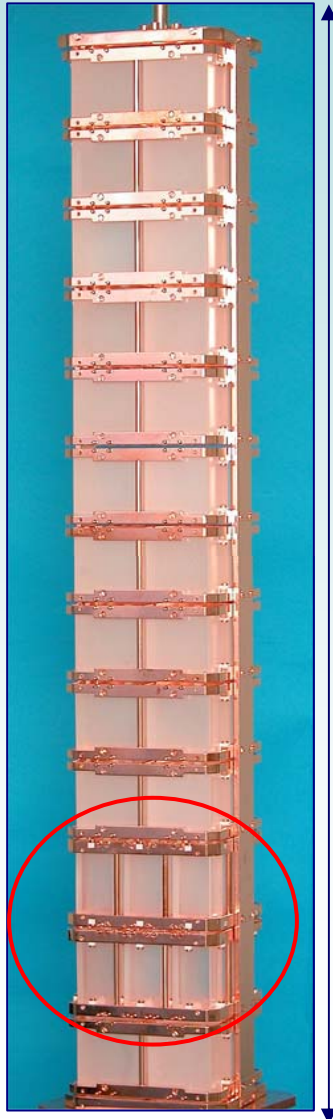
# Results from CUORICINO

- Detector and set-up
- Performance
- Background analysis
- First results

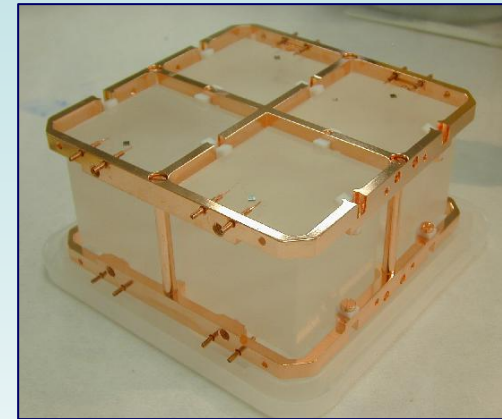


# CUORICINO detector

- 18 TeO<sub>2</sub> crystals 3x3x6 cm<sup>3</sup> + 44 TeO<sub>2</sub> crystals 5x5x5 cm<sup>3</sup>
- Read by NTD Ge thermistors



0.8 m



2 modules, 9 detector each,  
crystal dimension 3x3x6 cm<sup>3</sup>  
crystal mass 330 g  
2 enriched in <sup>130</sup>Te, 2 in <sup>128</sup>Te  
**9 x 2 x 0.33 = 5.94 kg**

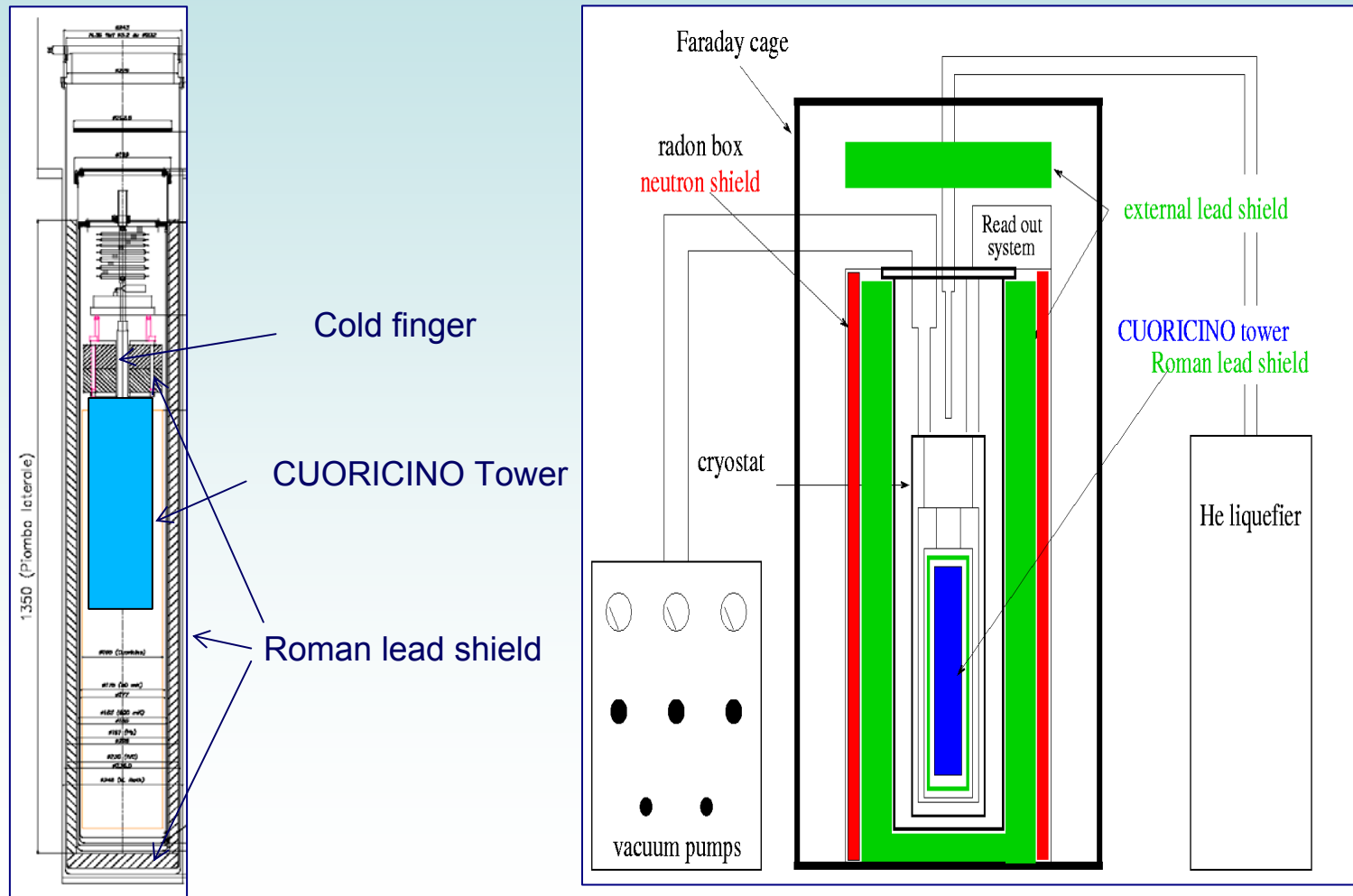
11 modules, 4 detector each,  
crystal dimension 5x5x5 cm<sup>3</sup>  
crystal mass 790 g  
**4 x 11 x 0.79 = 34.76 kg**

