

The Transition Radiation Detector of the AMS-02 Experiment

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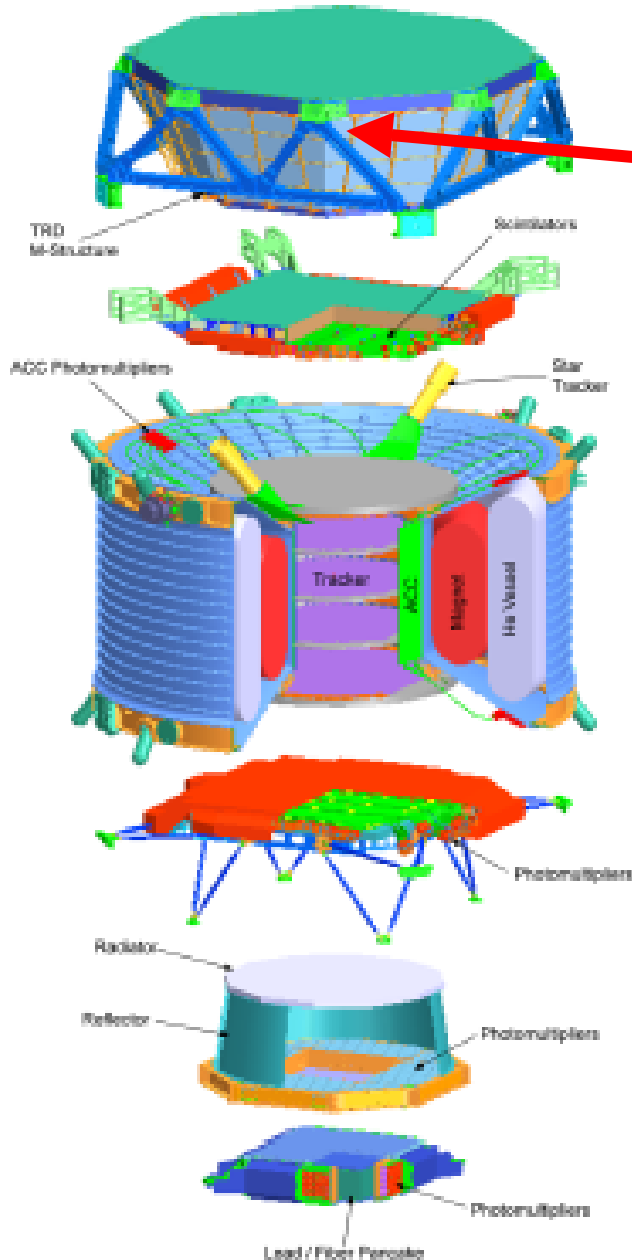
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for:

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Universita La Sapienza, & INFN Roma**

ICRC03, Tsukuba, Japan

Transition Radiation Detector (TRD)



TRD:
Transition
Radiation
Detector

TOF: (s1,s2)
Time of Flight
Detector

MG:
Magnet
TR:
Silicon Tracker
ACG:
Anticoincidence
Counter
AST:
Amiga Star
Tracker

TOF: (s1,s2)
Time of Flight
Detector

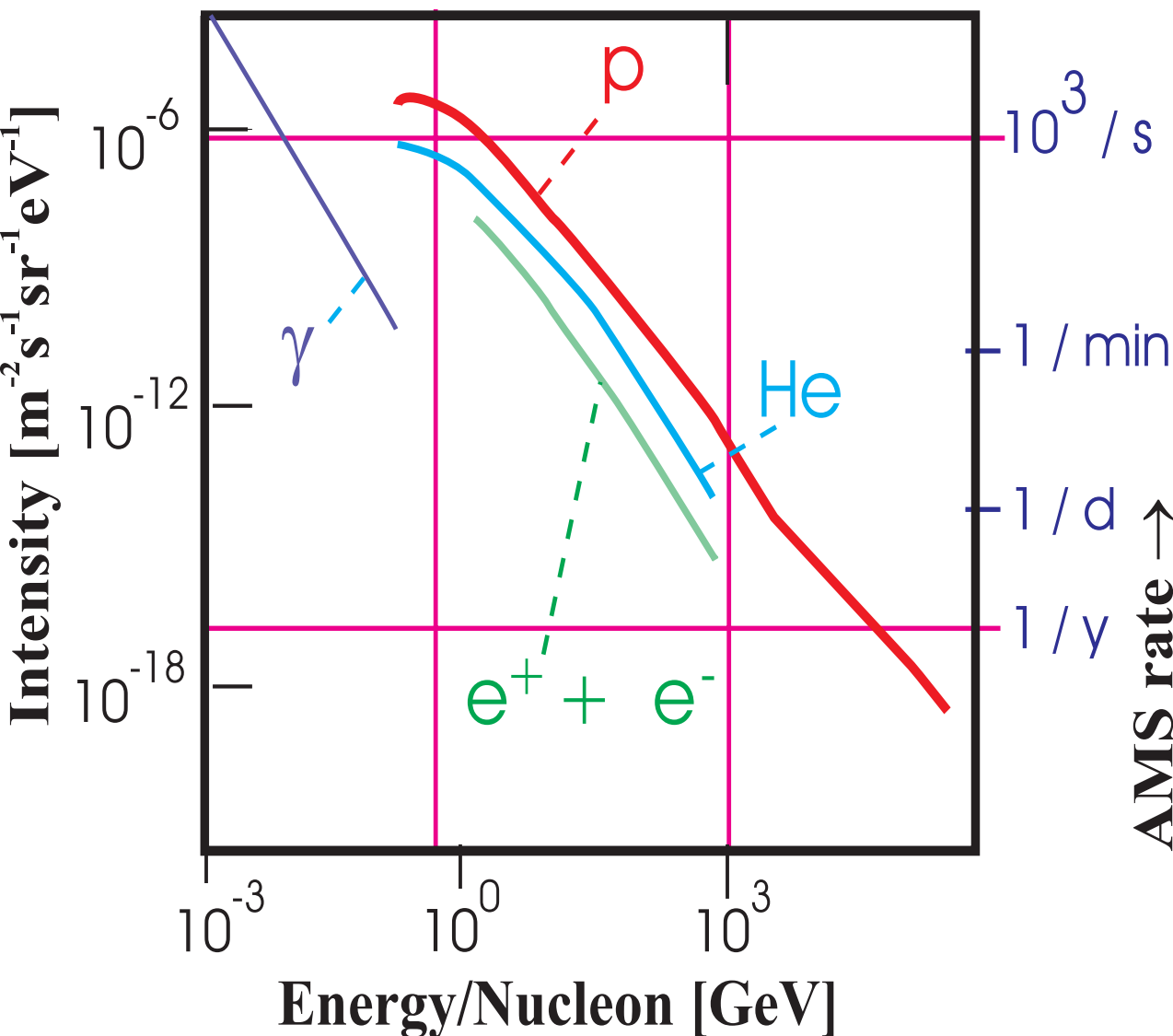
RICH:
Ring Image
Cherenkov Counter

EMC;
Electromagnetic
Calorimeter

OUTLINE

- The TRD as space experiment: requirements and status
 - Operating principle and construction of the TRD
 - Performance
 - Summary
- Poster
1-P-109

Positron identification necessary to dark matter search



The primary cosmic radiation is dominated by protons

$$\frac{\#p^+}{\#p^-} = \mathcal{O}(10^4)$$

Requirements for TRD in AMS-02

AMS02 p^+ rejection 10^6 for 90% detection efficiency for e^+

Requirements for the rejection power of the subdetectors:

ECAL: $10^3 \dots 10^4$

TRD: $10^2 \dots 10^3$

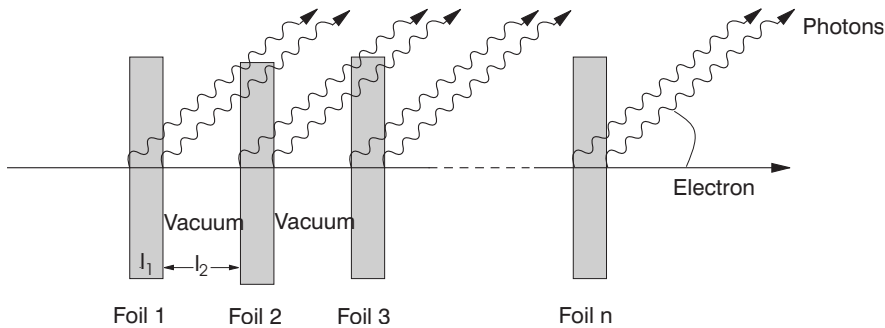
Tracker+ECAL

0.38 m^2sr

Tracker +ECAL + TRD

0.06 m^2sr

Principle of operation of the TRD



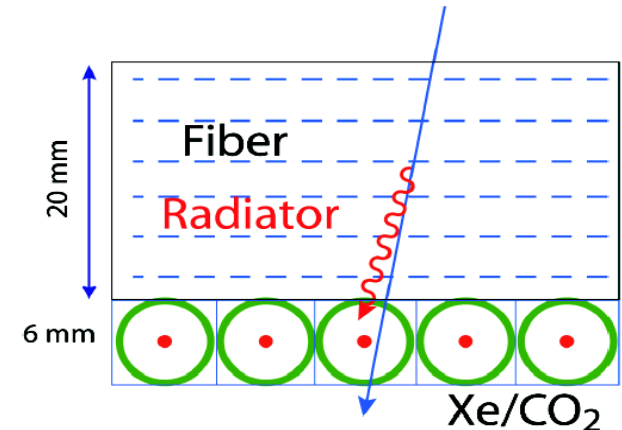
$$\gamma \geq 1000$$

$$N_{Ph} \propto \alpha_{em} \times N_{tr}$$

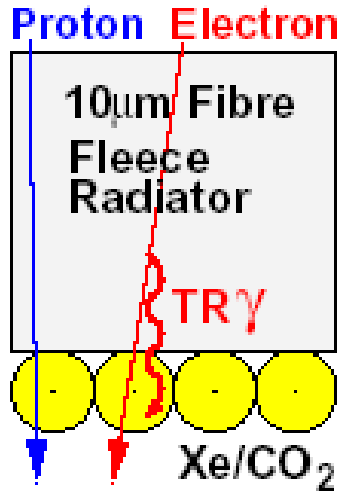
$$E_{Ph} \sim \gamma (\mathcal{O}(\text{keV}))$$

