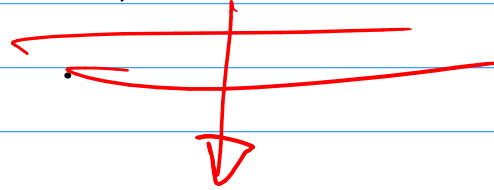


$$l_1 = x_1 = \underline{3,20} \text{ m} \quad \underline{3,20} \text{ m}$$

$$l_2 = x_2 = \underline{2,73} \text{ cm} \rightarrow \underline{0,0273} \text{ m}$$

$$x_1 + x_2$$

$$3,2273 \text{ m} \quad ??$$



$$3,23$$

$$A = l_1 \times l_2 = \underline{8,736} \cdot = 0,08736 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\rightarrow \underline{8,74} \text{ m}^2 = 0,0874 \text{ m}^2$$

!

$$8,74 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}^2 = 8736 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$874 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\equiv 87360 \text{ mm}^2 \quad ??$$

$$(874) \times 100 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\boxed{8,74 \times 10^4 \text{ mm}^2}$$

$$2 \times \ell$$

↑

Es sollte!

$$\pi \cdot R$$

↓

$$3,14$$

$$3,1416$$

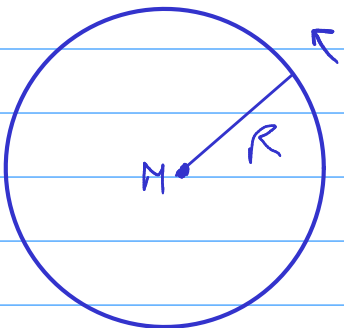
$$a = \omega^2 R$$

← in modulo!

$$= \left(\frac{2\pi}{T} \right)^2 \cdot R = \frac{(2\pi)^2}{T^2} \cdot R \cdot \frac{R}{R}$$

$$= \left(\frac{2\pi R}{T} \right)^2 \cdot \frac{1}{R}$$

$$= \frac{v^2}{R}$$

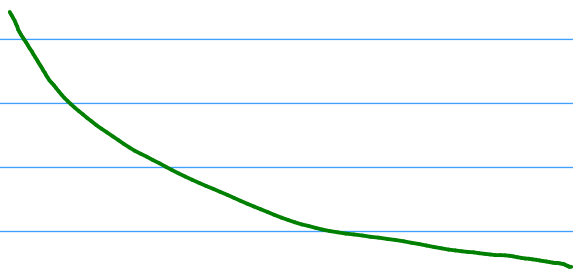


$$\cancel{M} \frac{v^2}{R} = \frac{GM}{R^2} \cancel{M}$$

$$v^2 = \frac{GM}{R}$$

$$v = \frac{\sqrt{GM}}{\sqrt{R}} \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{R}}$$

$$\left(\propto \sqrt{M} \right)$$



LANCIO DI OGGETTI

$$\vec{F} = (0, -mg)$$

$$g = 9,8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$\left(\frac{\text{m/s}}{\text{s}}\right)$

$$\vec{a} = \frac{\vec{F}}{m} = (a_x, a_y)$$

$$\vec{a} = (0, -g)$$

$$\vec{v}_0 = (v_{x_0}, v_{y_0})$$

A) $x: x_0 = 0, v_{x_0} = 0, a_x = 0 \Rightarrow x(t) = 0$

$(v_{x_0} = 0)$

$\checkmark t$

$$a_y = -g \quad \forall t \quad \checkmark \quad \checkmark$$

$$\Delta v_y \Big|_{t_1}^{t_2} = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} a_y(t) dt = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} (-g) dt$$

$$= -g t \Big|_{t_1}^{t_2}$$

$$= -g(t_2 - t_1)$$

$$\Delta v_y \Big|_0^t = \int_0^t a_y(t') dt'$$

$$\Delta v_y \Big|_0^t = -g(t - 0) = -g t$$

$$v_y(t) - \underline{v_y(0)} = -g t$$

$$v_y(t) = \underline{v_{y0}} - g t$$

$$v_y(t) = 0 \Rightarrow t = \frac{v_{y0}}{g}$$

$$x(t) = x\left(\frac{v_{y0}}{g}\right)$$

$$\Delta y \Big|_0^t = \int_0^t \underbrace{v_y(t')}_{dy} dt' = \int_0^t (v_{y_0} - g t') dt'$$

$$= \left(v_{y_0} \cdot t' - \frac{1}{2} g t'^2 \right) \Big|_0^t$$

$$= v_{y_0} t - \frac{1}{2} g t^2$$

$$y(t) - y(0)$$

$$y(t) - y_0 =$$

$$y(t) = y_0 + v_{y_0} \cdot t - \frac{1}{2} g t^2$$

$$v_{x_0} \neq 0 \quad \underline{\underline{> 0}}$$

$$(a_x = 0 \quad \checkmark)$$

$$v_x(t) = v_{x_0}$$

$$x(t) = x_0 + v_{x_0} \cdot t$$

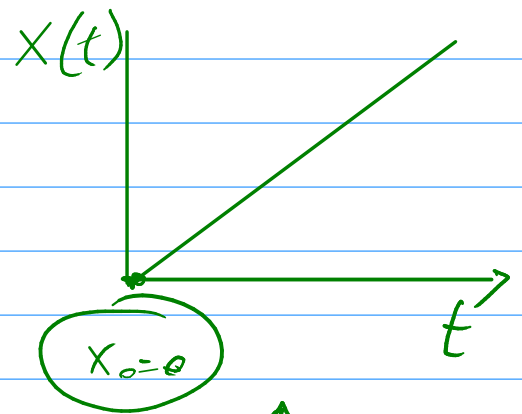


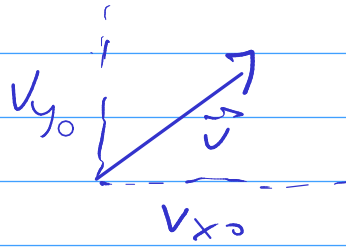
GRAFICO ORARIO

Eq. oraria:

Ergebnisse parametrisieren!

$$\begin{cases} x(t) \\ y(t) \end{cases}$$

$$\vec{v}_0 = (v_{x0}, v_{y0})$$



$$t = t(x)$$

$$\underline{y = y(x)} \quad \underline{t_0 \text{ re } t_0! a}$$