**CUORICINO TOTAL MASS: 40.7 kg of TeO<sub>2</sub> (14.1 kg <sup>130</sup>Te)**



# CUORICINO set-up

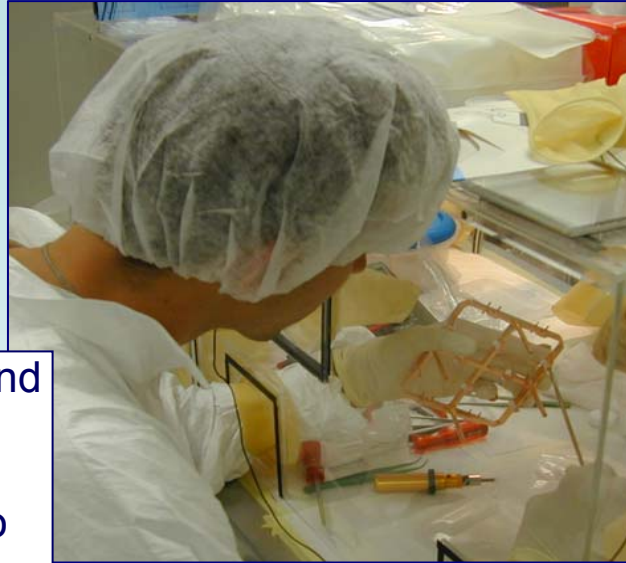
- With the same dilution refrigerator of the Mi-DBD 20-crystal array, operation  $\sim 10$  mK
- At Hall A of LNGS





## CUORICINO assembly

In clean room and  
in  
nitrogen  
atmosphere to  
avoid radon  
contamination





# CUORICINO performance

- 2003**
  - Wiring system failure during first cool-down: 14 detectors not operative
  - Data taking from April to October (with some stops)
  - First results for  $2\beta|_{0\nu}$  published *C. Arnaboldi et al, Phys. Lett. B 584 (2004) 260*
- 2004**
  - Wiring system repaired and maintenance for cryogenics and electronics
  - New cool-down in March losing only two electric contacts
  - Data taking restarted in May and progressing

## ➤ Energy resolution

@ 2615 keV:



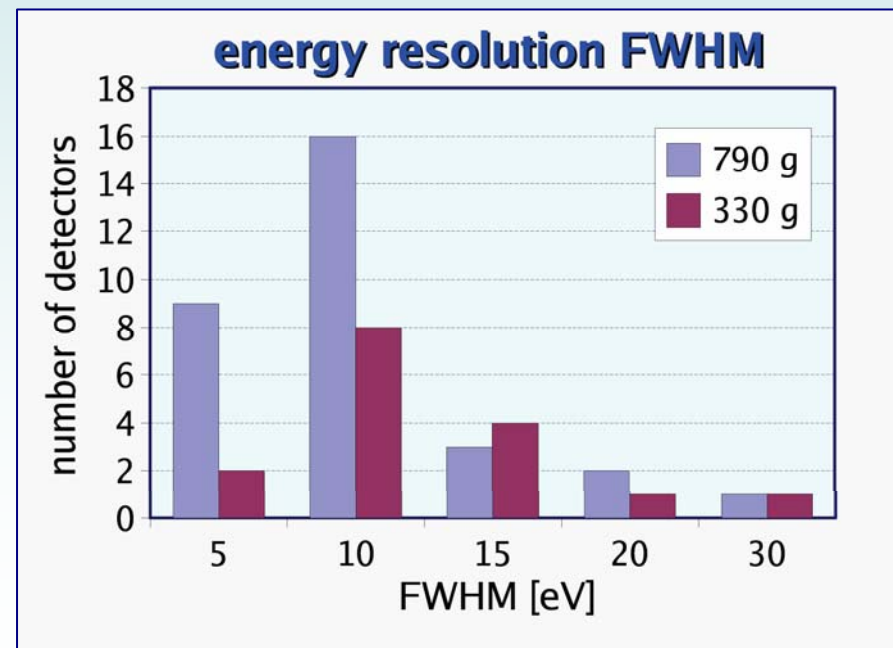
$\langle\Gamma\rangle \sim 7$  keV for big crystals

$\langle\Gamma\rangle \sim 9$  keV for small crystals

@ 122 keV:

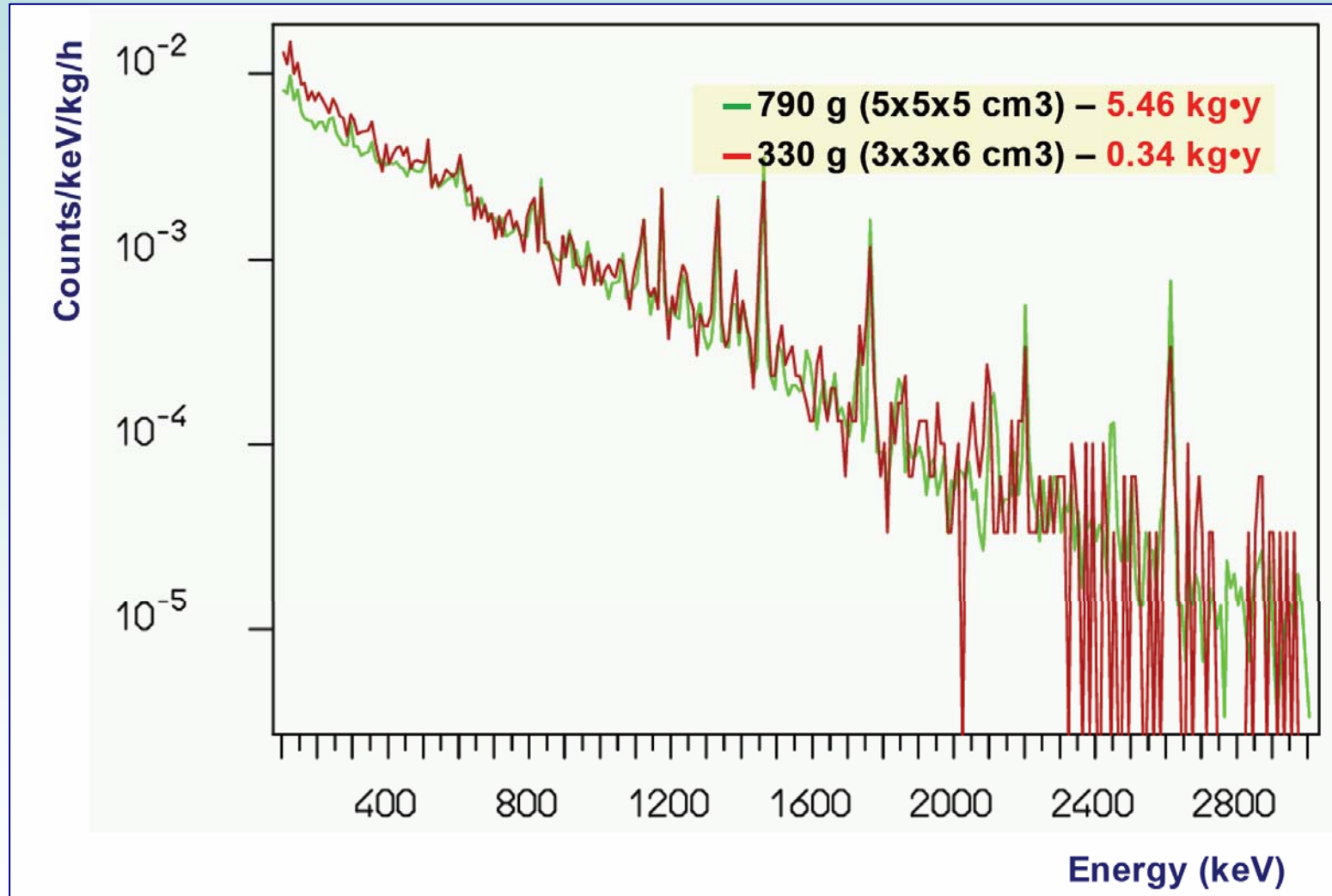
$\langle\Gamma\rangle \sim 2.8$  keV for big crystals