$$\theta_{Ph} \sim 1/\gamma$$

- highly relativistic charged particle generates photons at the boundary between media ($\epsilon_{r1} \neq \epsilon_{r2}$)
- Radiator: fleece
- Good photon (5–30KeV) detection: gas with high atomic number Z



Proton-Positron separation

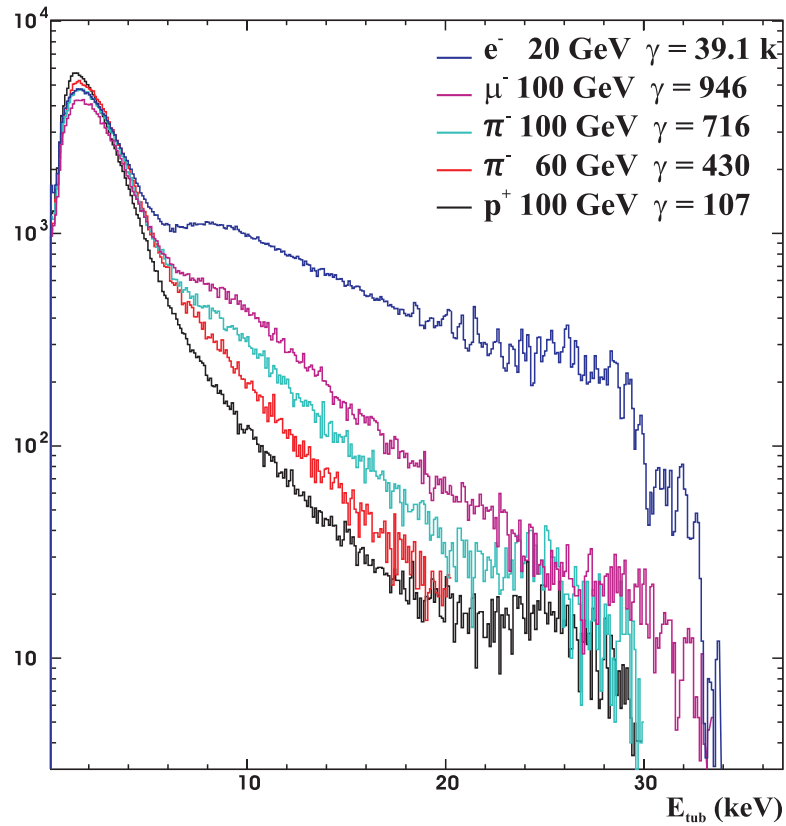


- 20 layers 22 mm fleece-radiator
6mm straw-tubes Xe/CO₂(80/20)
- Tubewall 72µm Kapton-Al sandwich
- Wire 30µm W/au tensioned with 100g



- Pressure 1250 mbar
- Gas flow 1liter/h
- Gain 3000
- Modules 16 tubes
- 8 modules per gas-circuit

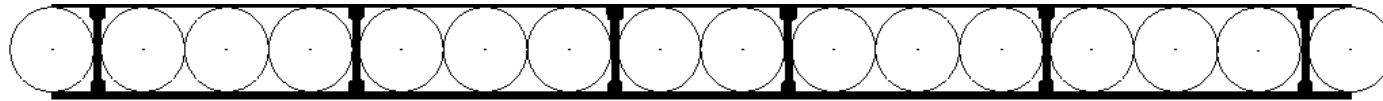
Energy deposit



Test beam results

Gas tight Module

Chamber Body



16 straws with lengthwise and crosswise stiffeners

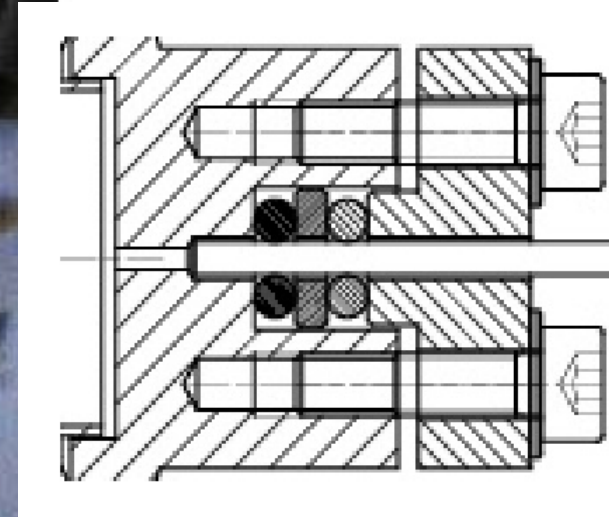


Polycarbonate endpieces

Plasma treated (O_2 , 0.5 mbar, 20 min)

Glue AW 134 for potting

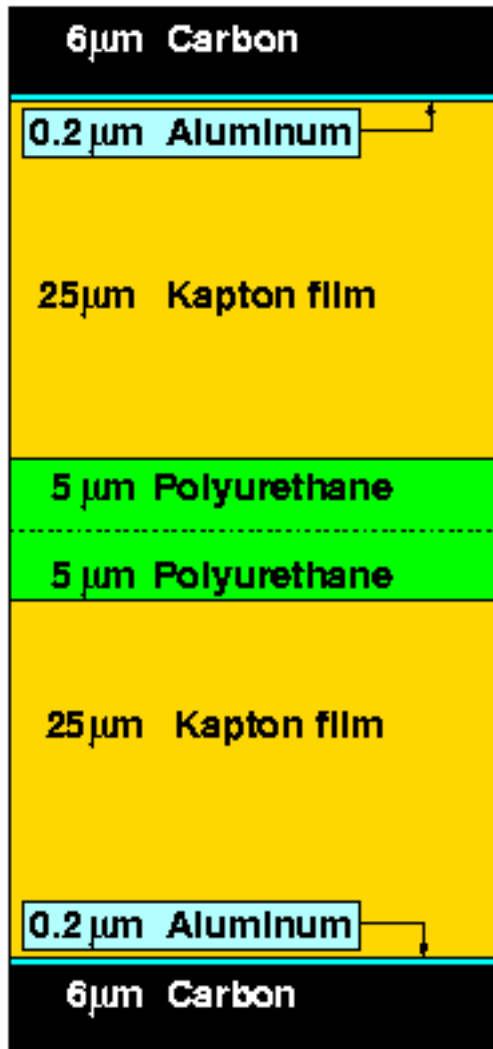
Copper-Tellurium Crimp Inserts



1.6mm SS Tubing

Double O-Ring
Gas Connector

Gastight Modules Require Gastight Straws



Laboratory Tests:

-12h **Gastightness**

2.8 bar He in Atmosphere

- 60h **Gastightness**

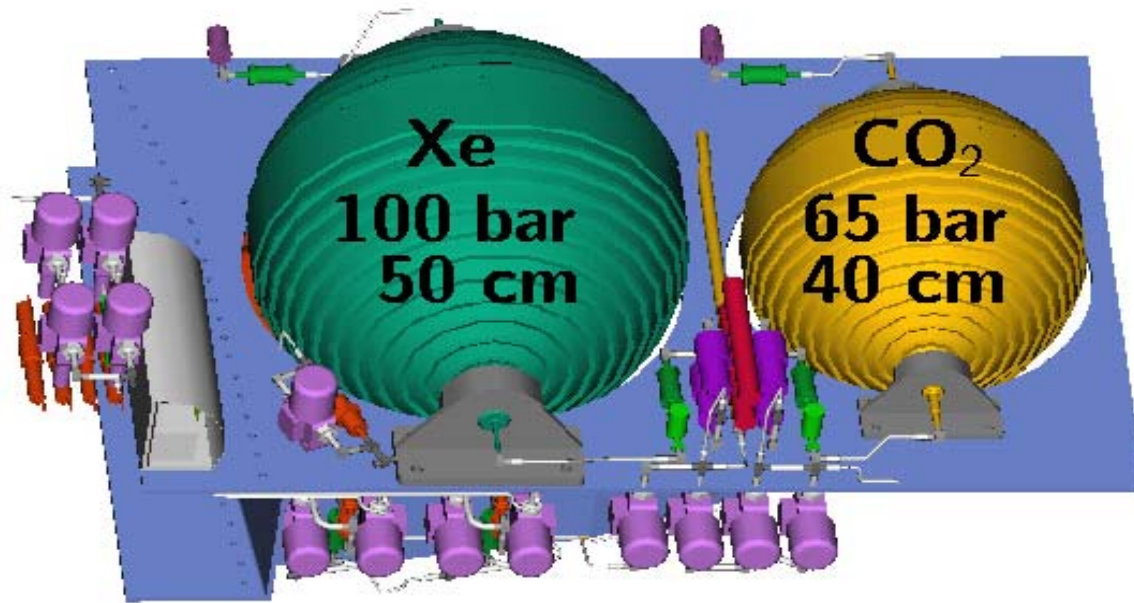
1.8 bar CO₂ in Vacuum

Max leakage for 3 years (10⁸s)
5x10⁻⁴ mbar/s(safety factor 5)

-pA **Leakage Current**

-Ar/CO₂ ⁵⁵Fe Gas Gain Measurement

TRD Gas System



320 l @ 1 bar in 41 loops

46kg Xe (8100 l @ 1bar)
4 kg CO₂ (2000 l @1bar)

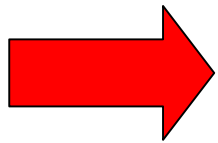
AMS TRD GAS SUPPLY SYSTEM
BOX_S
Mechanical Structure

AMS



To reach the request positrons/proton rejection factor :

Gas gain controlled better than 5%.

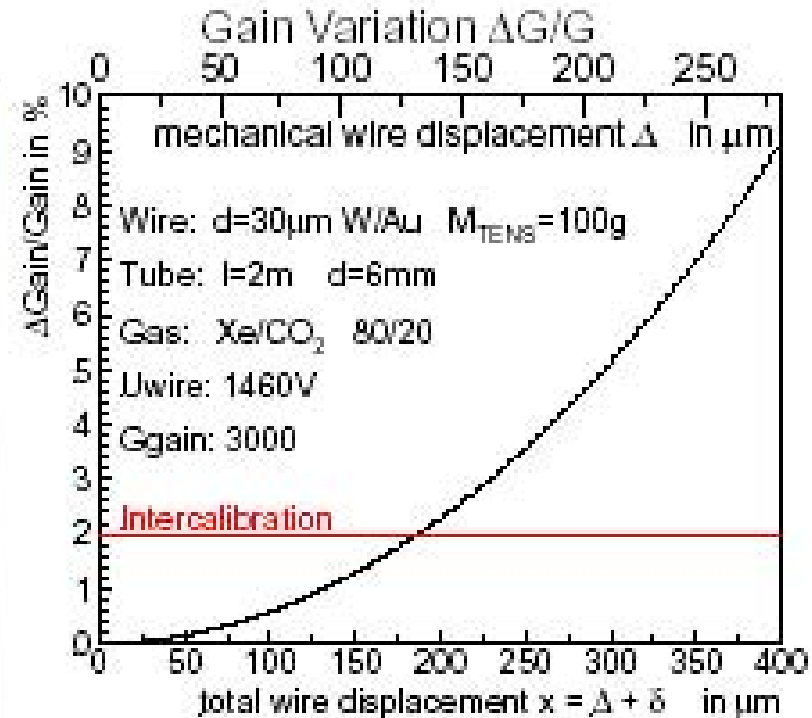
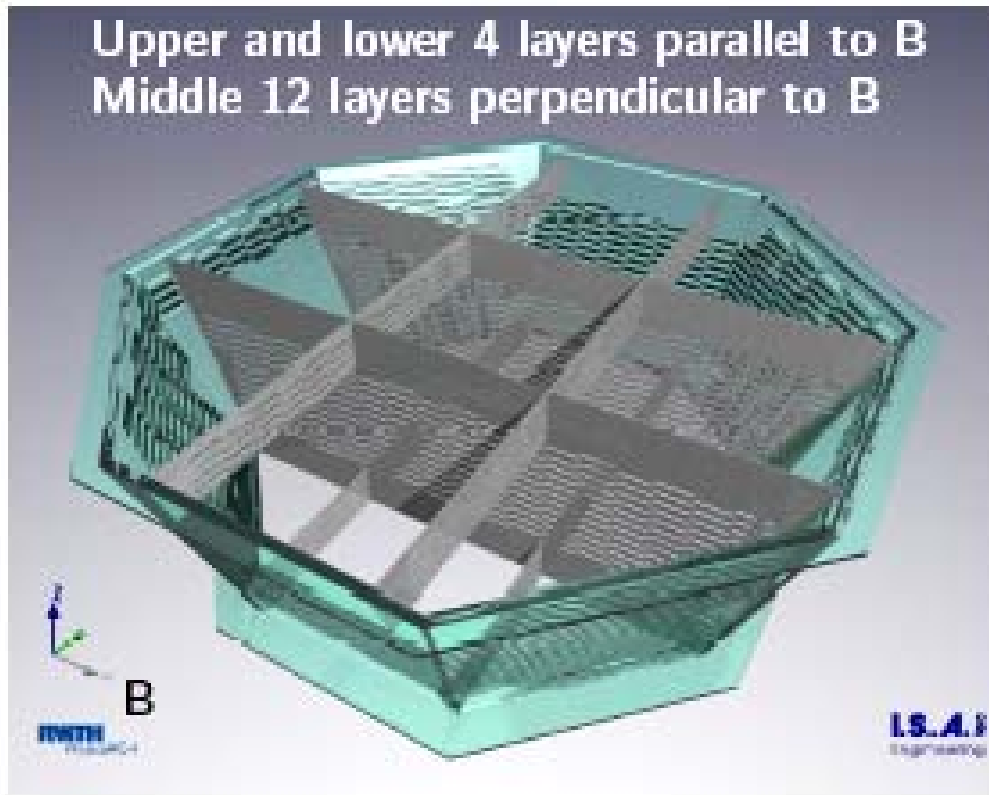