$\langle\Gamma\rangle \sim 1.5$  keV for small crystals



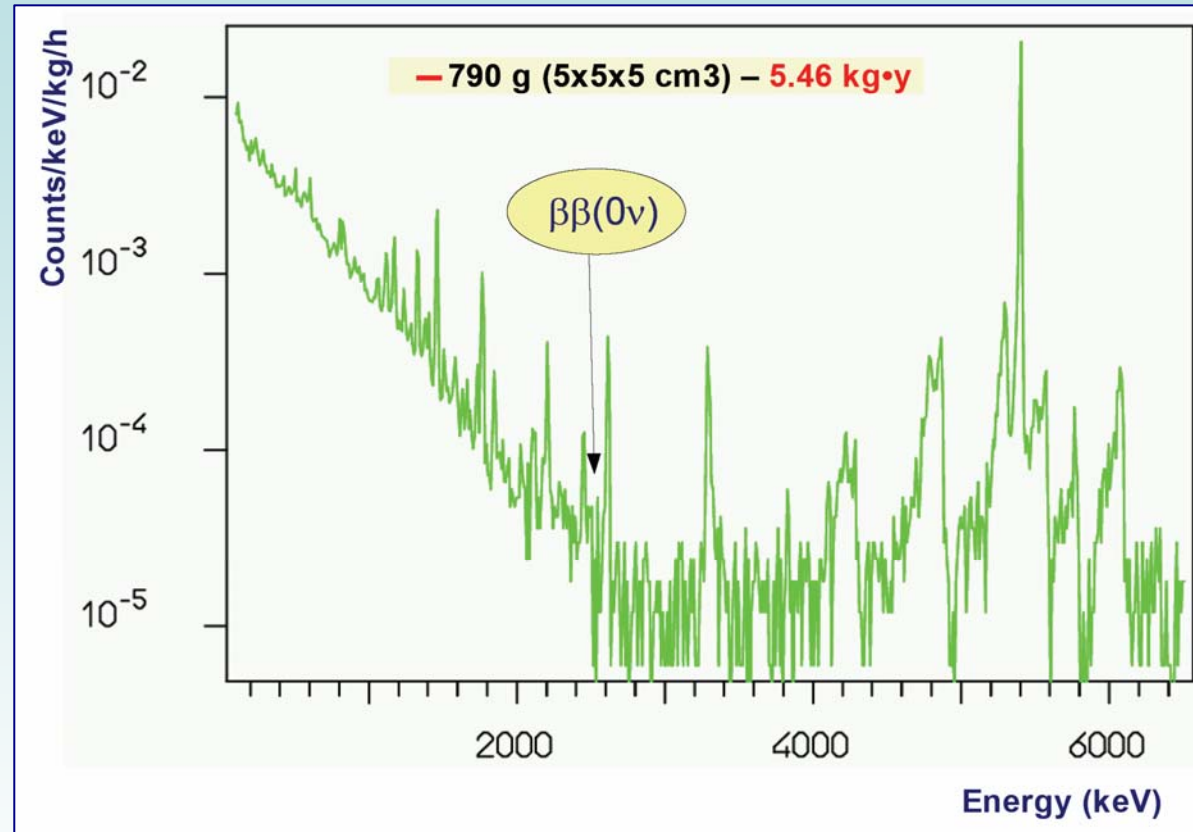


## Background measurement: $\gamma$ region

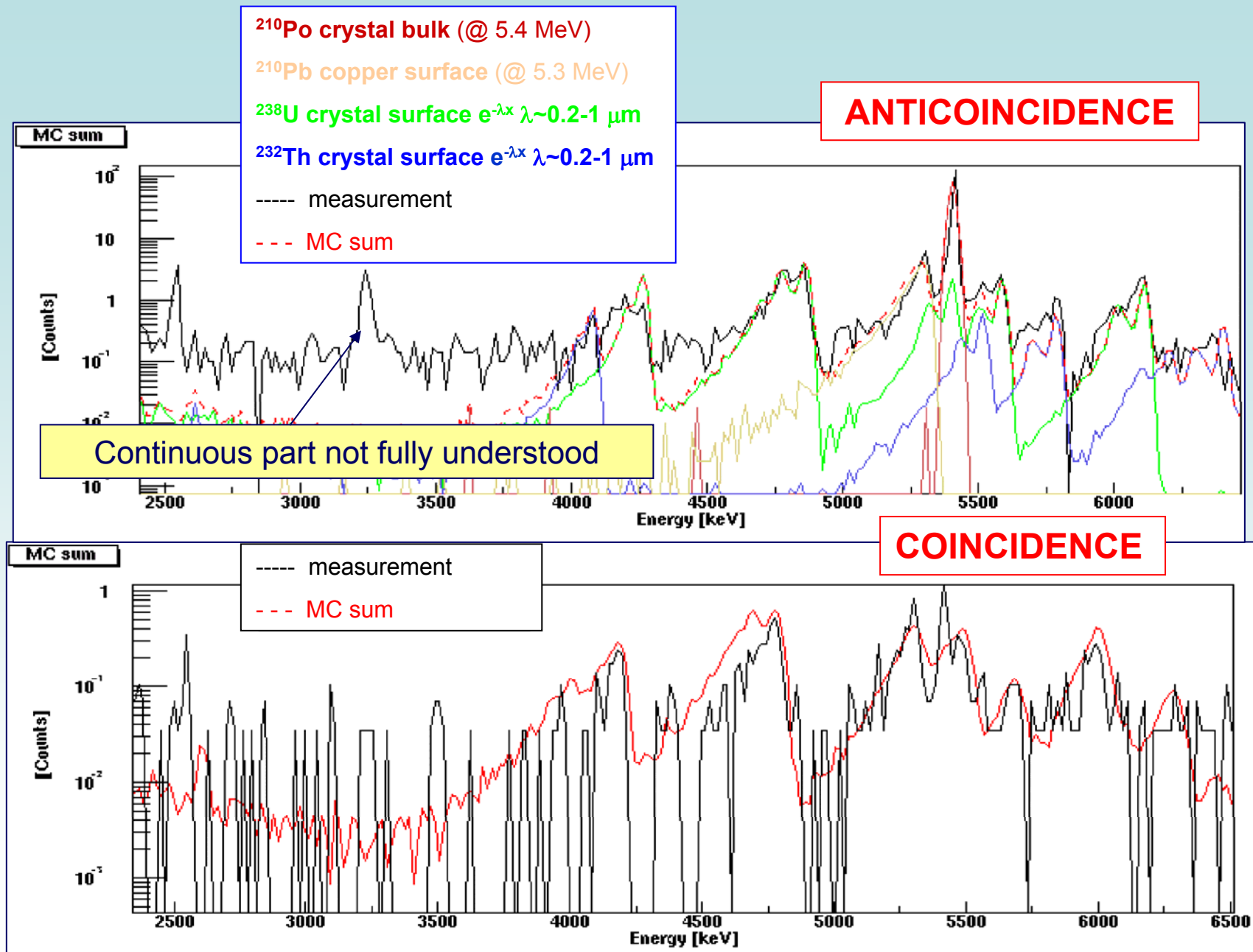




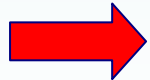
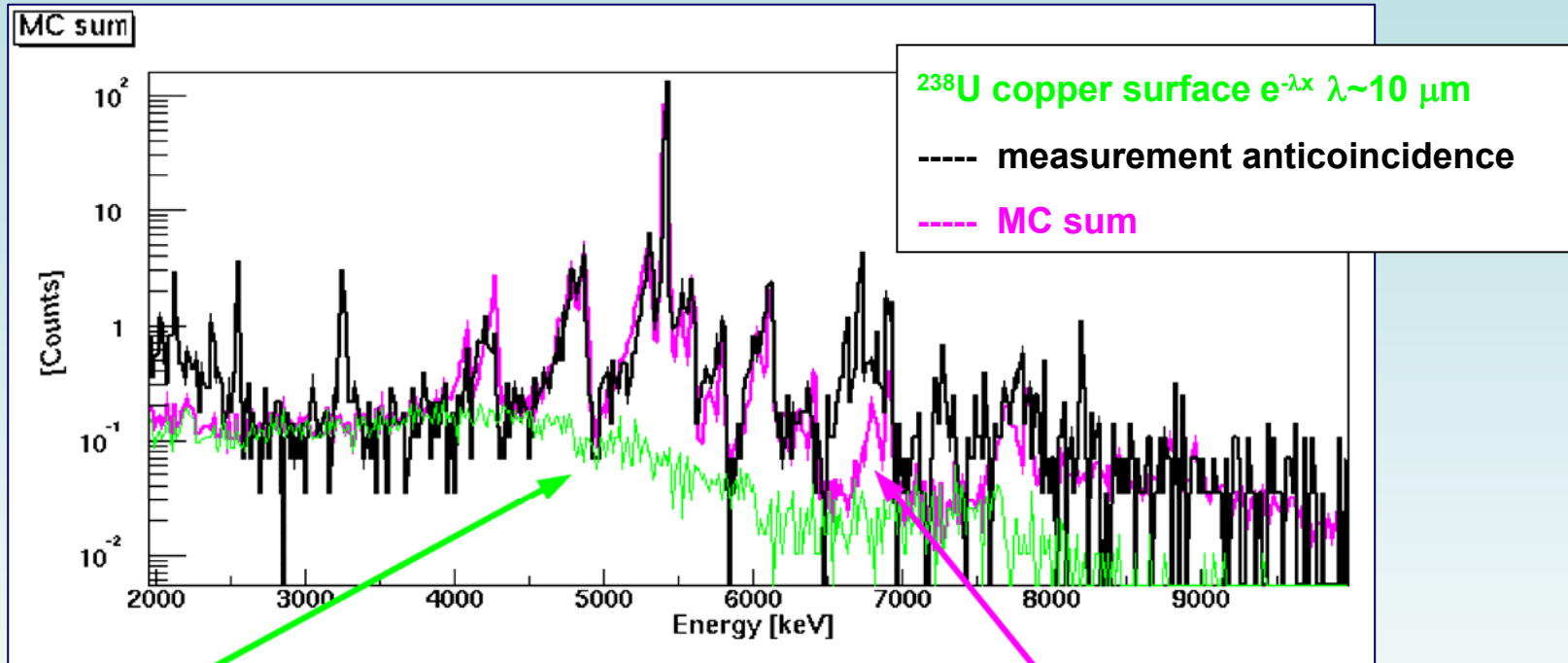
## Background measurement: $\alpha$ region



Source	$^{208}\text{Tl}$	$\beta\beta(0\nu)$ region	3-4 MeV region
$\text{TeO}_2$ $^{238}\text{U}$ and $^{232}\text{Th}$ surface contamination	-	$20 \pm 15\%$	$20 \pm 10\%$
Cu $^{238}\text{U}$ and $^{232}\text{Th}$ surface contamination	$\sim 15\%$	$50 \pm 20\%$	$80 \pm 10\%$
$^{232}\text{Th}$ contamination of cryostat Cu shields	$\sim 85\%$	$30 \pm 10\%$	-



Surface contamination on the copper holders added:

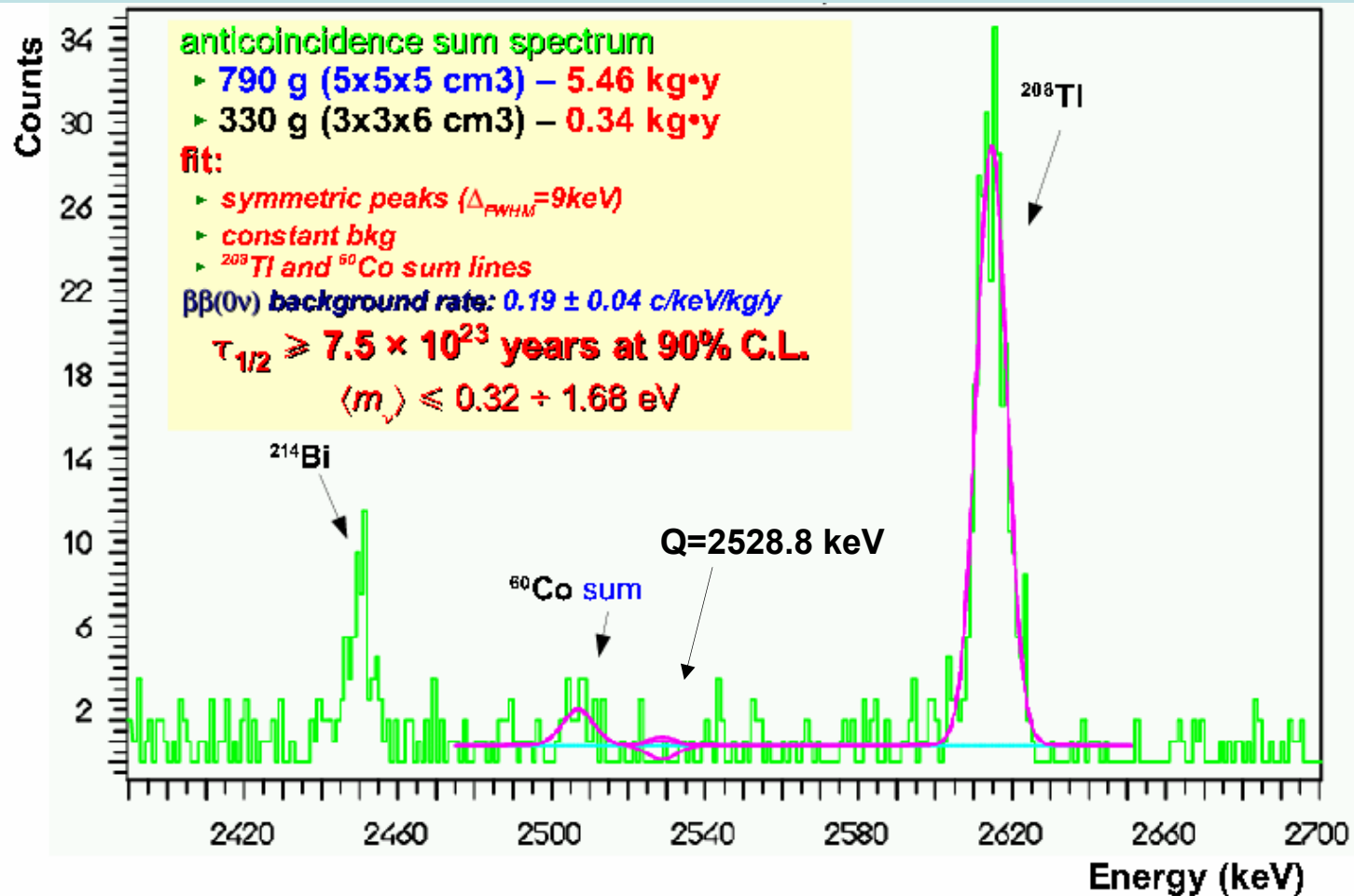


CUORICINO **background in  $\alpha$  region** reproduced assuming surface contaminations on crystals and mounting copper structures:

- Exponential density profile:  $\exp(-\lambda x)$  with  $\lambda \sim 0.1-10 \mu\text{m}$
- Contamination levels  $\sim 10^{-9} \text{ g/g}$  (2-3 order of magnitude greater than in bulk)



## Present results for $2\beta|_{0\nu}$ of $^{130}\text{Te}$



CUORICINO sensitivity ( $1\sigma$ ) in 3 years:  $T_{1/2} \geq 6 \cdot 10^{24} \text{ y}$ ,  $\langle m_{\nu} \rangle \leq 0.11\text{-}0.60 \text{ eV}$



# Prospects for CUORE

- Detector and set-up
- R&D
- Sensitivity

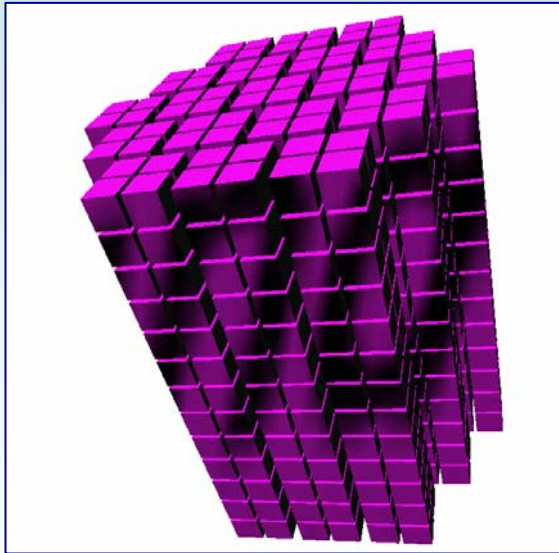
**CUORE Proposal**, <http://crio.mib.infn.it/wig/>



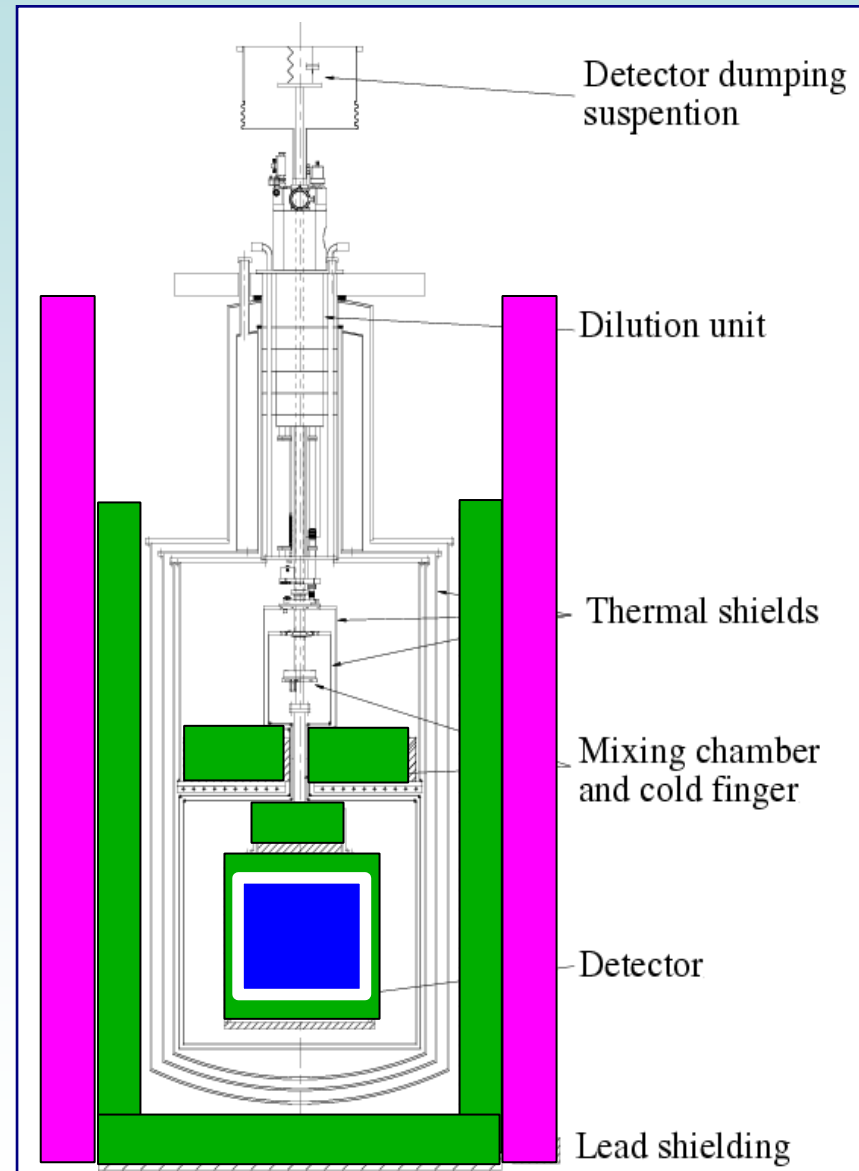
# CUORE detector and set-up

- A single high granularity detector: an array of 19 towers, each tower having 13 modules with 4  $5 \times 5 \times 5$  cm<sup>3</sup> crystals

988 crystals, 740 kg TeO<sub>2</sub>, 200 kg <sup>130</sup>Te



- <sup>3</sup>He/<sup>4</sup>He dilution refrigerator T~10 mK
- **Shield:** roman lead + low activity lead + borated polyethylene





## CUORE R&D

- **Direct measurement** of surface contamination on copper holders at Gran Sasso/Ispra:

dissolve different superficial layers of copper in ultra pure acid: time of acid attack  $\leftrightarrow$  Cu thickness removed