ΔT controlled at 1°

Chamber Support in Carbon-Fibre / Honeycomb Octagon

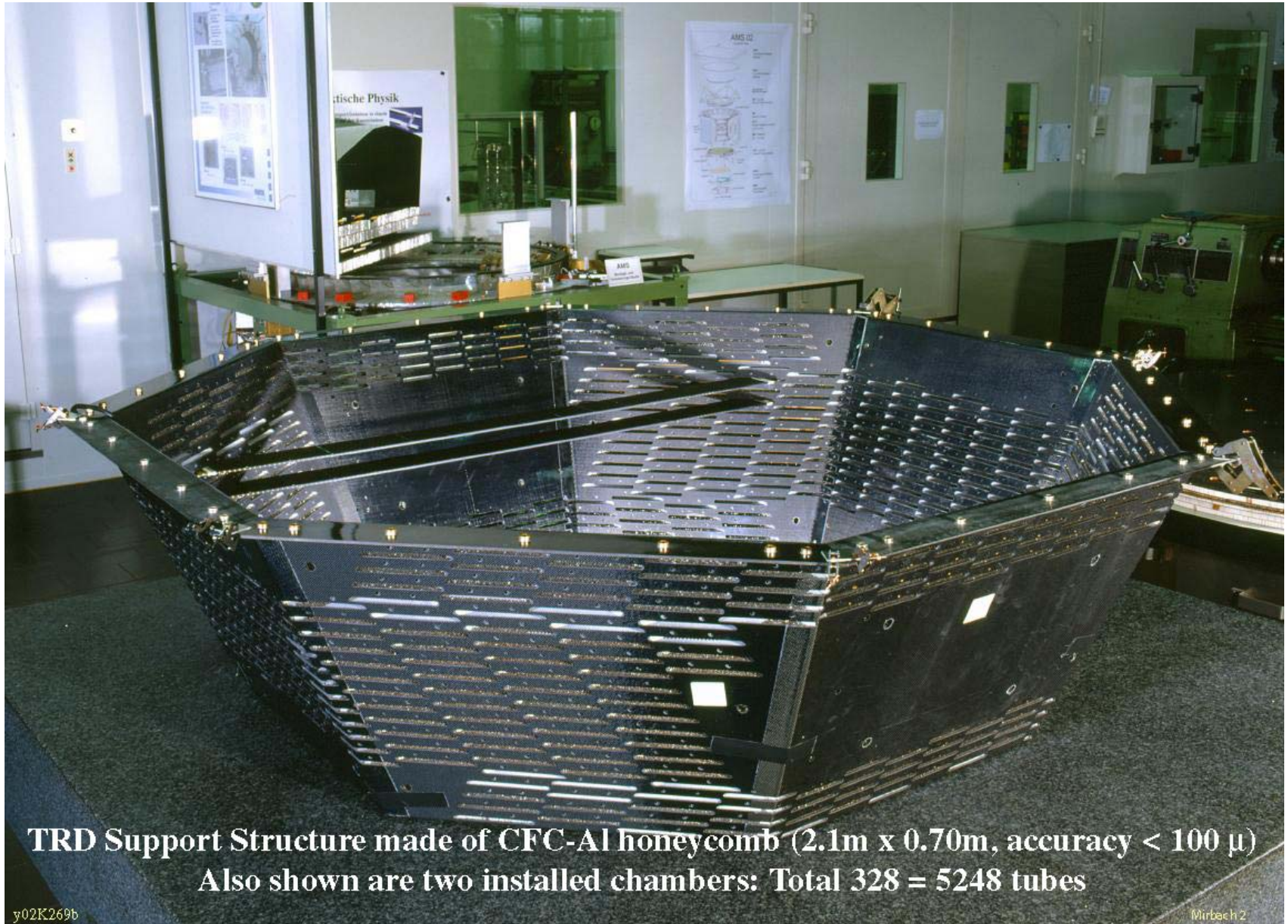
328 Modules in 20 layers

Upper and lower 4 layers parallel to B
Middle 12 layers perpendicular to B



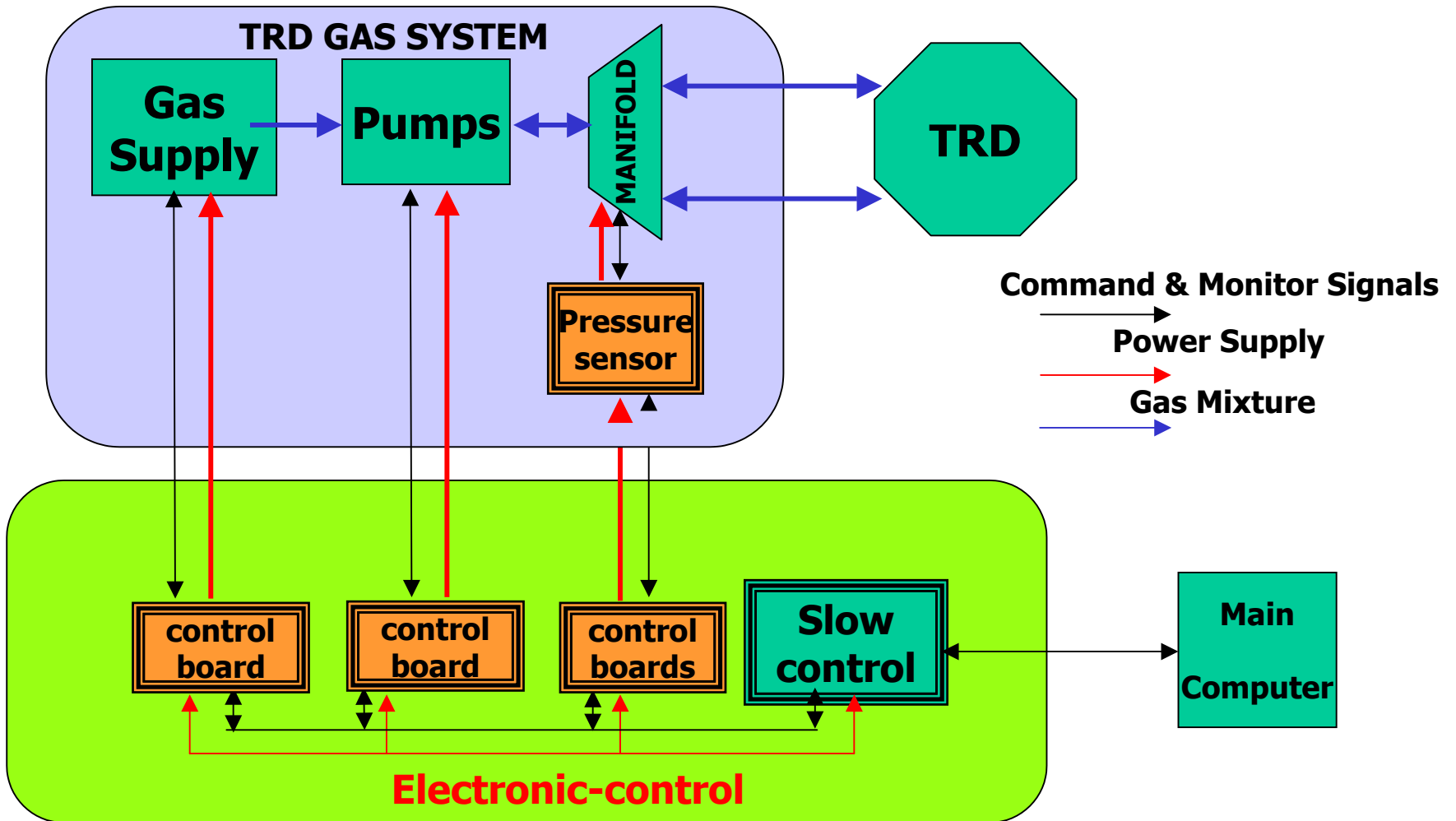
Mechanical precision $< 100\mu\text{m}$

Module lengths up to 2m

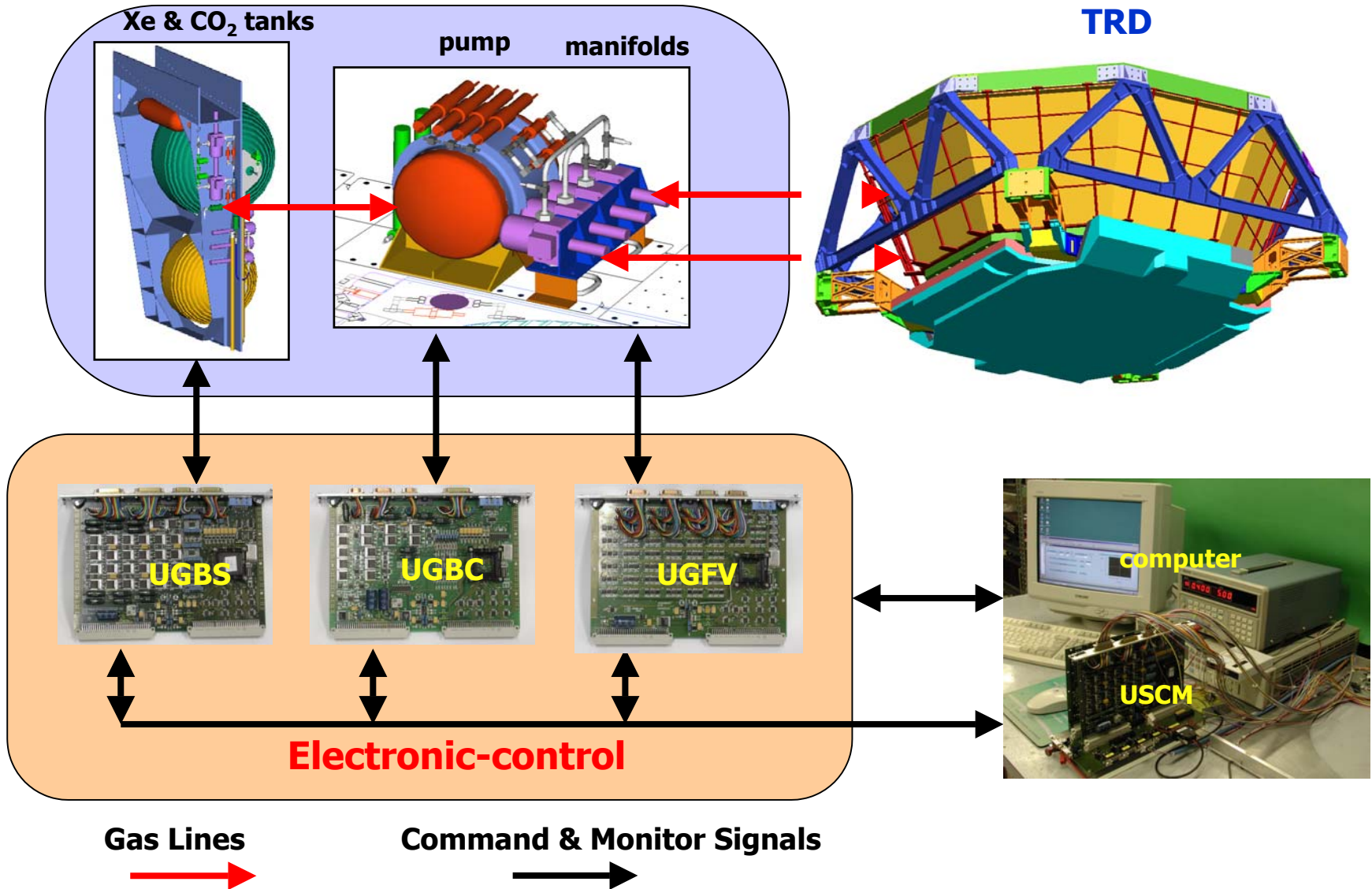


**TRD Support Structure made of CFC-Al honeycomb (2.1m x 0.70m, accuracy < 100 μ)
Also shown are two installed chambers: Total 328 = 5248 tubes**

AMS TRD GAS SYSTEM ELECTRONIC CONTROL

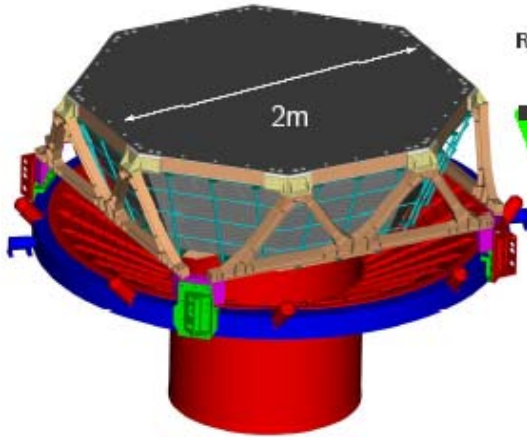


AMS TRD GAS SYSTEM ELECTRONIC CONTROL



Mechanical Structure

TRD Octagon Support



Octagon of aluminum honeycomb with carbon fiber walls

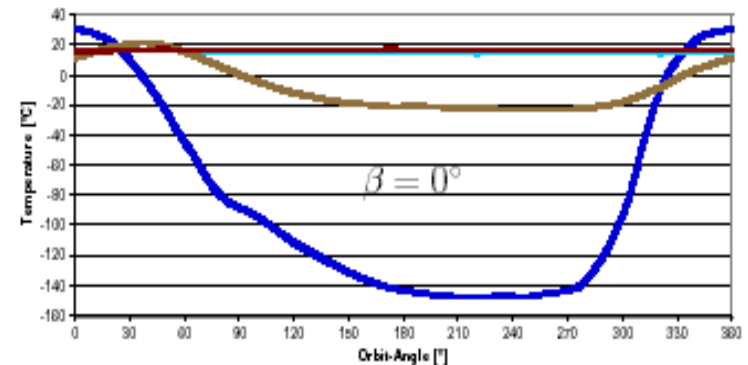
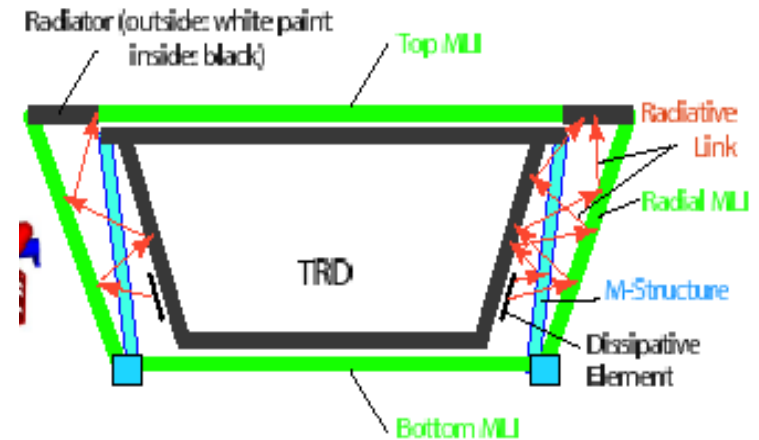
-Stable and light

-Dimensions: height 62.3 cm, \varnothing 201.8 cm (above)

-Weight: 207 kg (including external support)

-Thermal stability through multi-layer insulation (MLI)

Thermal Model

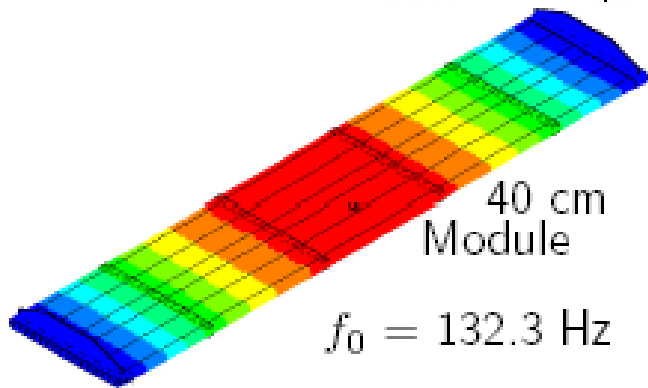
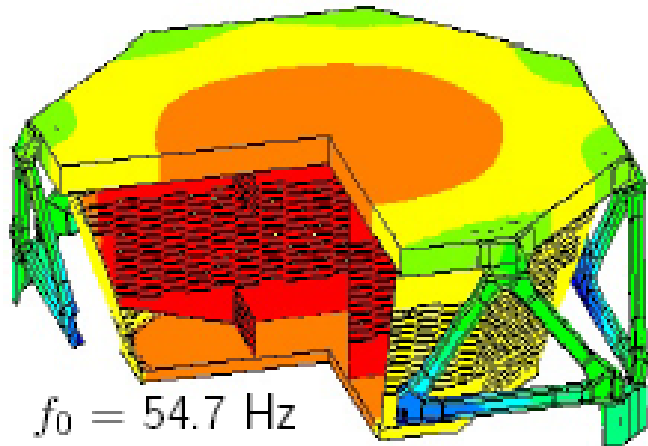


MLI Upper (outer) Upper (inner) Lower (outer) Lower (inner)

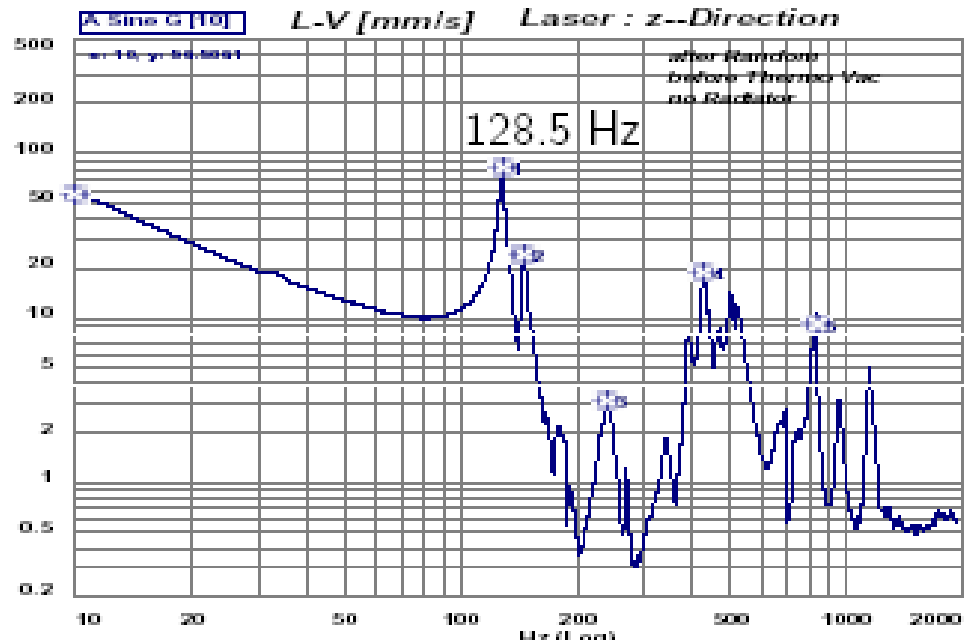
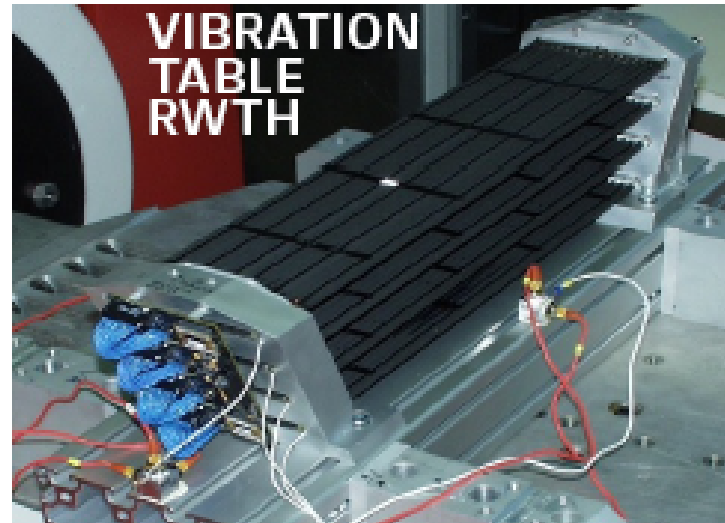
Other β : $+10C^\circ < T_{inner} < +25C^\circ$