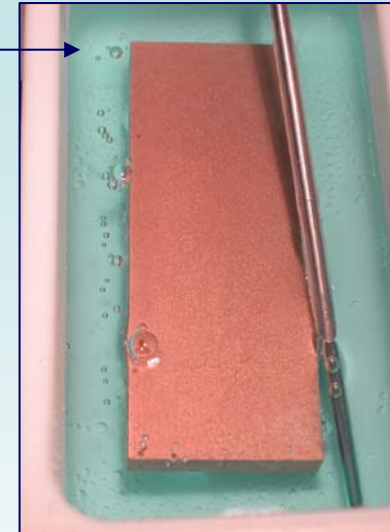
analyze the solutions taken at different times with ICPMS

**Inductively Coupled Plasma Mass Spectroscopy**  
(sensitivity  $\sim 10^{-12}$  g/g )



determine the U/Th contamination as a function of depth

$$f(x) = A \exp(-x/\lambda)$$



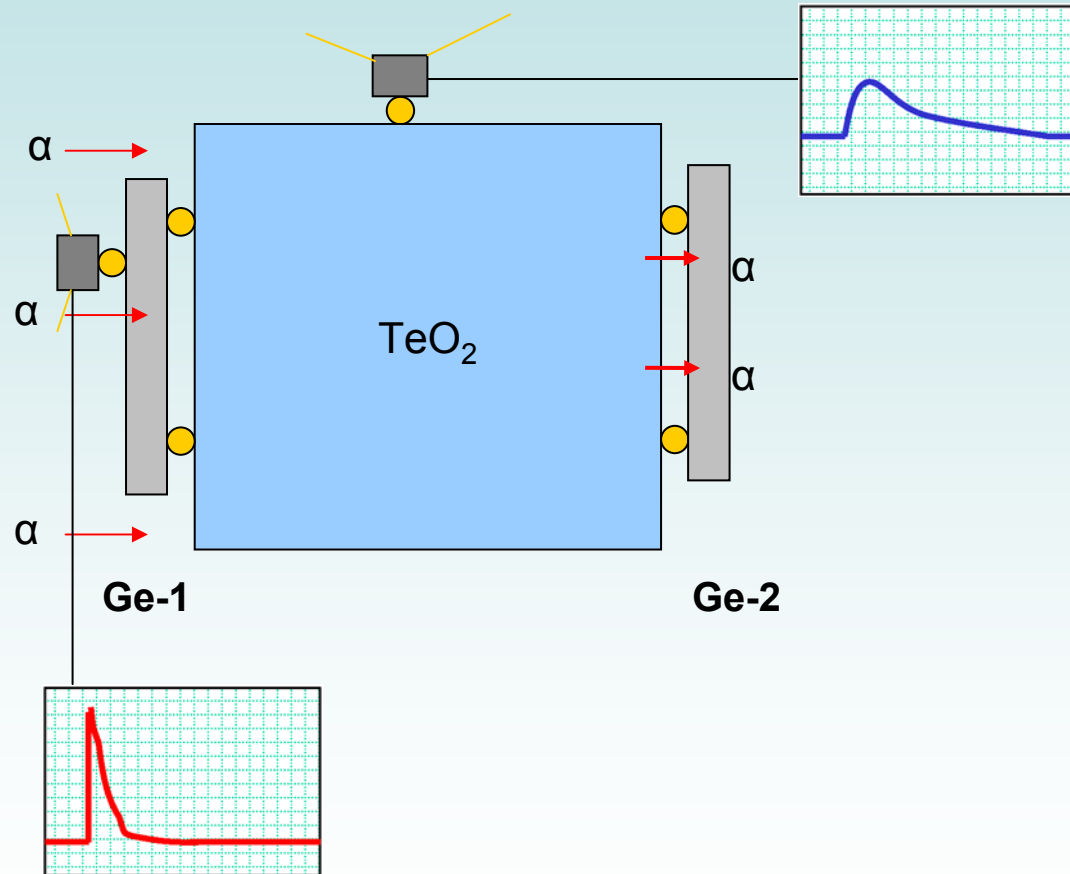
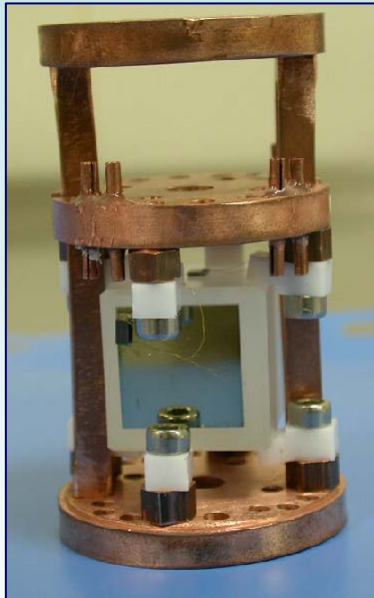
preliminary result of a measurement on a sample of the CUORICINO copper **in agreement with MC estimate** for both contamination level and density profile

- **Bolometric measurement** underway to study surface contaminations:

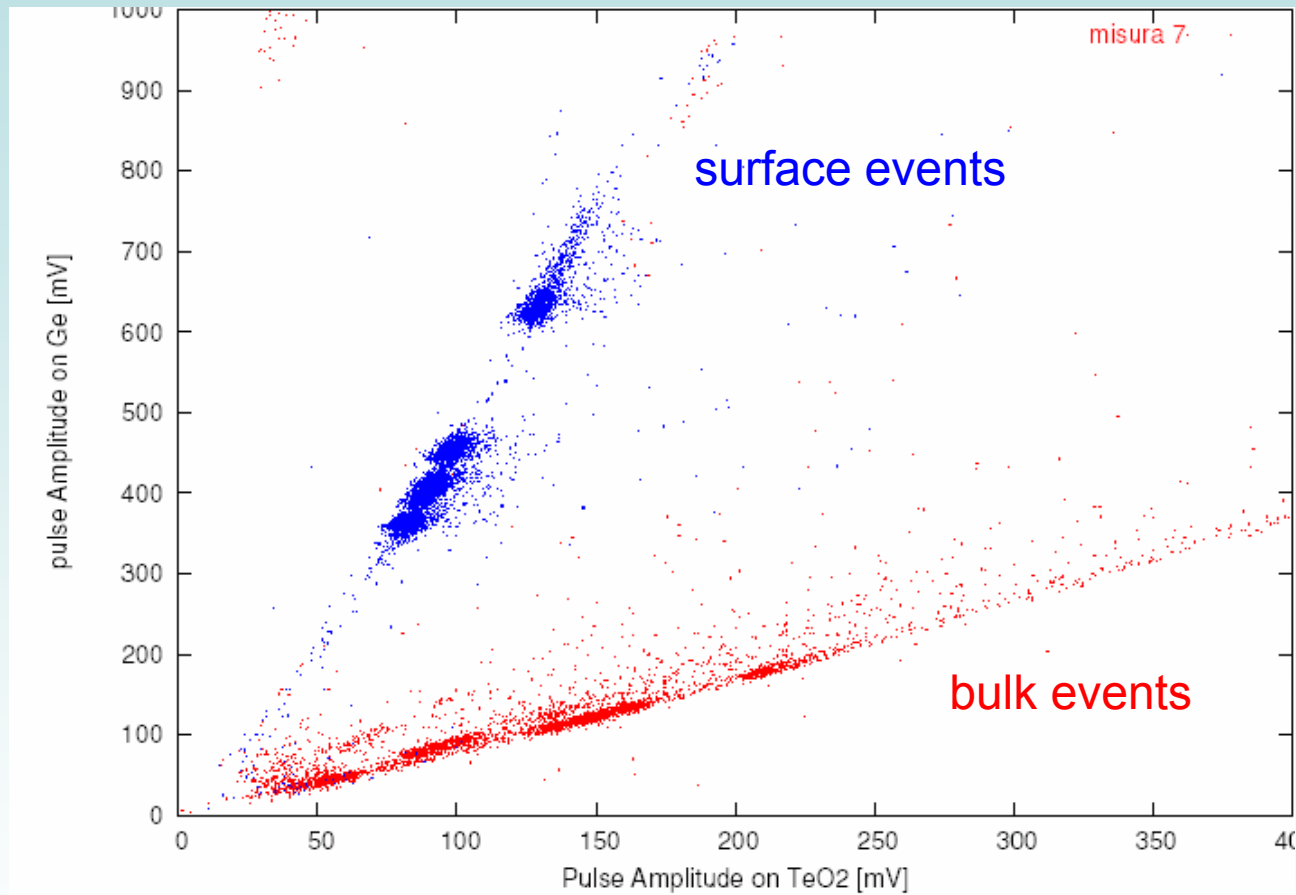
- At Hall C in LNGS with 8 5 x 5 x 5 cm<sup>3</sup> TeO<sub>2</sub> crystals
- Check for surface treatments on crystals and copper holders

➤ **Active rejection of surface contaminations:**

- Proved and under investigation at the University of Insubria in Como
- Composite bolometer:  $\text{TeO}_2$  crystal + thin Ge/Si crystal read by two thermistors



- Plotting Ge versus TeO<sub>2</sub> pulse amplitudes allows to separate events from bulk and surface



The first results prove the potential of this technique



# CUORE sensitivity

➤ **Background predictions:** see details at **CUORE Proposal** <http://crio.mib.infn.it/wig/>

- ✓ Based on **MC simulations and data** from CUORICINO
- ✓ Contribution from **bulk and surface** radioactive contaminations:
  - Values for bulk impurities are limits from CUORICINO data and Ge measurements
  - A reduction of a factor ~20 assumed for surface contaminations respect to CUORICINO

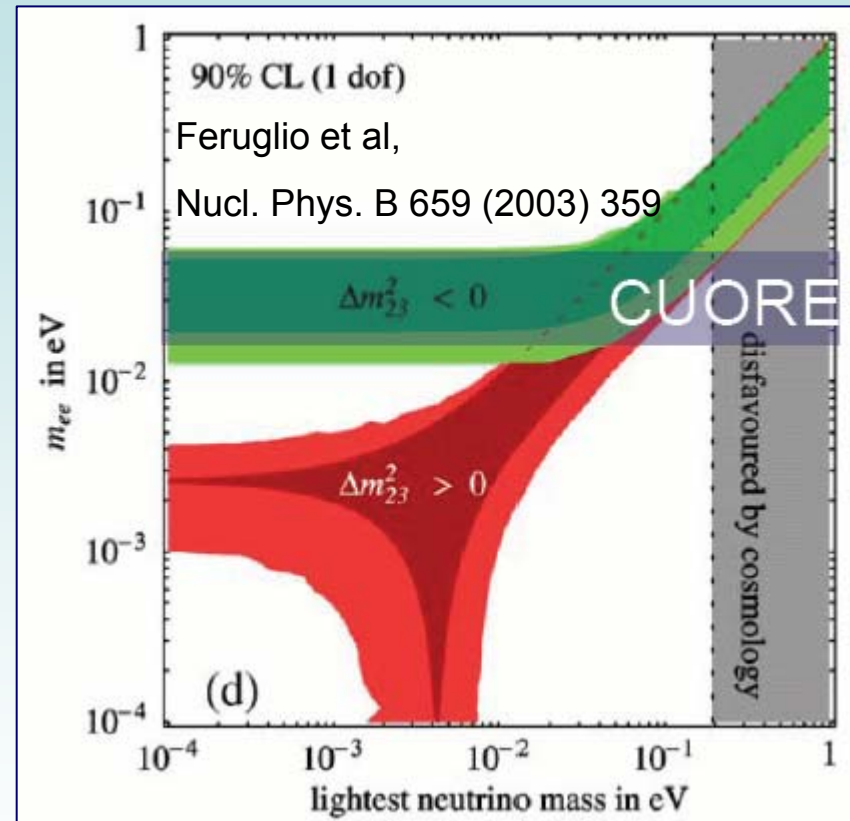
	bulk	surface
<b><math>2\beta _{0\nu}</math> region</b> (counts/keV/kg/y)	<b><math>3.8 \times 10^{-3}</math></b>	<b><math>2.8 \times 10^{-3}</math></b>
<b>dark matter region</b> (counts/keV/kg d)	<b><math>2.4 \times 10^{-2}</math></b>	<b><math>1.2 \times 10^{-3}</math></b>

- ✓ Contribution from **other sources**: environmental radioactivity, cosmogenics,  $2\beta|_{2\nu}$  much less important at the present level of sensitivity

➤ Sensitivity for  $2\beta_{0\nu}$  of  $^{130}\text{Te}$ : for  $T=5$  y

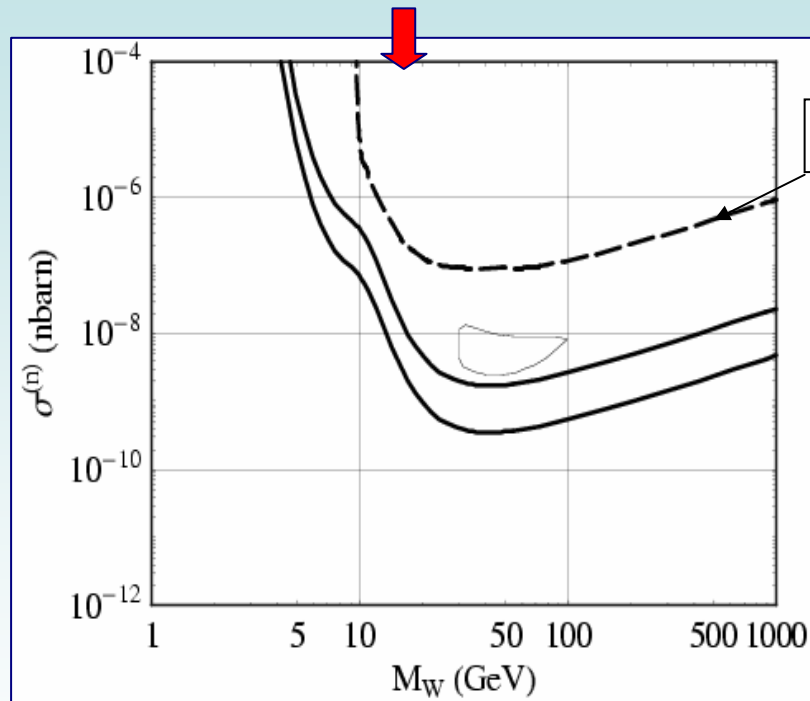
$$T_{1/2}^{0\nu} \propto \varepsilon \frac{a}{A} \sqrt{\frac{MT}{\Gamma b}}$$