Structural Verification

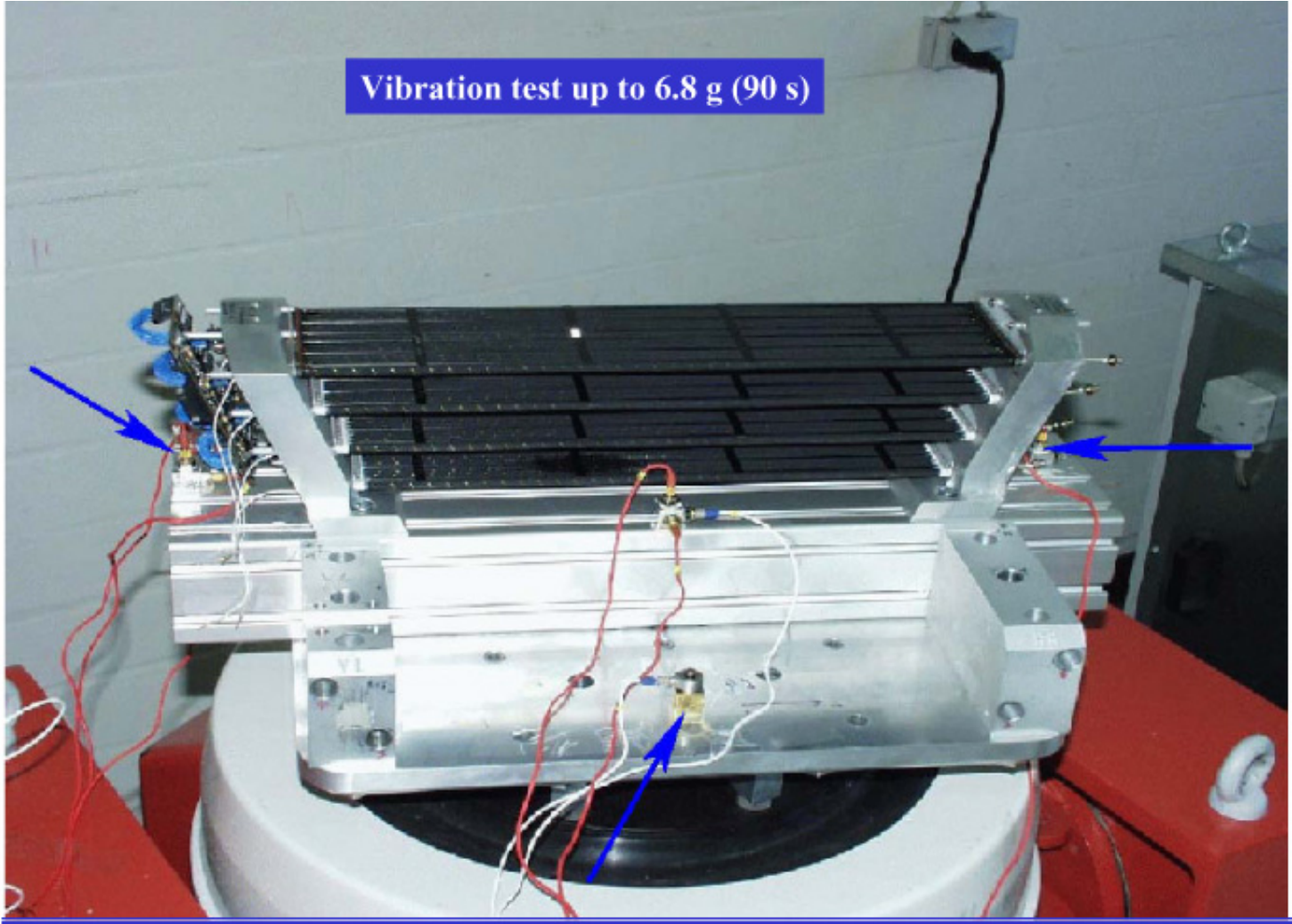
FEC sufficient for $f_0 > 50$ Hz



FEC coupled load modal analysis
Parameters from static measurements
Verify with component vibration tests



Vibration test up to 6.8 g (90 s)



Y02K248

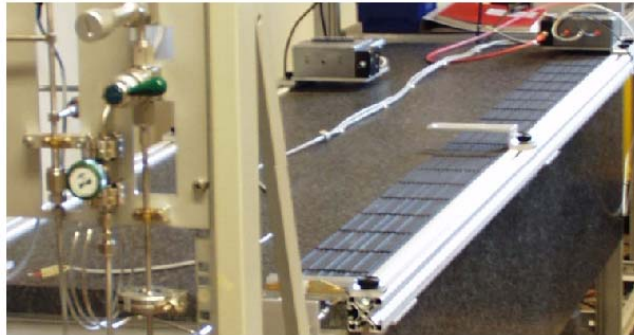
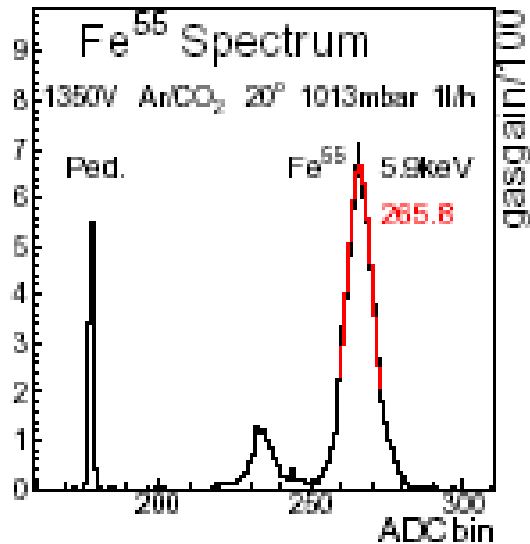


S. Schael
RWTH
Physics AC-I

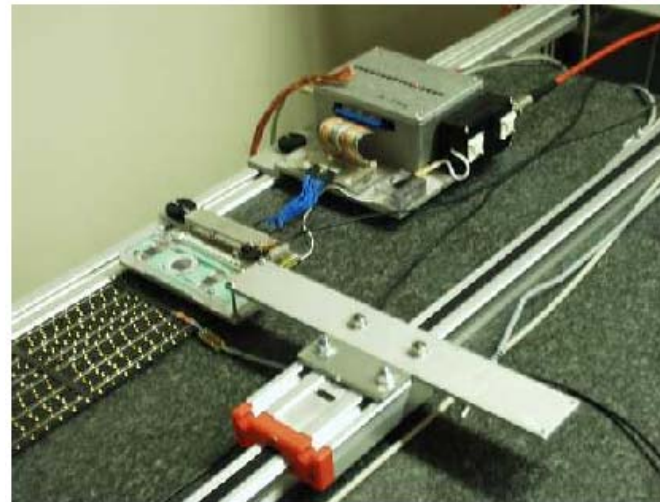
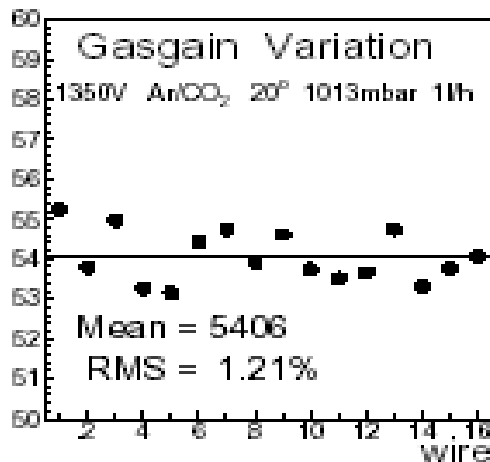


Gain Gas Measurement

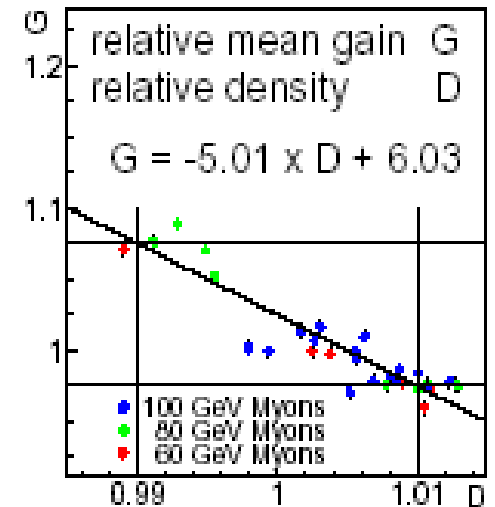
Laboratory



Gas gain precalibration
With Ar/CO₂

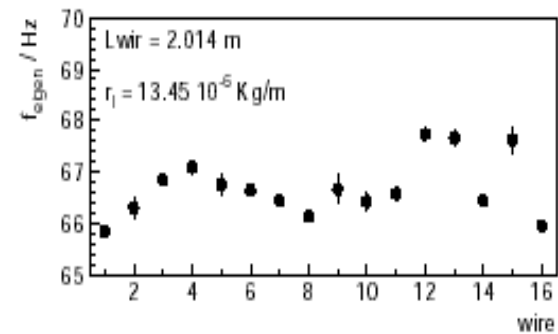
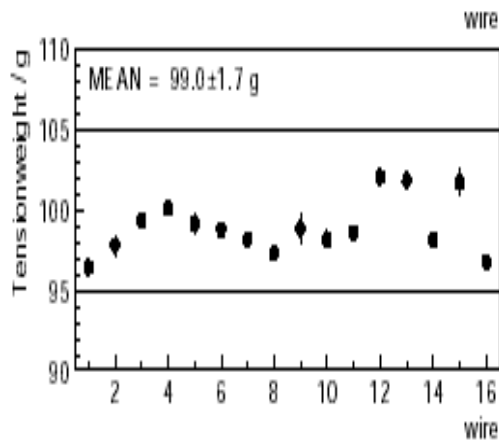
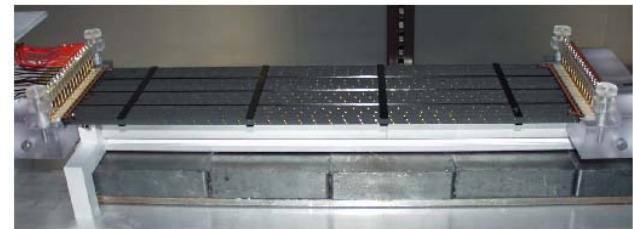


Test beam

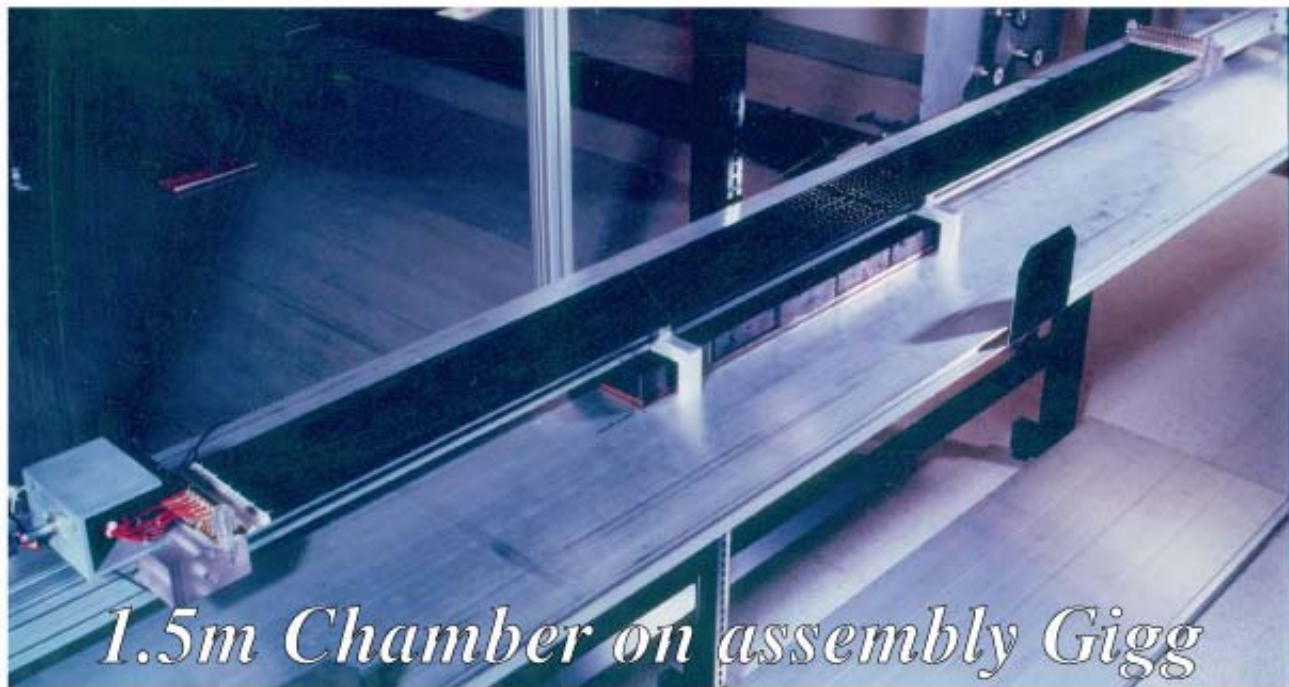
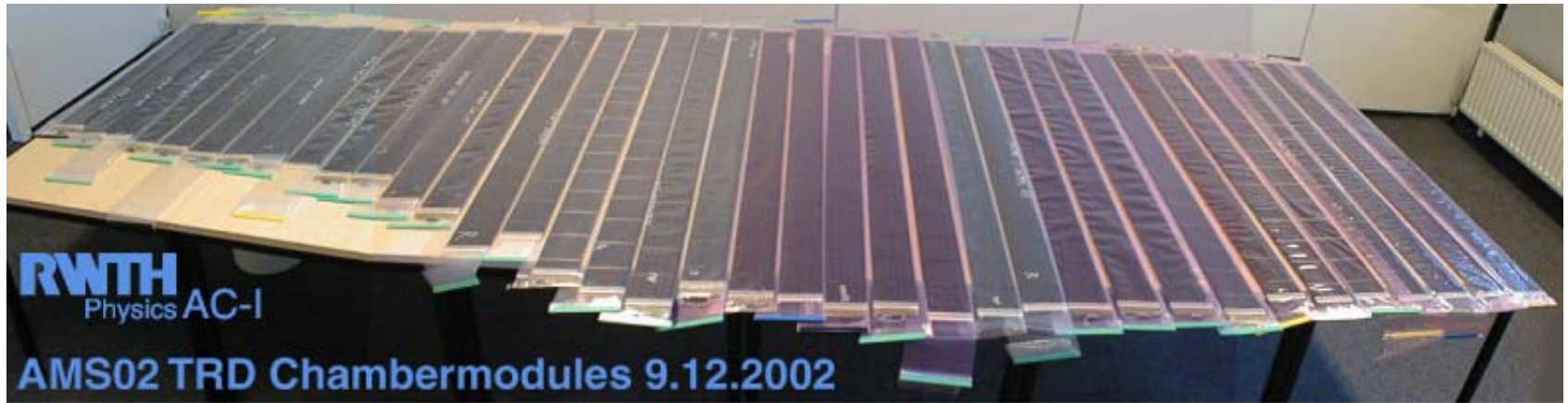


Wire Tensioning and Tension Measurement

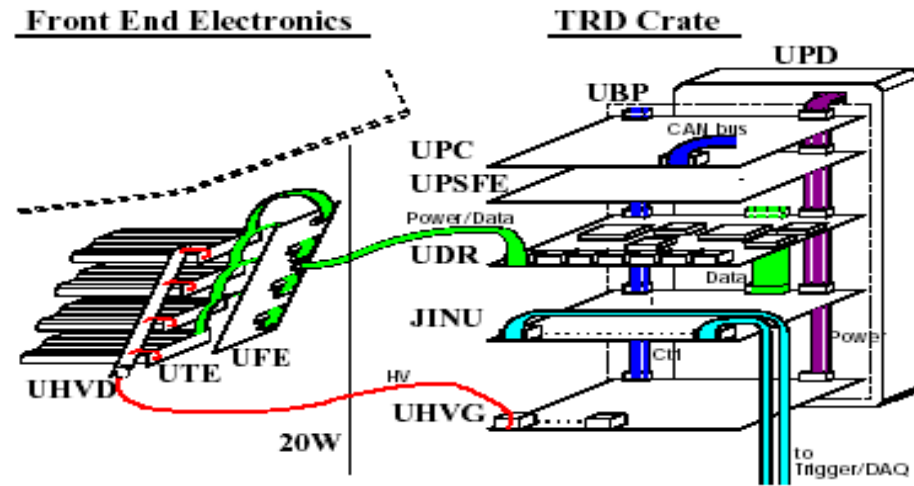
Requested wire tensioning measurements 100 ± 5 gr