$b$ (c/keV/kg/y)	$\Gamma$ (keV)	$T_{1/2}$ (y)	$\langle m_\nu \rangle$ (meV)
0.01	10	$1.5 \cdot 10^{26}$	23-118
0.01	5	$2.1 \cdot 10^{26}$	19-100
0.001	10	$4.6 \cdot 10^{26}$	13-67
0.001	5	$6.5 \cdot 10^{26}$	11-57



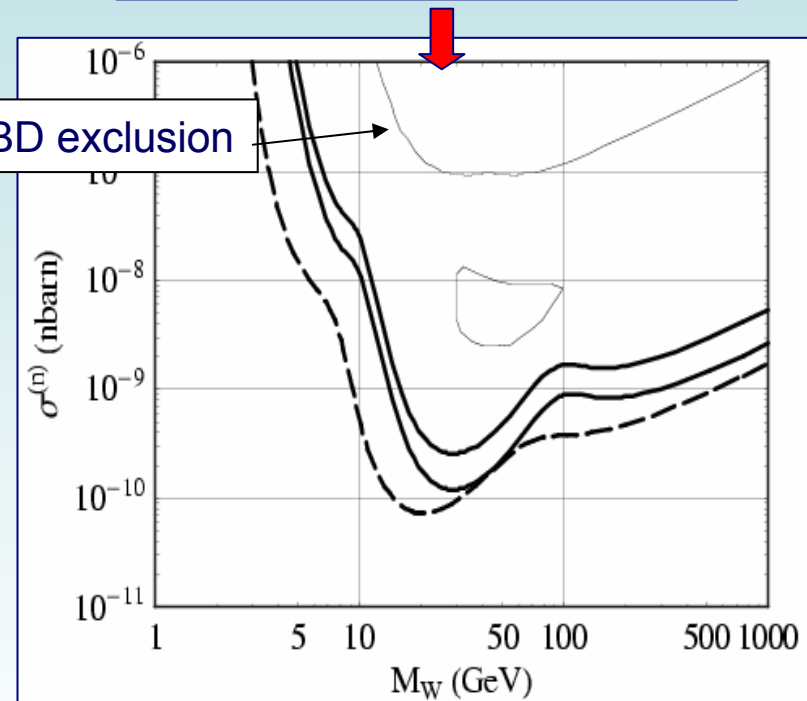
➤ **Sensitivity for WIMPs:**

**exclusion plots** for scalar Spin Independent Interactions



E<sub>thr</sub> = 10 keV, T = 1 year, B = 0.05, 0.01  
c/(keV kg d), FWHM = 1 keV

**sensitivity plots** for the annual modulation effect (regions of WIMPs which produce a 90% CL positive signal with a 50% probability)



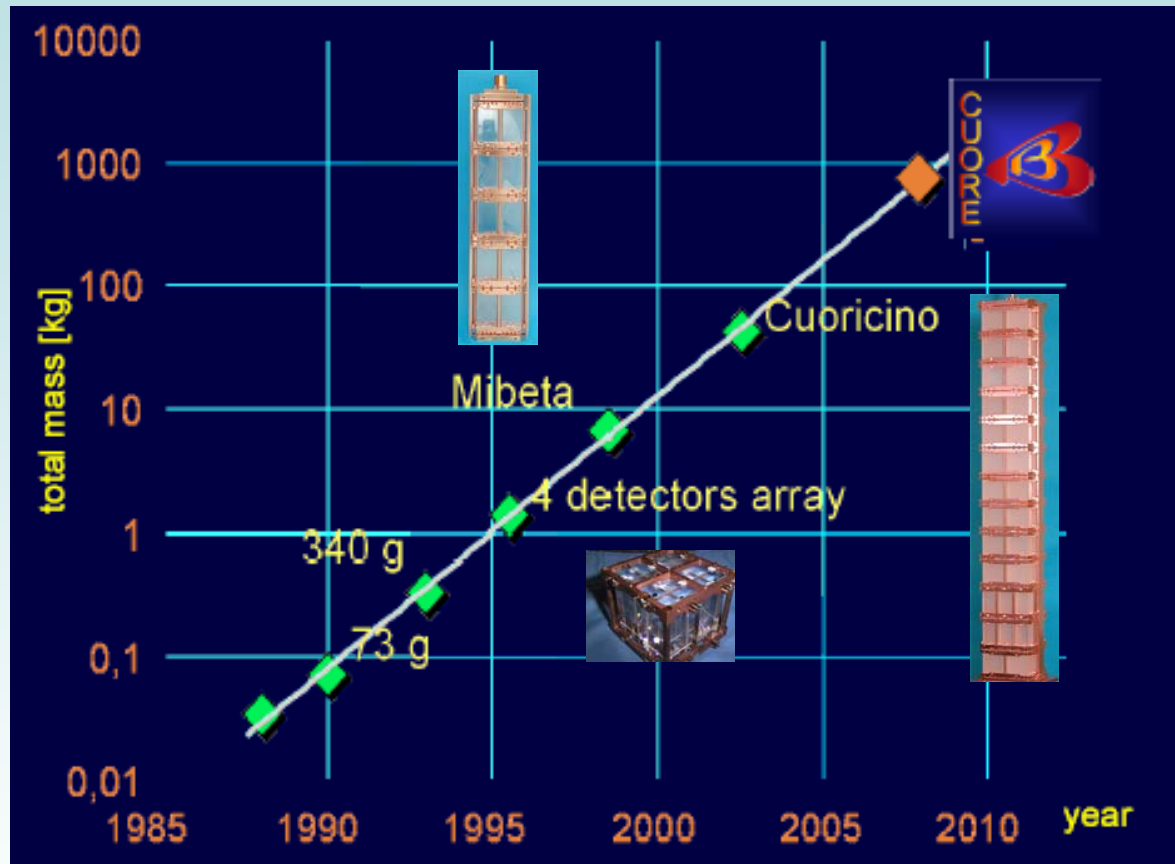
E<sub>thr</sub> = 10, 5 keV, T = 2 years, B = 0.05, 0.01  
c/(keV kg d), FWHM = 1 keV

➤ Searches for other rare events are also envisaged (see *C. Arnaboldi et al, Astrop. Phys. 20 (2003) 91*)



# CUORE Time Schedule







## Summary

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- **CUORICINO** is being operated successfully at Gran Sasso
  - *As an independent experiment:* first CUORICINO results (90% CL) with data taken in 2003:

$$T_{1/2}^{0\nu} (^{130}\text{Te}) \geq 7.5 \times 10^{23} \text{ y}$$

$$\langle m_\nu \rangle \leq 0.32 - 1.68 \text{ eV}$$

- *As a first step towards CUORE:* background analysis and technical performance results are essential to prepare CUORE
- **CUORE R&D** is going on, with special attention to the **surface contamination** problem
- **CUORE** will be a next generation DBD experiment able to explore **neutrino masses of some tens of meV** having a good sensitivity for other rare event searches like the **detection of WIMPs**