First natural frequency f_0

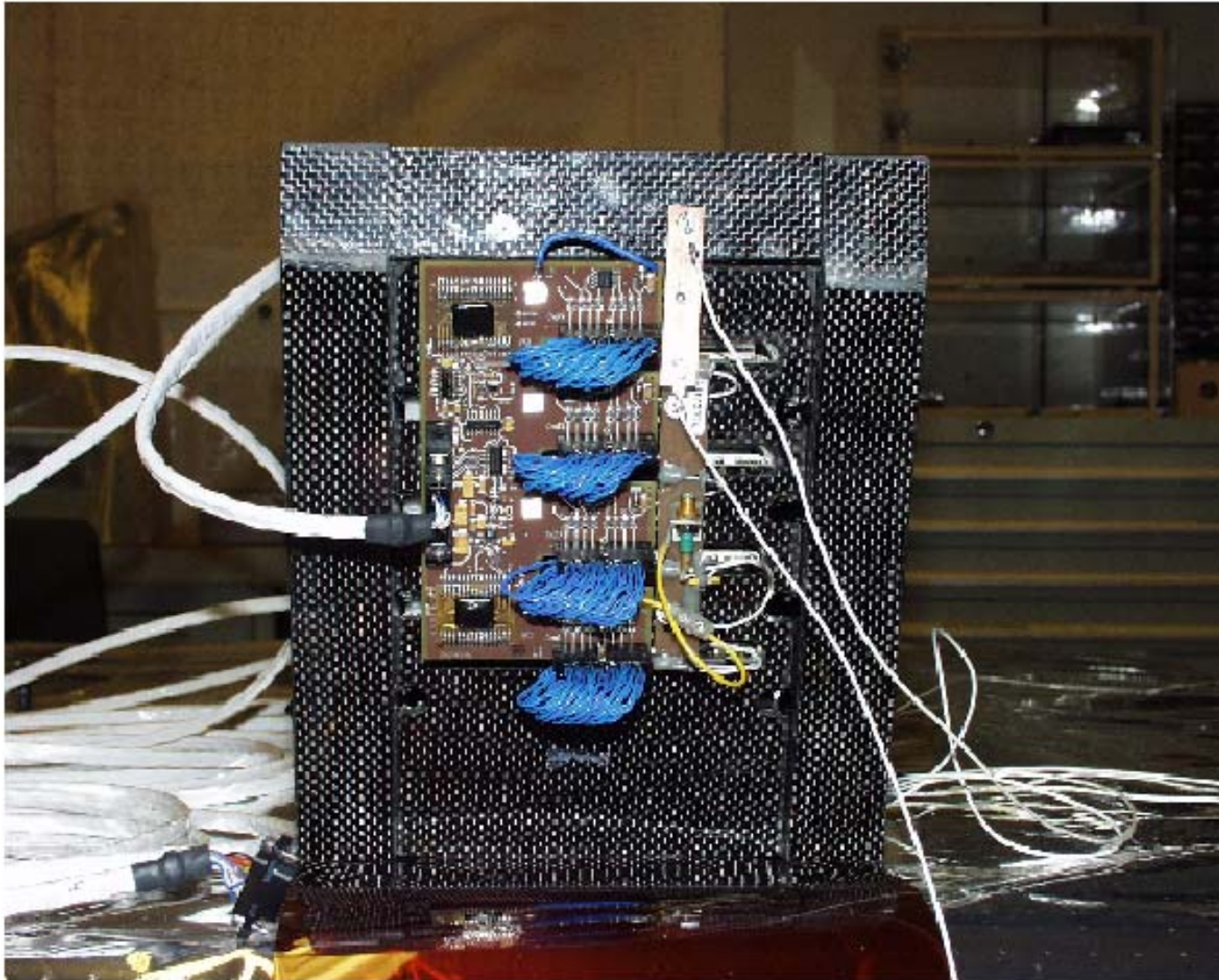


TRD Electronics

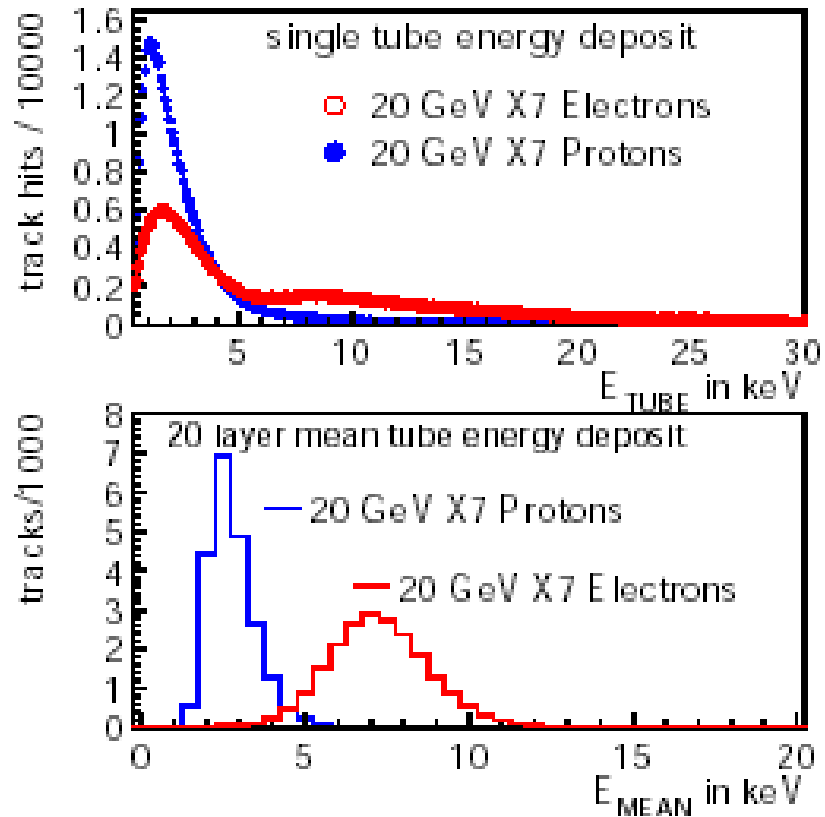


- 82 front-end units (FE), 2 crates (+ power supply)
- 5248 channels, double redundant throughout up to the front-end
- a 28V DC connection for each crate

Test Assembly of a Front Electronic



TRD Beamtest beam

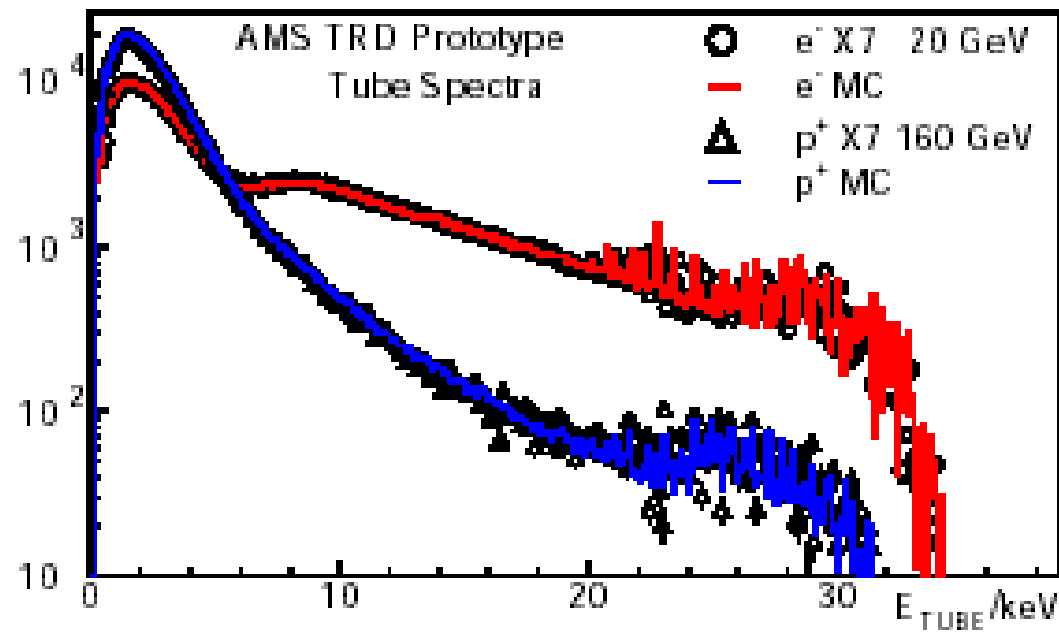


TRD Beamtest Proton Rejection for 90% Electron efficiency

Single track preselection
with MC 90% efficiency
 p^+/e^- likelihood separation
with

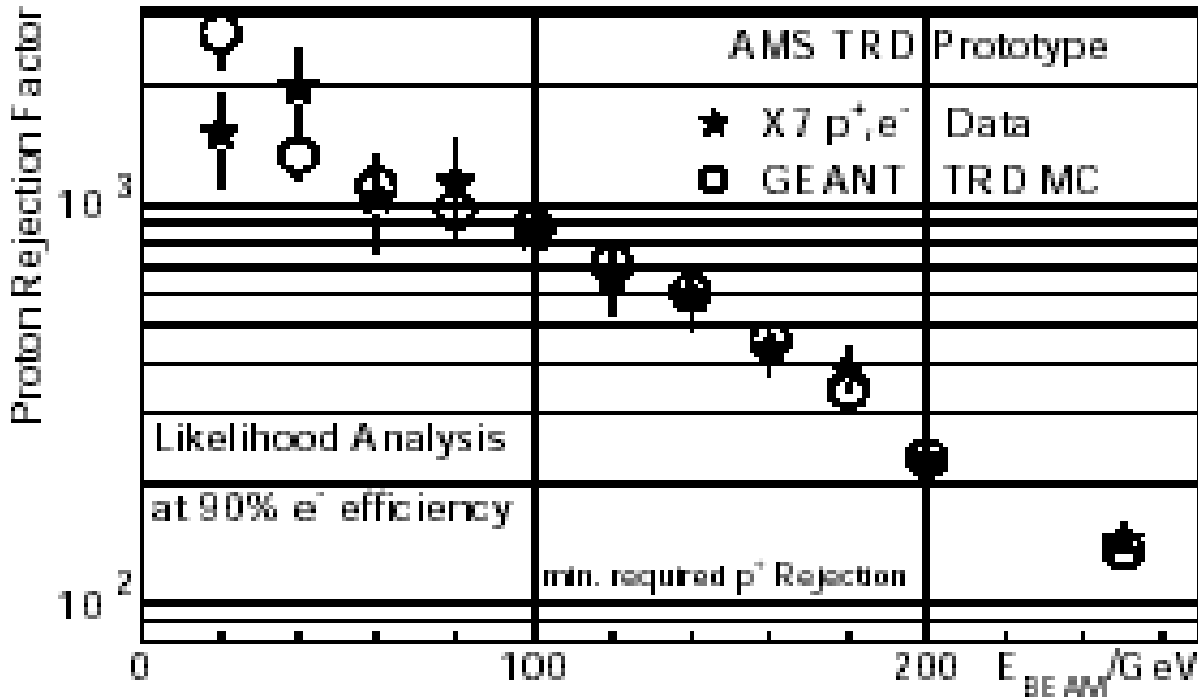
$$\mathcal{L} = \Pi p_e / (\Pi p_e + \Pi p_p)$$

p_e, p_p from single tube spectra



TRD Testbeam

20 layer
prototype
tested with
 e^- , μ^- , π^+ , p^+



1-P-109

Proton rejection $>10^2$

reached up to 250GeV with 90% electron efficiency

Conclusion

- Required proton rejection of $> 10^2$
for 250 GeV has been reached

-Quality of the design
(mechanical, electronic)

demonstrated through
calculations and tests.

-Limits kept for

- weight , power

- outgassing, leak tightness

